

# PAC system MSX-Box for the CompactPCI bus



- Open and transparent Programmable Automation Controller system
- With free development tools
- Live DVD based on open source programs
- Real-time measurement system

## PAC systems

### Programmable Automation Controller

PAC systems are mainly used for industrial measurement and control or regulation tasks as well as for motion control.

They execute several tasks simultaneously and in a deterministic way.

#### Core features of a PAC system:

- Compact and robust design
- Programmable
- Standard Ethernet (TCP/IP)
- CPU board as system controller
- Different I/O modules

## Set course for freedom

Experience with the MSX-Box-CPCI what freedom of decision-making really means:

- You select the components of your PAC system: The MSX-Box-CPCI is based only on reliable standard technologies like for example CompactPCI backplane. Freedom also means that you can use any of the numerous standard CompactPCI I/O boards.
- You decide, whether and when to update your operating system: Using the real-time operating system Linux with RTAI extension, no need to take care of updates. Save time and money!
- You have free access to the software down to the kernel source code: You can make extensive system adaptations and realize your own optimized measurement system.

## Boost your applications

Working with the MSX-Box-CPCI that fits to your needs will boost your measurement and control applications. The MSX-Box-CPCI is supplied with development tools: You can realize even very complex tasks quite easily.

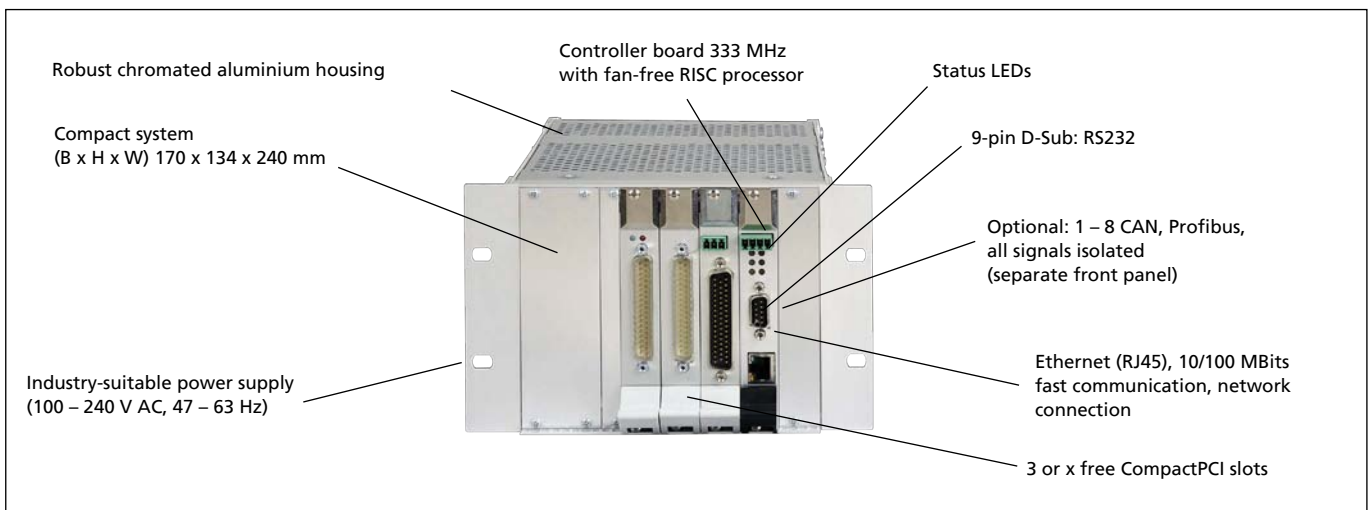
The most important advantage of a PAC system with such a transparent structure is that in case of emergency, you can react fast and efficiently.

Thanks to the long-term ADDI-DATA supply philosophy, you secure your investments for a long time.

Furthermore, the fact that the MSX-Box-CPCI is supplied with free development tools limits the purchase price for serial equipment.

### Experience today how to realize your applications of tomorrow:

[www.msx-box.com](http://www.msx-box.com)



## MSX-Box-CPCI-400

### CompactPCI controller board

RISC processor:	64-bit MIPS, no fan
Clock:	333 MHz
Memory:	16 MB Flash, 128 MB SDRAM, option up to 256 MB
Installed OS:	Embedded RTAI Linux
Standard interface:	D-Sub 9-pin: 1 x RS232
Safety features:	24 V reset input, H-active; Relay output, freely programmable, closing contact
Optional:	Additional front panel: D-Sub 25-pin: 1 – 8 CAN, Master/Slave, isolated D-Sub 9-pin: 1 x Profibus/Slave, isolated
Transfer rate:	10/100 Mbits

### Mains supply unit

Input voltage:	100 V – 240 V, AC, 47 – 63 Hz (other voltage on request)
Output voltage:	5 V (depending on the system)
Noise immunity:	Short circuit, overload, overvoltage
Connection:	Power cable, 2 m

### CompactPCI backplane with 4 CompactPCI slots

CompactPCI slots:	Total amount: 4 Reserved: 1 x CompactPCI controller board Free: for 3 additional CompactPCI boards
Specification:	PCI specification PICMG rev. 2.1. PICMG2.0 R3.0 CPCI Core Specification V I/O +5V

## MSX-Box-CPCI-xxxx

Same as MSX-Box-CPCI-400, but with a CompactPCI-Backplane with x slots, incl. x-1 free slots for CompactPCI boards

### Mains supply unit

Input voltage:	100 V – 240 V, AC, 47 – 63 Hz (other voltage on request)
Output voltage:	5 V, 3,3 V, ±12 V (depending on the system)
Noise immunity:	Short circuit, overload, overvoltage
Connection:	Power cable, 2 m

### CompactPCI backplane with x CompactPCI slots

Number of the CompactPCI slots according to requirements	Reserved: 1 x CompactPCI controller board, further slots free for CompactPCI boards
Specification:	PCI specification PICMG rev. 2.1. PICMG2.0 R3.0 CPCI Core Specification PICMG 2.6 Bridging Specification (according to requirements) V I/O +5V

## For MSX-Box-CPCI-400 and -xxxx

### Extensive software support

Free development tools (GNU compiler, Cygwin, samples in source code ...), Knoppix Live-DVD development environment.

### Housing

Material:	Chromated aluminium
Heat dissipation:	Through programmable fan
Temperature range:	0 – 60 °C
Temperature monitoring:	Configuration at delivery: 5 °C to 45 °C, min. and max. value programmable through software. The temperature value can be monitored. Resolution: 1 °C
Front openings:	for 3 CompactPCI boards and 1 bracket (MSX-Box-CPCI-400) for x CompactPCI boards and 1 bracket (MSX-Box-CPCI-xxxx)
Housing dimensions: (L x H x W)	170 x 134 x 240 mm (without fan) (MSX-Box-CPCI-400)
Weight:	approx. 2.5 kg (standard MSX-Box-CPCI-400 system)
Status display:	6 LEDs, incl. 4 freely programmable

### Optional accessories

Cable:	Ethernet patch cable 2 m, shielded, RJ45 connector (PC ↔ MSX-Box-CPCI)
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You will find a large range of adapted CompactPCI boards on [page 240](#)

## Ordering information

**MSX-Box-CPCI:** PAC system, incl. development tools (GNU compiler, Cygwin, source code samples, ...) and technical description

### Versions

- MSX-Box-CPCI-400:** 4 CompactPCI slots (incl. 1 slot reserved for the controller board; 3 free slots)  
**MSX-Box-CPCI-xxxx:** x CompactPCI slots (incl. 1 slot reserved for the controller board; x-1 free slot)

### Options

**MSX-256MB:** Memory extension up to 256 MB

**MSX-Basis:** Basic equipment for the options **MSX-CAN**, **MSX-Profibus**, **MSX RTSync**

**MSX-CAN-x:** 1/2/4/8 x CAN bus, master/slave, optically isolated, incl. FB-CPCI-CAN

**MSX-Profibus:** 1 x Profibus, slave

**FB-Profibus:** FB-CPCI-Profi (please order separately)

**MSX-RTSYNC:** for the synchronisation of several MSX-Boxes (with time stamp), incl. FB-CPCI-RTSync

**On request:** further housing dimensions

# INTELLIGENT ETHERNET SYSTEMS

## Measurement and control directly in the field



The intelligent Ethernet systems of the MSX-E series are especially suited for industrial measurement, control and regulation tasks directly at the measuring point. They are mounted in robust metal housings and comply with the degrees of protection IP67/IP 65/IP 40. Furthermore, they can be used in a temperature range from  $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  as they are equipped with many protective circuits. The Ethernet systems can be freely cascaded and synchronised in the  $\mu\text{s}$  range. Sensors can be connected directly to the measurement systems through screw connectors.

### HIGHLIGHTS

- Designed for use in the field
- ARM®9 processor for intelligent systems
- Stand-alone operating
- Easy configuration

### Driverless installation

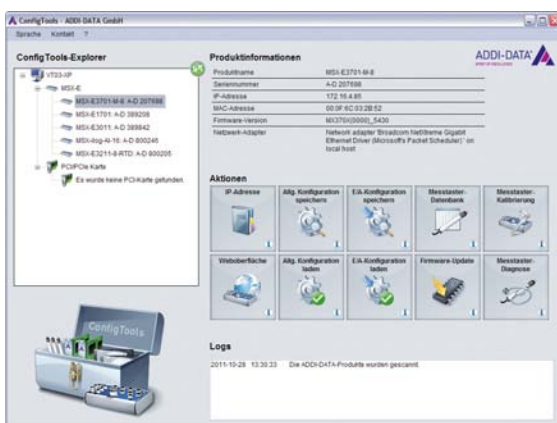
The installation of the MSX-E systems is fast and easy: After connecting the systems just click on „import web services“ in your compiler and enter the IP address of your MSX-E system. Then open the WSDL file, where all functionalities are described. After that you can access all system functionalities without driver installation. To get remote access to the system from a distant PC, each system has a SOAP server. The data transfer is realised with the network protocol HTTP.

### Direct administration via PLC

The MSX-E systems can relieve PLCs by taking over fast measurement tasks. To administrate the systems from a PLC, the Modbus TCP Client library is available which enables a direct parameterisation of the systems, the installation of the measurement processes like for example the choice of the acquisition mode, start and stop commands or trigger functionalities and the administration and reading-out of system information.

### Easy administration with ConfigTools

ConfigTools is a user-friendly tool with which all MSX-E systems in a network can be scanned and administrated and their status visualised. It is available for 32-bit and 64-bit Windows and Linux operating systems in German, English, French and Chinese.



### ConfigTools features

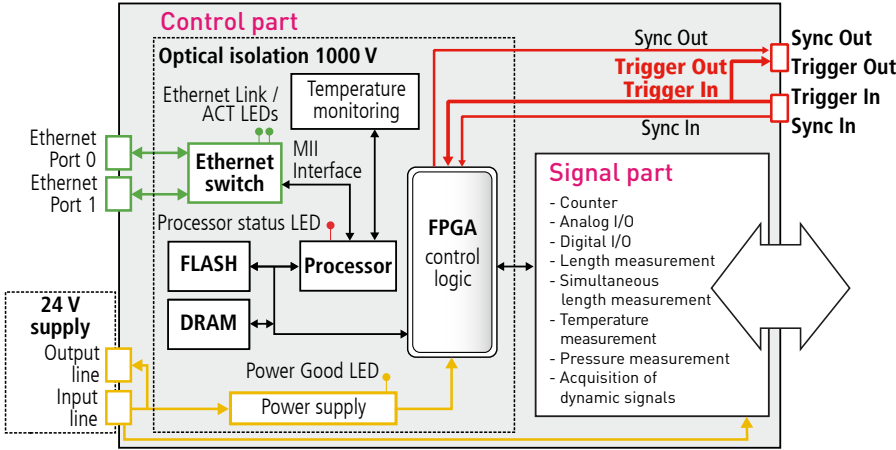
- Automatic scan of all MSX-E systems in a network
- Administration of the MSX-E systems: IP address, firmware version
- System-specific plug-ins: for example sensor calibration and visualisation
- Plug-Ins clickable / selectable via buttons: for example upload / save configuration, firmware update
- Possibility of customised plug-ins
- Changes that are made are logged
- A direct access to the website of the MSX-E systems is possible



# Measurement and control directly in the field

The MSX-E systems are organised in two parts:

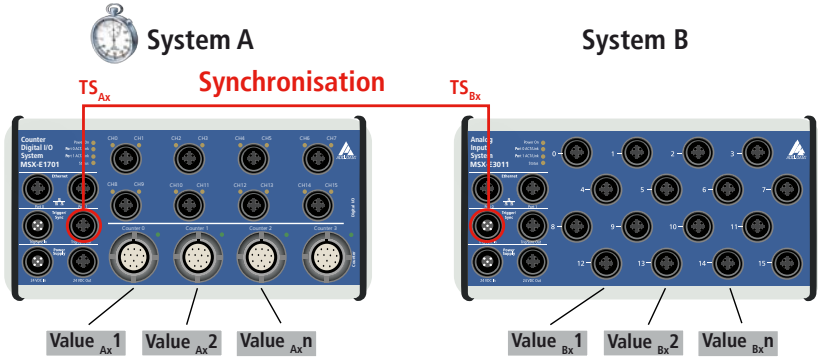
- The **control part** is common to all system types and allows a fast and reliable communication as well as signal processing.
- The **signal part** features the specific function of each system type: counter, digital I/O, analog I/O, length measurement etc.



## Time stamp

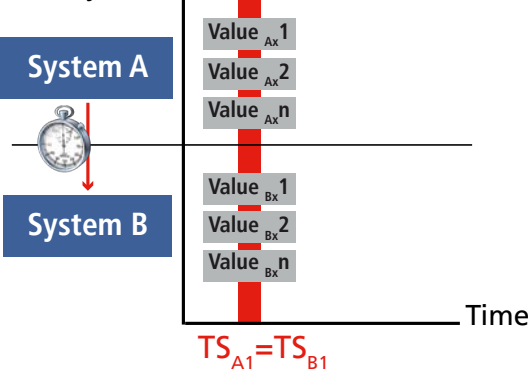
Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.

The combination of the **synchronisation** and **time stamp** allows a clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.

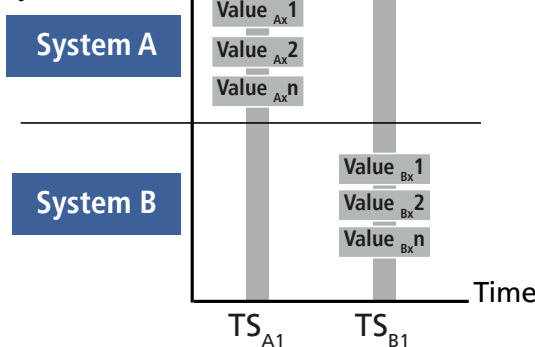


Without synchro:  $TS_{Ax} \neq TS_{Bx}$   
 With synchro:  $TS_{Ax} = TS_{Bx}$

### Acquisition with synchro



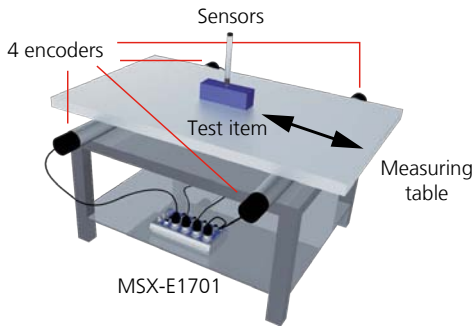
### Acquisition without synchro



## Intelligent Ethernet systems: Special functions

### Synchro timer

With the „synchro timer function“ you can choose whether a synchro trigger signal shall be generated and if yes define the frequency at which it shall be generated.



During the measurement of a test item the measuring table must move. To guarantee the parallelism of the axis there are two incremental encoders placed at each side of the table and connected to the counter system MSX-E1701. The cycle for the trigger which starts the acquisition is defined in the FPGA of the system. All counters are acquired simultaneously.

### Synchro trigger

With the synchro trigger line a MSX-E system that serves as a Master can start a simultaneous acquisition on several other MSX-E systems, generate trigger events and synchronise the time.

## Customisation

### Hardware combination

Each Ethernet system has its specific functionality and can be freely combined with the other system types. Through synchronisation and cascading the systems work together fast and reliably. Create your own system combination according to your requirements!

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.

### Event logic for digital I/O

With the event logic of the digital I/O Ethernet system MSX-E1516 status changes of the inputs and outputs can be detected and logged.

Advantages:

- The generated data set contains the time stamp as well as the event mask, i.e. which input or output has generated the event, and the status of all inputs and outputs.
- The data set can be read out for example in databases for statistical purposes or in operating and machine data logging for process control.
- The “polling” on the inputs is not necessary anymore.
- Status changes are also registered when there is no Ethernet connection. The according data sets (events) can be read out as soon as the Ethernet connection is available again.

See more examples on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Function generator with analog outputs

The analog output system MSX-E3511 can generate up to 8 different analog signal curves like for example trapezoid signals, sine curves or sawtooth curves. Thus for example real processes or measuring processes can be simulated and automatic test processes can be realised at test benches.

### Software tools

The MSX-E Ethernet systems come with a CD with samples for .NET, C, LabVIEW, etc. and technical descriptions. For applications that run in the development mode we provide you with a Live-DVD including numerous free development tools and a cross compiler for ARM. The Live-DVD is based on the Eclipse development environment and the Ubuntu distribution.

### Firmware adaptations

The functionalities of the MSX-E systems can be extended through a change in the firmware. Calculations like for example calculation of the average value, data conversion or digital filter etc. can be implemented.

### Our service: We develop your applications

Save time and resources without forgoing the advantages of a customised solution.

Describe us your requirements and we will take care of the programming..



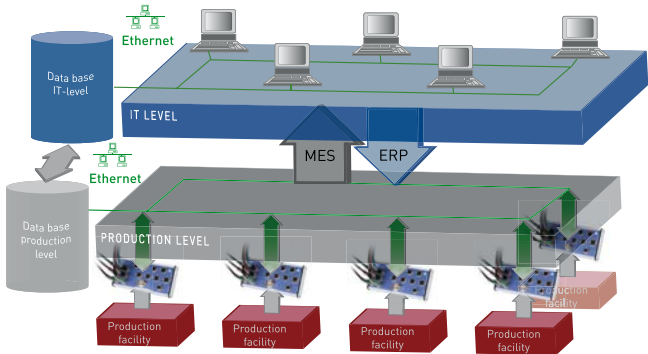
# Measurement, Control, Regulation.

Discover the wide range of applications of the intelligent Ethernet systems!

## Process optimisation and monitoring

The intelligent Ethernet systems MSX-E allow the direct connection to MES and ERP systems. The MSX-E systems acquire data directly at the measuring point, convert raw data into physical values and transfer them via the company network into the MES systems on the IT level.

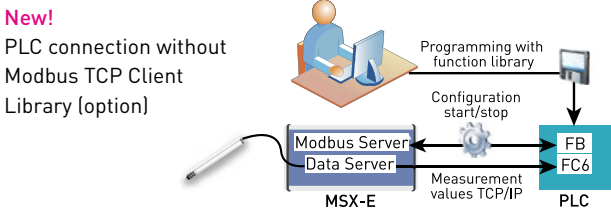
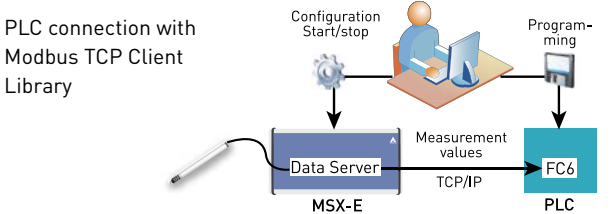
Thanks to their integrated intelligence, the MSX-E systems can, in stand-alone operating mode, transfer measurement values, i.e. „meaningful“ data and not raw data, directly to the MES.



## Extend the functionality range of PLCs with MSX-E systems

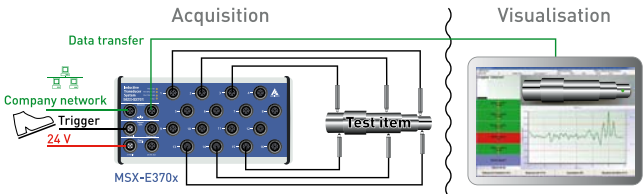
The MSX-E systems can be connected via Ethernet directly to a PLC and thus significantly extend its functionality. The actual measurement task is parameterised and stored on the systems via the website. With the autostart function, the systems load the measurement settings after booting and execute them independently, which makes additional programming unnecessary. The PLC accesses the data and stores it in a data block.

**New!** The Ethernet systems of the MSX-E series can now be managed directly from a PLC by means of a library. Frames enable the PLC to directly parameterise the MSX-E systems, to read system information and to start or stop measurements.



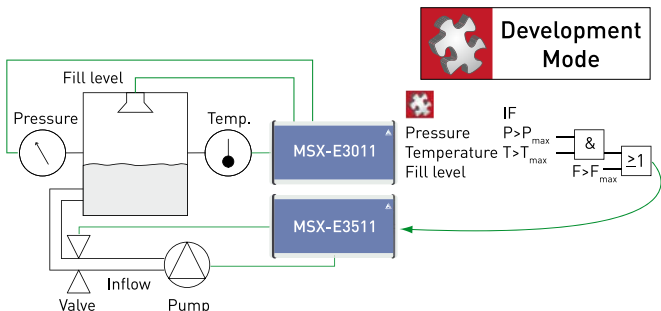
## Data measurement and visualisation

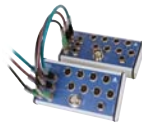
For the visualisation of data acquired via the intelligent Ethernet systems MSX-E, ADDI-DATA offers two solutions: the software procella® by Q-DAS and SPC.kompakt by ProNES. There is no need for programming a connection to the hardware. The values acquired are directly recorded and displayed by procella® or SPC.kompakt. The graphical display allows the operator to distinguish fast and reliably between “good” and “incorrect” parts.



## Stand-alone applications

The MSX-E systems feature a Development Mode which allows to realise and execute applications directly on the MSX-E systems. The MSX-E systems can access other MSX-E systems or any other Ethernet hardware through the Ethernet switch. The connection via standard Ethernet allows to realise complex distributed measurement and control tasks on site, close to the test item. Such stand-alone applications would be suitable for fill level monitoring and regulation tasks.





# Overview of the Ethernet systems

	Digital I/O, 24 V		Multifunction counter					Analog I/O		Analog input			Analog output		Temperature measurement
	MSX-E1516	MSX-E1516-NPN	MSX-E1701	MSX-E1711	MSX-E1721	New! MSX-E1731	New! MSX-E1741-1VPP	MSX-E3121	New! MSX-E3122	MSX-E3011	MSX-E3021	MSX-E3027	MSX-E3511	New! MSX-E3511-C	MSX-E3211
Intelligent through ARM®9 technology	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ethernet	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Optical isolation 1000 V	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
1 x trigger input / 1 x synchro input / time synchronisation	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Compare logic generates synchro trigger signal			✓	✓		on request	on request	on request		on request	on request				on request
Timer function generates synchro trigger signal	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cascading	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Degree of protection	IP 65		IP 65	IP 65	IP 65	IP 65	IP 65	IP 65		IP 65	IP 67	IP 65	IP 65	IP 65	IP 65
Temperature range from -40 °C to +85 °C (Internal temperature of the system)	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Dimensions (mm)	215 x 110 x 50		215 x 110 x 54	215 x 110 x 54	215 x 110 x 54	215 x 110 x 50	215 x 110 x 54	260 x 140 x 50		215 x 110 x 50		154 x 110 x 54	154 x 110 x 54	215 x 138 x 50	
<b>Digital I/O, 24 V / 5 V, status LEDs</b>	16 / 5		16	16	16	16	16	32							
Event logic	✓														
Input filter configuration through software	✓														
M12 female connector, 5-pin (for 2 inputs or outputs)	8		8	8	8	8	8	1 x 37-pin, D-Sub							
<b>Multifunction counter</b>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓								
Incremental counter inputs (A, B, C, D Signals) M23 female connector			4 x 12-pin												
Sin/Cos counter inputs (A, B, C signals), M23 female connector				4 x 12-pin 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	4 x 9-pin 11 μA <sub>pp</sub>		✓								
EnDat 2.2-inputs, M12 female connector						4 x 8-pin									
5 V inputs, RS422, 24 V inputs (opt.)			✓			✓									
Max. input frequency			5 MHz	250 kHz		4.5 MHz clock speed	250 kHz								
<b>Analog input (channels)</b>							3 diff.	6 diff.		4 x 4, diff.					16/8 diff.
Resolution							24-bit	24-bit		16-bit					24-bit
Type							V / A	V / A		V / A					Thermo couples / RTD
Connector							63 x M12 female 5-pin	6 x M12 female 5-pin		16 x M12 female 5-pin					8 x M12 female 8-pin
Simultaneous acquisition										up to 4 channels					8 channels
Throughput								up to 100 kHz		up to 100 kHz					up to 788 Hz
Input ranges							± 10 V, ± 1 V, ± 100 mV, ± 10 mV, 0-10 V, 0-1 V, 0-100 mV, 0-10 mV	± 10 V, ± 1 V, ± 100 mV, ± 10 mV, 0-10 V, 0-1 V, 0-100 mV, 0-10 mV		± 5 V, ± 10 V, 0-5 V, 0-10 V					
Current inputs (PC-Diff option): 0(4)-20 mA							✓	✓		✓					
<b>Analog output, 16-Bit</b>								4					8		
M12 female connector								2 x 4-pin					8 x 5-pin		
Output voltage: 0-10 V, ± 10 V								✓					✓		
Current outputs: 0-20 mA								✓					✓		
<b>Length measurement</b>															
Number of transducers (Half-Bridge, LVDT, Mahr)															
5-pin M18 female connector															
Simultaneous acquisition															
Temperature input for Pt100															
Page	36		40	40	44	48	72	76	52	64	68	80	80	84	
Software	Current driver list on the web: <a href="http://www.addi-data.com">www.addi-data.com</a>														



## Common specifications for all MSX-E systems

Pressure measurement	Force distance measurement		Acquisition of dynamic signals	Length measurement				Protocol interpreter	
	MSX-E3311	New! MSX-E3017		New! MSX-E3317	MSX-E3601	MSX-E3711	MSX-E3701		MSX-E3700
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
on request	on request	on request		✓				on request	on request
✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
IP 65	IP 65	IP 65	IP 65	IP 65	IP 65	IP 40	IP 65	IP 65	IP 65
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
215 x 138 x 50	on request	on request	215 x 110 x 50	215 x 110 x 54	215 x 110 x 50	215 x 110 x 39	260 x 110 x 50	215 x 138 x 50	
							32		
									✓
									1 x 37-pin, D-Sub
	✓	✓							
	✓	✓		1 x 12-pin					Serial: RS232, RS422, RS485, 20 mA CL
	✓	✓							
				✓					
	on request	on request		5 MHz					
16/8 diff.			8 SE, diff., ICP						
24-bit	16-bit	24-bit	24-bit						
Strain gauges	V / A	Strain gauges	V / A / ICP						
8 x M12 female 8-pin	3 x M12 female 5-pin	3 x M12 female 8-pin	8 x BNC						
8 channels	3 channels	8 channels	up to 8 channels						
up to 1 kHz	up to 100 kHz	up to 788 kHz	up to 128 kHz						
	± 5 V, ± 10 V, 0-5 V, 0-10 V		± 5 V, ± 10 V						
	✓		✓						
					24-bit	24-bit	24-bit	24-bit	
					8	4 / 8 / 16	4 / 8 / 16	16 only HB and LVDT	
					8	4 / 8 / 16	4 / 8 / 16	16	
					✓				
					✓				
88	56	60	92	96	100	100	106	110	

### Voltage supply

Nominal voltage:	24 V $\overline{=}$
Supply voltage:	18-30 V
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Reverse voltage protection:	1 A max. (except MSX-E3711)

### Connectors

24 VDC input	1 x 5-pin M12 male connector (except MSX-E3700)
24 VDC output	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector (except MSX-E3700)

### Ethernet

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to IEEE802.3 specification	
Number of ports:	2	
Cable length:	150 m	max. at CAT5E UTP
Bandwidth:	10 Mbps	auto-negotiation
	100 Mbps	auto-negotiation
Protocol:	10Base-T	IEEE802.3 compliant
	100Base-TX	IEEE802.3 compliant
Optical isolation:	1000 V	
MAC address:	00:0F:6C:##:##:##, unique for each device	

### Connectors

Ethernet:	2 x 4-pin female connector, D-coded M12 for Port 0 and Port 1 (except MSX-E3700)
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### Trigger

Number of inputs:	1 trigger input
Number of outputs:	1 trigger output
Filters/protective circuit:	Low-pass/transorb diode
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Nominal voltage:	24 V external
Input voltage:	0 to 30 V
Input current:	11 mA at 24 VDC, typical
Input frequency (max.):	2 MHz at 24 V

### Connectors, common with synchro

Trigger input:	1 x 5-pin M12 male connector (except MSX-E3700)
Trigger output:	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector (except MSX-E3700)

### Synchro

Number of inputs:	1
Number of outputs:	1
Max. cable length:	20 m
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Signal type:	RS422

### Connectors, common with trigger

Synchro input:	1 x 5-pin M12 male connector (except MSX-E3700)
Synchro output:	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector (except MSX-E3700)

### EMC - Electromagnetic compatibility

The product complies with the European EMC directive. The tests were carried out by a certified EMC laboratory in accordance with the norm from the EN 61326 series (IEC 61326). The limit values as set out by the European EMC directive for an industrial environment are complied with. The respective EMC test report is available on request.

### DatabaseConnect

#### Database connection

**DatabaseConnect** is an easy-to-use database interface software which does not require any programming skills. DatabaseConnect stores measurement data which has been acquired through MSX-E Ethernet systems directly into databases via standard Ethernet. System requirements and other important product information see the datasheet on page 114.



# Accessories for the Ethernet systems

## Cables and connectors












		Digital I/O, 24 V	Multifunction counter		
		MSX-E1516 MSX-E1516-NPN	MSX-E1701 MSX-E1711 MSX-E1721	New! MSX-E1731	New! MSX-E1741
<b>Cables: Temperature range from -25 °C to +80 °C, bent cables and special length on request</b>					
	<b>Voltage supply:</b> Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65 <b>CMX-20</b> (1.5 m), <b>CMX-21</b> (3 m), <b>CMX-22</b> (5 m), <b>CMX-23</b> (10 m), <b>CMX-29</b> (length on request)	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>Voltage supply – Cascading:</b> Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector, IP 65 <b>CMX-38</b> (0.6 m), <b>CMX-30</b> (1 m), <b>CMX-31</b> (3 m), <b>CMX-32</b> (5 m), <b>CMX-39_0,3</b> (0.3 m), <b>CMX-39</b> (length on request)	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>Trigger/Synchro:</b> Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65 <b>CMX-40</b> (1.5 m), <b>CMX-41</b> (3 m), <b>CMX-42</b> (5 m), <b>CMX-43</b> (10 m), <b>CMX-49</b> (length on request)	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>Trigger/Synchro – Cascading:</b> Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector, IP 65 <b>CMX-58</b> (0.6 m), <b>CMX-50</b> (1 m), <b>CMX-51</b> (3 m), <b>CMX-52</b> (5 m), <b>CMX-59_0,3</b> (0.3 m), <b>CMX-59</b> (length on request)	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>Ethernet:</b> CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector <b>CMX-60</b> (2 m), <b>CMX-61</b> (5 m), <b>CMX-62</b> (10 m), <b>CMX-69</b> (length on request)	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>Ethernet – Cascading:</b> CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector <b>CMX-78</b> (1 m), <b>CMX-70</b> (2 m), <b>CMX-71</b> (5 m), <b>CMX-72</b> (10 m), <b>CMX-79_0,3</b> (0,3 m), <b>CMX-79</b> (length on request)	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>Connecting peripheral equipment:</b> Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65 <b>CMX-80</b> (1.5 m), <b>CMX-81</b> (3 m), <b>CMX-83</b> (10 m), <b>CMX-89</b> (length on request)	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>Connecting peripheral equipment:</b> Shielded cable, M12 8-pin male connector/open end, IP 65 <b>CMX-9x</b> (length on request)			✓	✓
<b>Connectors</b>					
	<b>SC-M12:</b> M12 5-pin connector for connecting open end cables	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>SC-M12-8:</b> M12 8-pin connector for connecting open end cables				
	<b>SC-M12-8-TC:</b> M12 8-pin connector for connecting thermocouples with integrated cold junction compensation (CJC)				
	<b>SC-M12-ABGW:</b> M12 5-pin 90° bent connector for connecting open end cables	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>SC-M12-BU-ABGW:</b> M12 5-pin 90° bent female connector for connecting open end cables	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>SC-M12-8-ABGW:</b> M12 8-pin 90° bent connector for connecting open end cables				
	<b>SC-M12-Y-M12:</b> 5-pin Y-splitter cable with M12 connector to 2 x M12 female connectors	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>SC-M23:</b> M23 12-pin connector for the direct connection of shaft encoders, gauges, and digital transducers		✓ not for MSX-E1721		✓



Analog I/O		Analog input		Analog output		Force distance measurement		Temperature measurement	Pressure measurement	Acquisition of dynamic signals	Length measurement				Protocol interpreter
MSX-E3121	New! MSX-E3122	MSX-E3011 MSX-E3021	MSX-E3027	MSX-E3511	New! MSX-E3511-C	New! MSX-E3017	New! MSX-E3317	MSX-E3211	MSX-E3311	MSX-E3601	MSX-E3711	MSX-E3701	MSX-E3700	MSX-E3701-DIO	MSX-E7511
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓						✓	
✓	✓						✓	✓	✓						
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
							✓	✓ (RTD)	✓						
								✓ (TC)			✓ MSX-E-3711-TC				
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
						✓	✓	not suitable for TC	✓						
✓	✓														
						✓	✓				✓				

# Accessories for the Ethernet systems

## Clips and mounting components

		Digital I/O, 24 V	Multifunction counter		
		MSX-E1516 MSX-E1516-NPN	MSX-E1701 MSX-E1711 MSX-E1721	New! MSX-E1731	New! MSX-E1741
<b>Screw connector binders for voltage supply: 3-pin binder, 5.08 mm grid</b>					
	<b>SMX-10</b> 1-row screw connector, included in the delivery content				
	<b>SMX-11</b> 2-row screw connector				
	<b>SMX-12</b> 2-row spring-cage connector with double link				
<b>Screw connector binders for trigger/synchro</b>					
	<b>SMX-20</b> 3-pin binders, 5.08 mm grid, included in the delivery content				
<b>Options / Mounting</b>					
	<b>MX-Clip</b> 2 clips for DIN-rail mounting or for direct mounting on units	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>MX-Rail</b> Assembly equipment for DIN-rail mounting. <i>Please specify when ordering!</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>MX-Screw</b> Assembly equipment for direct mounting on machines	✓	✓	✓	✓
<b>Options / Protection caps</b>					
	<b>PCM-X-10:</b> 5 x protection caps for M12 connector (4 x female, 1 x male)	✓	✓	✓	✓
	<b>PCM-X-11:</b> 10 x protection caps for M18 connector				
	<b>PCM-X-12:</b> 1 protection cap for M23 connector		✓		✓
	<b>PCM-X-13:</b> 10 x protection caps for M12 connector	✓	✓	✓	✓



Analog I/O		Analog input		Analog output		Force distance measurement		Temperature measurement	Pressure measurement	Acquisition of dynamic signals	Length measurement				Protocol interpreter	
MSX-E3121	New! MSX-E3122	MSX-E3011	MSX-E3021	MSX-E3027	MSX-E3511	New! MSX-E3511-C	New! MSX-E3017	New! MSX-E3317	MSX-E3211	MSX-E3311	MSX-E3601	MSX-E3711	MSX-E3701	MSX-E3700	MSX-E3701-DIO	MSX-E7511
														✓		
														✓		
														✓		
														✓		
		✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
												✓	✓	✓	✓	
							✓	✓				✓				
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							

# Ethernet digital I/O system

## 16 digital I/O, 24 V, with event logic

**New!\***  
MSX-E 1516-NPN



### MSX-E1516 / MSX-E1516-NPN

16 digital I/O, 24 V, status LEDs

Configurable inputs and outputs

Event logic for the inputs and outputs

24 V digital trigger input

M12 connectors



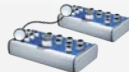
Integrated Ethernet switch



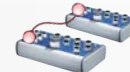
\*Operating temperature



ARM<sup>9</sup> Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



Timer function for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect see page 114



More information on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation 1000 V
- Overtemperature and reverse voltage protection
- Internal temperature monitoring
- Filters on all inputs (software-programmable)
- Short-circuit protection
- Overvoltage protection 30 V
- Electronic fuse

### Digital I/O

- 8 x 2 digital lines, 24 V, which can be parameterised as pairs of inputs or outputs
- Shutdown logic
- Watchdog for resetting the outputs to "0"
- At Power-On the outputs are set to "0"
- Electronic fuse
- Dual LED for each 24 V digital I/O with direction indication

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

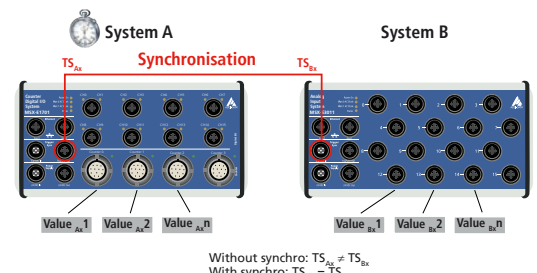
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

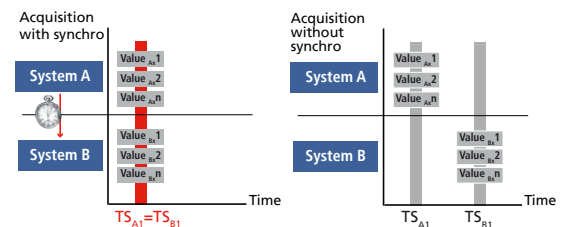
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.



### NOTE

#### NPN

While most sensors when activated will output a 24V signal (PNP sensors), a NPN sensor when activated switches to ground.

The switching to ground of NPN sensors can be read by the MSX-E1516-NPN system.

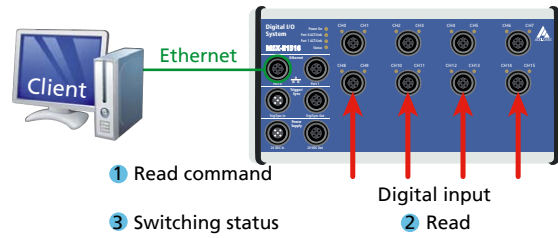


## Acquisition modes

Acquisition modes – There are 2 different possibilities for reading the digital inputs.

### 1. Asynchronous acquisition

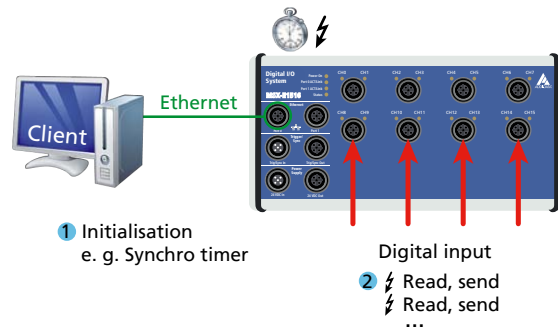
With the asynchronous acquisition, the digital inputs can be read out via SOAP or Modbus function. For each function call, the values of one channel are transmitted.



### 2. Synchronous acquisition

With the synchronous acquisition, the inputs are first initialised and then the acquisition is parameterised. The acquisition runs automatically depending from a trigger source.

Either the 24V trigger input or a synchro trigger can be used as trigger source.



### Synchro latch

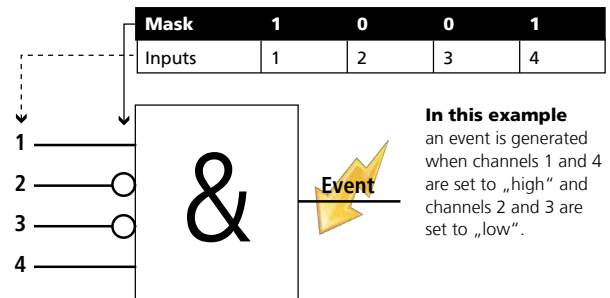
A periodic acquisition of the digital inputs is possible using the synchro timer (synchro latch). Several MSX-E systems (of same or different types) can be combined through synchro trigger. With the synchronous acquisition, as soon as there are measurement values available, they are sent to the clients via socket connection.

### Event logic

The event logic of the MSX-E1516 can be used to detect a change of edge on the digital inputs (e.g. to show that 1 unit has been produced, or that the machine runs or stands still).

This information (time stamp + event mask) is stored on the data server of the MSX-E1516 and can be read through a socket connection.

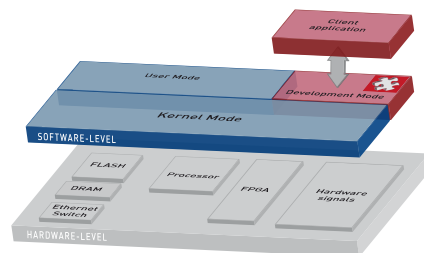
The information can be read either through an application written for this purpose or by using the DatabaseConnect software. DatabaseConnect writes the information in a database and can then evaluate it.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



## Safety

### Watchdog

The MSX-E1516 Ethernet system has a 16-bit watchdog which can be programmed in 3 time units ( $\mu$ s, ms, s). The watchdog is used for automatically resetting the digital outputs to 0 V after a defined time in order e.g. to switch off actuators if an error has occurred.

\* Preliminary product information

### ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

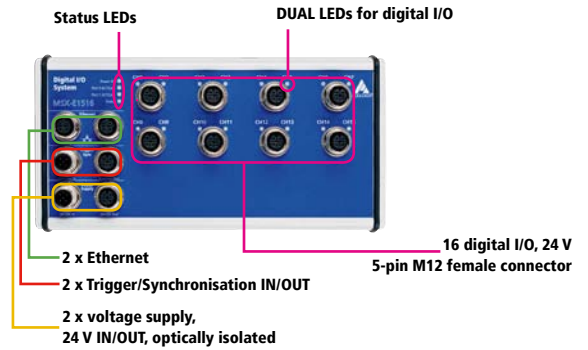
#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E1516 / MSX-E1516-NPN:

- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration

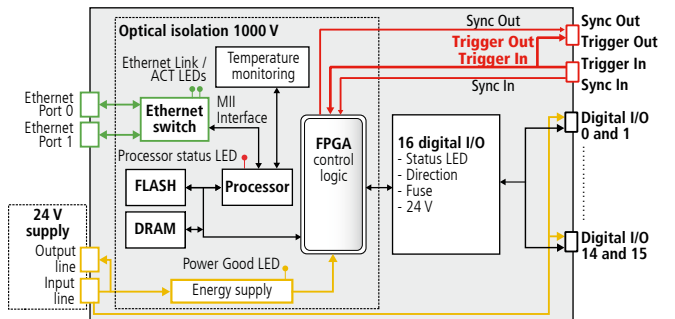
Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.



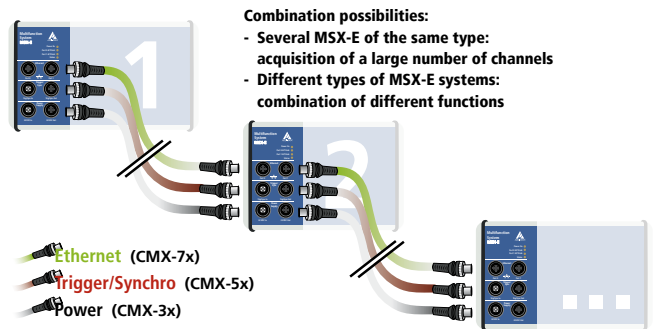
### Features



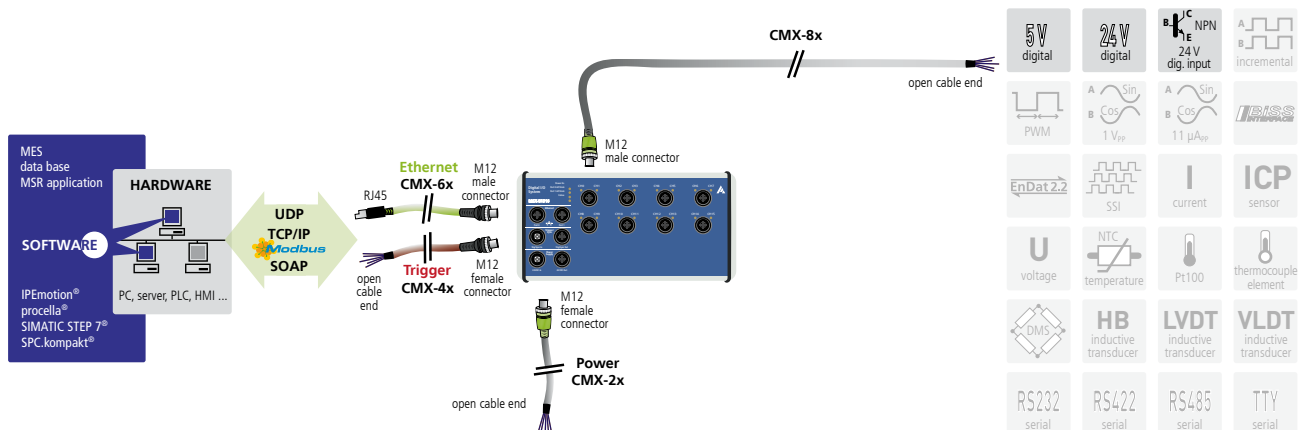
### Simplified block diagram



### Cascading



### ADDI-DATA connection technology



\* Preliminary product information



## Specifications\*

### Digital inputs

Number of inputs:	16, 2 per M12 female connector Common ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Overvoltage protection:	30 V
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Nominal voltage:	24 VDC
Input voltage:	0 to 30 V
Input impedance:	> 1 M $\Omega$
Logic input levels:	UH (max) 30 V typ. UH (min) 18 V typ. UL (max) 16 V typ. UL (min) 0 V typ.

### Digital outputs

Number of outputs:	16, 2 per M12 female connector
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Output type:	High-side, load to ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Nominal voltage:	24 V
Voltage supply:	18 V-30 V
Current (max.):	1.85 A typ. for 8 channels through PTC at 20°C
Output current per channel:	500 mA max. Short-circuit current per output 1.7 A max Shut-down logic at 24 V, $R_{load} = 10\text{ m}\Omega$
RDS ON Resistance:	280 m $\Omega$ max.
Switch-on time:	100 $\mu$ s max RL = 48 $\Omega$ of 80 % $V_{out}$
Switch-off time:	150 $\mu$ s max RL = 48 $\Omega$ of 10 % $V_{out}$
Overtemperature (shutdown):	135°C max. (output driver)
Temperature hysteresis:	15°C typ. (output driver)
Diagnostics:	Common diagnostics bit for all 16 channels at overtemperature of one channel

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions:	215 mm x 110 mm x 50 mm
Weight:	900 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption at 24 V:	160 mA
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to +85 °C
<b>Connectors for sensors</b>	
For digital I/O:	8 x 5-pin M12 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E1516 / MSX-E1516-NPN

Ethernet digital I/O system, 16 digital I/O, 24 V, with event logic. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

#### Versions

<b>MSX-E1516:</b>	16 digital I/O, 24 V
<b>MSX-E1516-NPN:</b>	16 digital inputs, 24 V (NPN)

#### Connection cables

##### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

##### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

##### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

##### Connection to peripherals

**CMX-8x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65

##### Options

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:** Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V

**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (please specify when ordering!),

**MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**

\*Preliminary product information



# Ethernet multifunction counter system

## 4 counter inputs (incremental, sin/cos), 16 digital I/O, 24 V



MSX-E1701 / MSX-E1711 / MSX-E1721

4 incremental counter inputs  
or 8 PWM outputs (MSX-E1701)

4 sin/cos counter inputs 1 V<sub>pp</sub> (MSX-E1711),  
11 μA<sub>pp</sub> (MSX-E1721) with A, B, C (index) signals

16 digital I/O, 24 V, status LEDs

Configurable inputs and outputs

24 V digital trigger input

M12 and M23 connectors



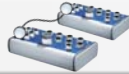
Integrated Ethernet switch



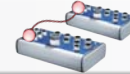
\*Operating temperature



ARM<sup>9</sup> Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the μs range



Timer function or compare logic for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect see page 114



More information on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation • Input filters

### Counter

- 4 x 32-bit incremental counter inputs (MSX-E1701), max. 5 MHz, or 8 x PWM outputs, can be configured through firmware
- 4 x 32-bit sin/cos counter inputs with 1V<sub>pp</sub> (MSX-E1711) or 11 μA<sub>pp</sub> (MSX-E1721), 250 kHz
- Voltage supply of the sensors through M23 female connector (24 V or 5 V)
- Single, double, quadruple edge analysis (MSX-E1701)
- Compare logic
- Status LEDs for incremental counter inputs

### Digital I/O

- 8 x 2 digital lines, 24 V, which can be parameterised as pairs of inputs or outputs
- Shutdown logic
- Watchdog for resetting the outputs to "0"
- At Power-On the outputs are set to "0"
- Electronic fuse
- Dual LED for each 24 V digital I/O with direction indication

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

### Communication interfaces

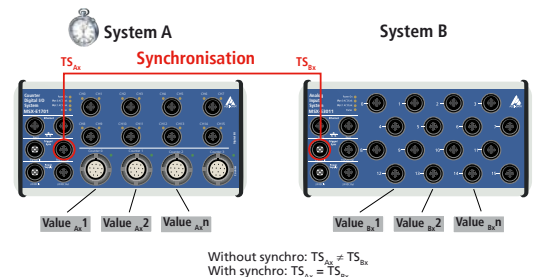
- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)

- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

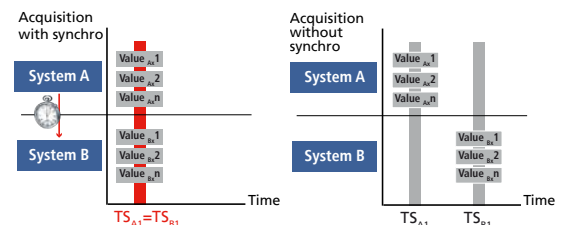
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the μs range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.



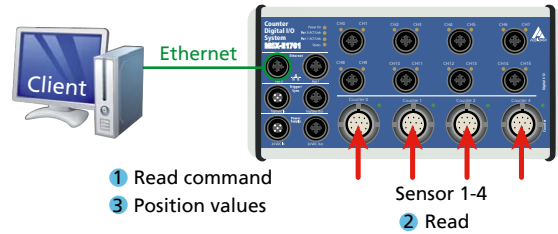


## Acquisition modes

**Acquisition modes** – There are 2 different possibilities for reading the counter inputs.

### 1. Asynchronous acquisition

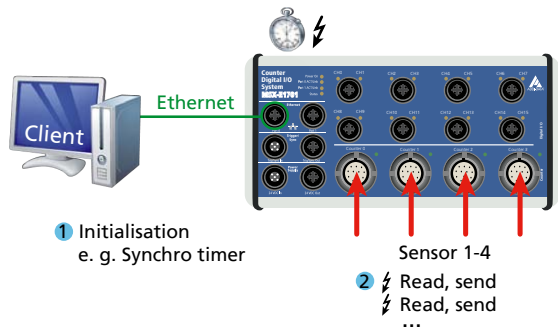
With the asynchronous acquisition, the counter inputs can be read out via SOAP or Modbus function. For each function call, the values of one channel are transmitted.



### 2. Synchronous acquisition

With the synchronous acquisition, the inputs are first initialised and then the acquisition is parameterised. The acquisition runs automatically depending from a trigger source.

Either the 24V trigger input or a synchro trigger can be used as trigger source.



### Synchro latch

A periodic acquisition of the counter inputs is possible using the synchro timer (synchro latch). Several MSX-E systems (of same or different types) can be combined through synchro trigger. With the synchronous acquisition, as soon as there are measurement values available, they are sent to the clients via socket connection.

### Compare logic

With the compare logic, a synchro-trigger signal can be generated in order to latch the counter value as soon as the counter value is equal to the compare value.

With the additional „Modulo-Mode“ (Modulo Compare), a trigger can also be generated at the n value of the compare value.

Thus it is possible, e. g. when using an encoder with 3,600 steps / revolution to obtain each degree of a measurement value (Modulo Compare = 10).

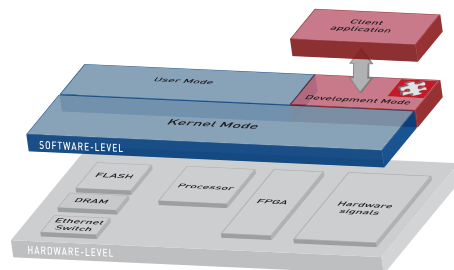
The thus generated synchro-trigger can also be used for data acquisition on further MSX-E systems.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



## Safety

### Watchdog

The MSX-E17x1 Ethernet system has a 16-bit watchdog which can be programmed in 3 time units ( $\mu$ s, ms, s). The watchdog is used for automatically resetting the digital outputs to 0 V after a defined time in order e. g. to switch off actuators if an error has occurred.

### ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

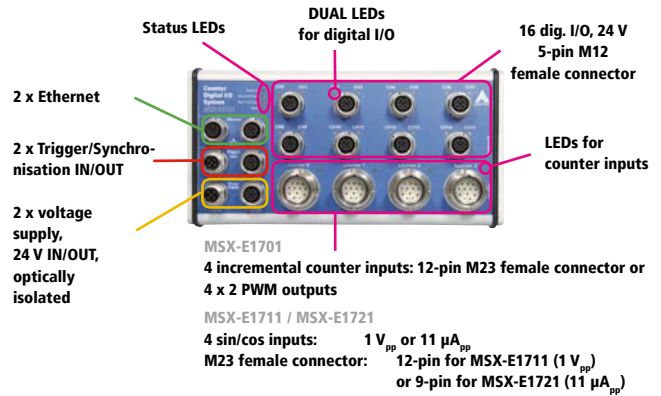
#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E1701 / MSX-E1711 / MSX-E1721:

- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration

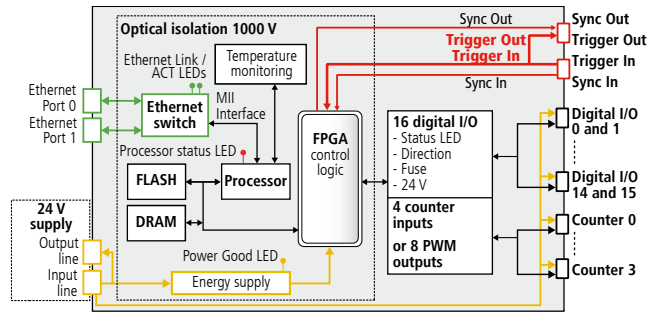
Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.



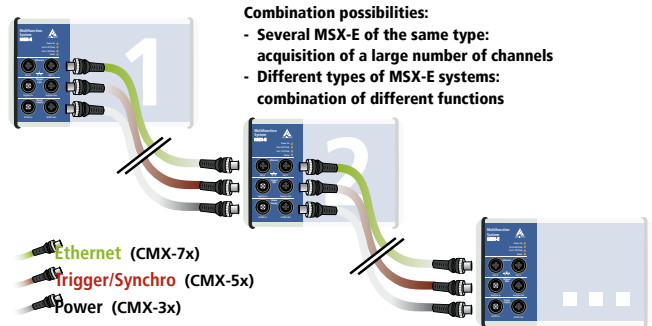
### Features



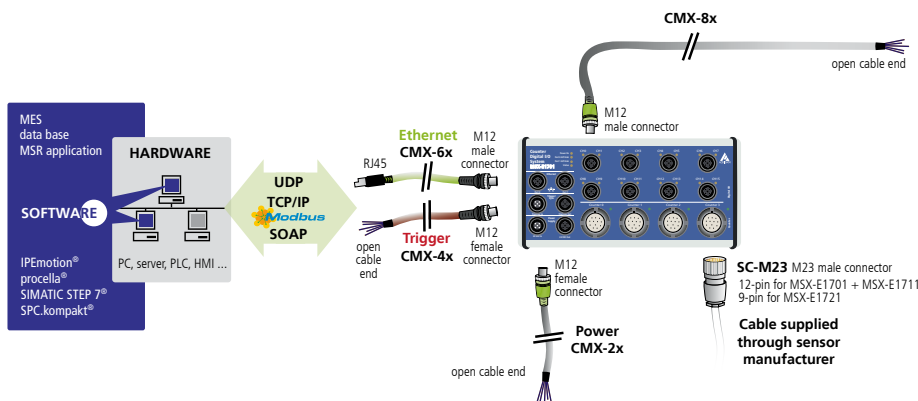
### Simplified block diagram



### Cascading



### ADDI-DATA connection technology



5V digital	24V digital	I <sup>C</sup> NPN 24V dig. input	A B incremental
PWM	A Sin 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	A Sin 11 μA <sub>pp</sub>	IMSS
EnDat 2.2	SS1	I current	ICP sensor
U voltage	NTC temperature	Pt100	thermocouple element
DMS	HB inductive transducer	LVDI inductive transducer	VLDI inductive transducer
RS232 serial	RS422 serial	RS485 serial	TTY serial

## Specifications

### Incremental counter inputs (MSX-E1701)

Number of inputs: 4 x incremental counters each with A, B, C and D signals

#### 5 V inputs (MSX-E1701 version)

Differential inputs: Complies with the EIA standards RS422A  
 Input type: Differential or TTL (with reference voltage)  
 Common mode range: +12 / -7 V  
 Input sensitivity: ± 200 mV  
 Input hysteresis: 50 mV typ.  
 Input impedance: 12 kΩ min.  
 Max. input frequency: 5 MHz  
 „Open Circuit Fail Safe Receiver Design“  
 ESD protection: Up to ±15 kV

#### 24 V inputs (MSX-E1701-24 version)

For 24 V encoders. Only 24 V signals can be connected.  
 Nominal voltage: 24 VDC  
 Max. input frequency: 1 MHz at nominal voltage  
 Input impedance: > 1 MΩ  
 Logic input levels:  
     UH (max): 30 V typ.  
     UH (min): 18 V typ.  
     UL (max): 16 V typ.  
     UL (min): 0 V typ.  
 Voltage supply: Incremental encoder selectable, 5 V or 24 V, max. 500 mA

### PWM outputs (MSX-E1701)

Number of outputs: 8  
 Differential I/O: Complies with the EIA standards RS422A  
 Output type: Differential  
 Common mode range: +12 / -7 V  
 Input sensitivity: ± 200 mV  
 Input hysteresis: 50 mV typ.  
 Input impedance: 12 kΩ min.  
 Time base: 250 ns, 1 μs, 1 ms, 1 s  
 Min. pulse duration: 250 ns  
 Max. output rate: n: number of pulses (Duty Cycle), n ≥ 2  

$$f = \frac{1}{n \cdot \text{time base}}$$

Examples (time base = 250 ns):

#### Duty Cycle 50%

1 high pulse, 1 low pulse, n=2

$$f = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 250 \text{ ns}} = 2 \text{ MHz}$$

#### Duty Cycle 66%

2 high pulses, 1 low pulse, n=3

$$f = \frac{1}{3 \cdot 250 \text{ ns}} = 1.33 \text{ MHz}$$

Voltage supply: 5 V or 24 V, max. 500 mA

### Sin/cos counter inputs (MSX-E1711, MSX-E1721)

Number of inputs: 4 x sin/cos counter inputs each with A, B, C and D signals  
 Resolution: 32-bit  
 Differential inputs:  
     - 1 V<sub>pp</sub> (MSX-E1711)  
     - 11 μA<sub>pp</sub> (MSX-E1721)

Interpolation factor: Up to 8192  
 Max. input frequency: max. 250 kHz (at min. interpolation), on request  
 ESD protection: 2 kV

### Digital inputs

Number of inputs: max. 16, 2 per M12 female connector, common ground acc. to IEC 1131-2  
 Overvoltage protection: 30 V  
 Optical isolation: 1000 V through opto-couplers  
 Nominal voltage: 24 VDC  
 Input voltage: 0 to 30 V  
 Input impedance: > 1 MΩ  
 Logic input levels:  
     UH (max): 30 V typ. UH (min): 18 V typ.  
     UL (max): 16 V typ. UL (min): 0 V typ.

### Digital outputs

Number of outputs: max. 16, 2 per M12 female connector  
 Optical isolation: 1000 V through opto-couplers  
 Output type: High-side, load to ground acc. to IEC 1131-2  
 Nominal voltage: 24 V  
 Voltage supply: 18 V-30 V  
 Current (max.): 1.85 A typ. for 8 channels through PTC  
 Output current / output: 500 mA max.  
 Short-circuit current / output: 1.7 A max., shut-down logic at 24 V, R<sub>load</sub> = 10 mΩ  
 RDS ON resistance: 280 mΩ max.  
 Switch-on time: 100 μs, max. RL = 48 Ω from 80 % V<sub>out</sub>  
 Switch-off time: 150 μs, max. RL = 48 Ω from 10 % V<sub>out</sub>  
 Overtemperature (shutdown): 135°C max. (output driver)  
 Temperature hysteresis: 15°C typ. (output driver)  
 Diagnostics: Common diagnostics bit for all 16 channels at overtemperature of one channel

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface: Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3  
 Dimensions (mm): 215 x 110 x 54  
 Weight: 900 g  
 Degree of protection: IP 65  
 Current consumption at 24 V: 150 mA without load  
 Operating temperature: -40 °C to +85 °C

### Connectors for sensors

Digital I/O: 8 x 5-pin M12 female connector  
 Incremental counter inputs: 4 x 12-pin M23 female connector  
 Sin/cos counter input 1 V<sub>ss</sub>: 4 x 12-pin M23 female connector  
 Sin/cos counter input 11 μA<sub>ss</sub>: 4 x 9-pin M23 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E1701 / MSX-E1711 / MSX-E1721

Ethernet multifunction counter system, 4 counter inputs (incremental, sin/cos), 16 digital I/O, 24 V. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

#### Versions

**MSX-E1701:** 5 V RS422 incremental counter inputs

**MSX-E1701-24V:** 24 V incremental counter inputs

**MSX-E1711:** Sin/cos inputs, 1 V<sub>pp</sub>

**MSX-E1721:** Sin/cos inputs, 11 μA<sub>pp</sub>

#### Connection cables

##### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

##### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

##### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading: CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

#### Connection to peripherals

**CMX-8x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65

#### Options

##### S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:

Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V  
**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (Please specify when ordering!), **MX-Screw, PCM-X1x**

# Ethernet multifunction counter system

## 4 EnDat counter inputs, 16 digital I/O, 24 V

EnDat 2.2



### MSX-E1731

4 EnDat 2.2 inputs

16 digital I/O, 24 V, with status LEDs

24 V digital trigger input

M12 connectors

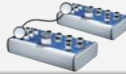
Integrated Ethernet switch

+85°C  
+40°C

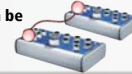
\*Operating temperature

IP 65

ARM<sup>9</sup> Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the µs range



On request: Compare logic for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect on request



More information at [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation 1000 V
- Input filters

### Sensor inputs

- 8-pin M12 female connectors
- 4 x EnDat counter inputs for the acquisition of EnDat encoders
- Max. clock frequency 4.5 MHz
- Voltage supply of the EnDat encoders via M12 female connectors: 5 V ±10%
- Output of the values as raw value or position value (mm or °)
- Communication LED for each EnDat input

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

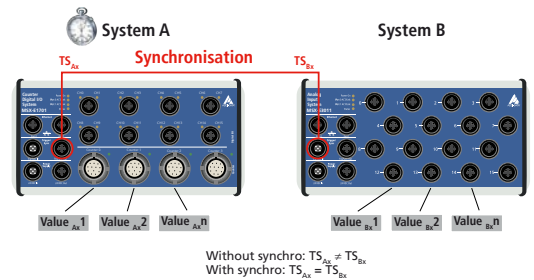
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

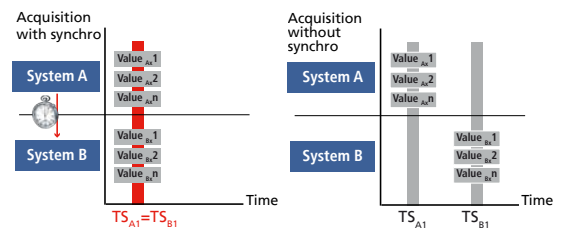
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the µs range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



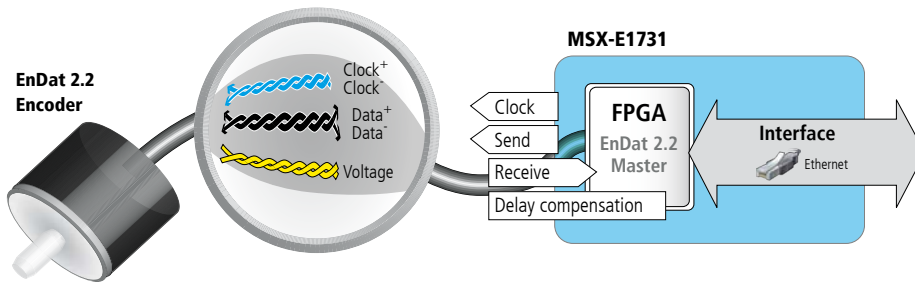
The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.



**EnDat**

EnDat is a bidirectional synchronous-serial interface for position measurement devices. This interface allows to read out absolute position values and parameters, to write status and initialisation registers and to transfer additional information about the position value. In addition, ADDI-DATA EnDat 2.2 solutions support the evaluation of diagnostic values and access to the OEM memory. Data is transferred serially.

- Fast data transfer
- Signal delay time compensation
- High contour accuracy
- High transmission safety
- No need for additional sensors: Evaluation (temperature, limit switch, etc.)
- Serial transmission: only 4 lines necessary (EnDat 2.2)
- Single-line wiring (M12, 8-pin)
- Automatic parameterisation through electronic type plate

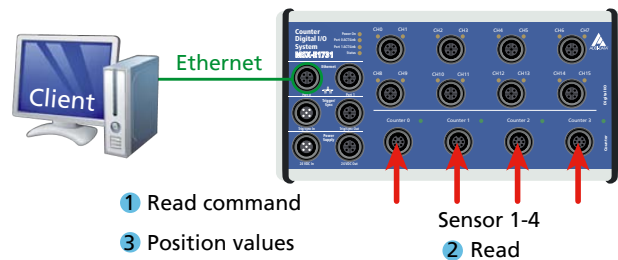


**Acquisition modes**

There are two different acquisition modes for EnDat sensors:

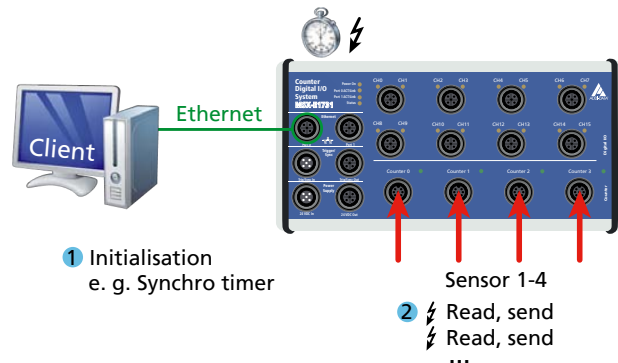
**Asynchronous acquisition**

With the asynchronous acquisition, the EnDat sensors can be read out after initialisation via SOAP or Modbus function. For each function call, one position value is transmitted. EnDat 2.2 also allows to read out additional sensor-specific values (e. g. temperature,...)



**Synchronous acquisition**

With the synchronous acquisition, at first the sensors are initialised and then the acquisition is parameterised. The acquisition runs automatically in relation to a trigger source. Either the 24 V trigger input or a Synchro timer can be used as a trigger source. When using the Synchro timer, a periodical acquisition of the EnDat inputs is also possible.

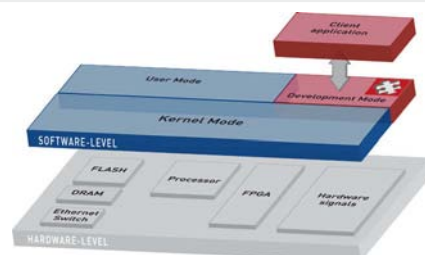


With the synchronous acquisition, it is possible to acquire all 4 sensor inputs of the MSX-E1731 simultaneously. It is also possible to combine several MSX-E systems (even of different types) through the Synchro trigger. In synchronous acquisition mode, measurement data is sent to the clients as soon as it is available via a socket connection.

**Onboard programming / stand-alone operation**

**Development mode**

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



**ConfigTools**

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

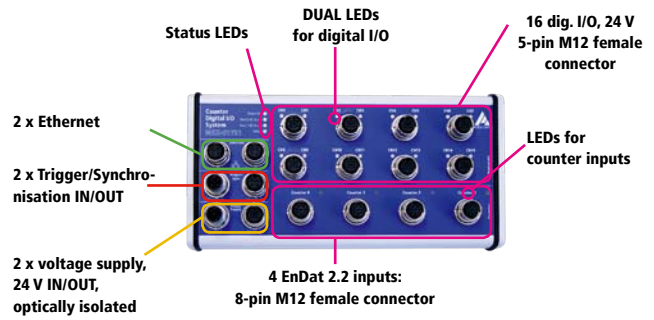
**ConfigTools functions for MSX-E1731:**

- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration

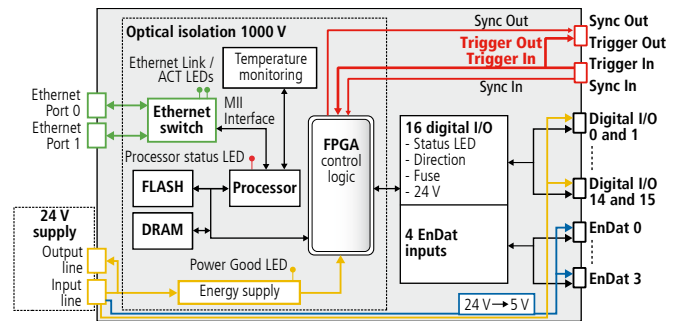
Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.



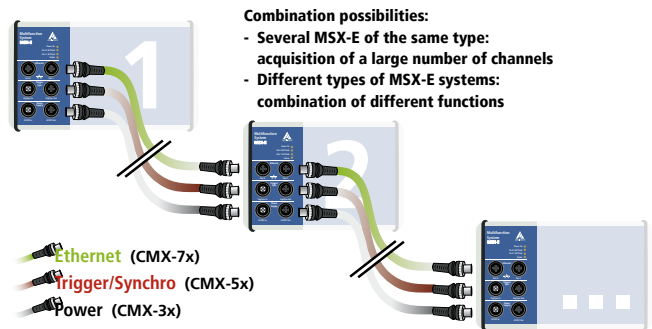
**Features**



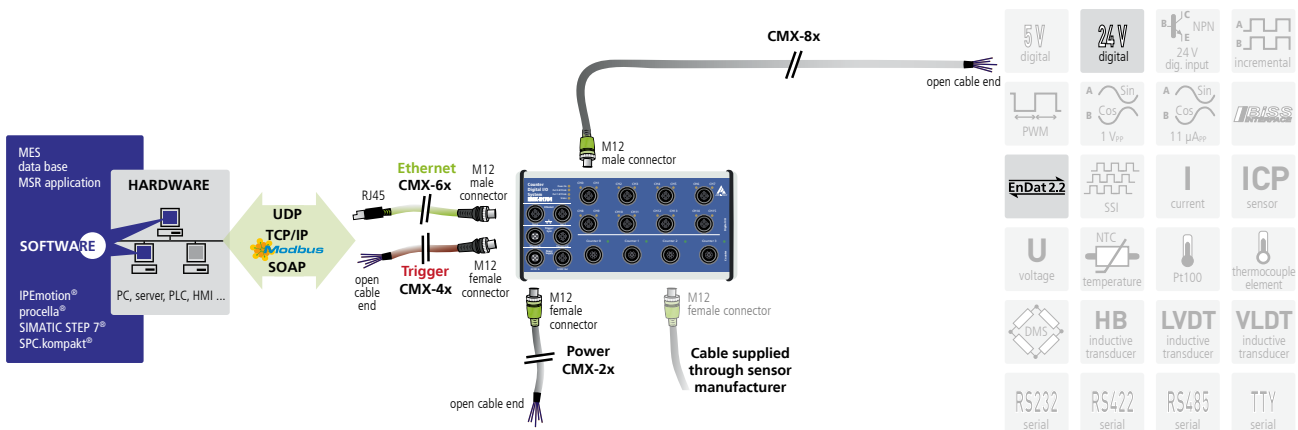
**Simplified block diagram**



**Cascading**



**ADDI-DATA connection technology**



## Specifications

### Counter inputs

Input type:	EnDat 2.2
Differential inputs:	Complies with the EIA standards RS422A
Input type:	Differential
Common mode range:	+12 / -7 V
Input sensitivity:	± 200 mV
Input hysteresis:	50 mV typ.
Input impedance:	12 kΩ min.
Max. input frequency:	5 MHz
ESD protection:	Up to ±15 kV
Clock frequencies:	4500 kHz 2500 kHz 1500 kHz 900 kHz 500 kHz

### Digital inputs

Number of inputs:	max. 16, 2 per M12 female connector, common ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Overvoltage protection:	30 V
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Nominal voltage:	24 VDC
Input voltage:	from 0 to 30 V
Input impedance:	> 1 MΩ
Logic input levels:	UH (max): 30 V typ. UH (min): 18 V typ. UL (max): 16 V typ. UL (min): 0 V typ.

### Digital outputs

Number of outputs:	max. 16, 2 per M12 female connector
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Output type:	High-side, load to ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Nominal voltage:	24 V
Voltage supply:	18 V-30 V
Current (max.):	1.85 A typical for 8 channels through PTC
Output current / output:	500 mA max.

Short-circuit current / output:	1.7 A max. Shut-down logic at 24 V, Rload=10 mΩ
RDS ON resistance:	280 mΩ max.
Switch-on time:	100 μs max RL=48 Ω from 80 % Vout
Switch-off time:	150 μs max RL=48 Ω from 10 % Vout
Overtemperature (shutdown):	135°C max. (output driver)
Temperature hysteresis:	15°C typ. (output driver)
Diagnostics:	Common diagnostics bits for all 16 channels at overtemperature

### Watchdog

Number:	1
Resolution:	16-bit
Time base:	μs, ms, s (programmable)
Time value range:	1 to 65535

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions (mm):	215 x 110 x 54 mm
Weight:	approx. 900 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption at 24 V:	150 mA without load
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to +85 °C
<b>Connectors for sensors</b>	
Digital I/O:	8 x 5-pin M12 female connector
Counter inputs:	4 x 8-pin M12 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E1731

Ethernet multifunction counter system, 4 EnDat counter inputs, 16 digital I/O. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

### Connection cables

#### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading: CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

### Connection to peripherals

**CMX-8x:** For the digital I/O, shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65

### Options

#### S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:

Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V  
**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (Please specify when ordering!), **MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**



# Ethernet counter system

## 3 sin/cos counter inputs 1 V<sub>pp</sub>, 1 analog input, 24-bit

**New!\***



MSX-E1741-1VPP

3 sin/cos counter inputs 1 V<sub>pp</sub>

1 analog input

24 V digital trigger input

M12 and M23 connectors



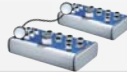
Integrated Ethernet switch



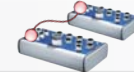
\*Operating temperature



ARM<sup>9</sup> Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



Timer function or compare logic for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect see page 114



More information on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation 1000 V
- Input filters

### Counter

- 3 x 32 bit sin/cos counter inputs 1 V<sub>pp</sub>, 250 kHz
- Voltage supply of the sensors via M23 female connectors (5 V)
- Compare logic
- Status LED for counter inputs

### Analog input

- 1 diff./SE inputs, 24-bit, 4-pin M12 female connector
- Sampling frequency 100 kHz/channel max.

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

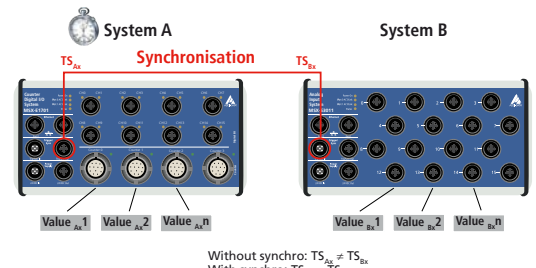
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

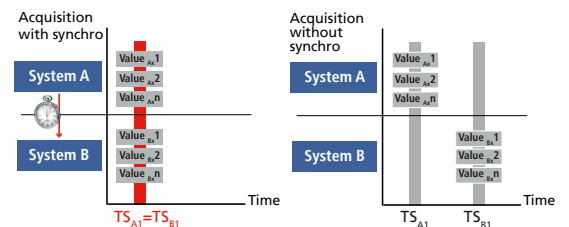
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.



\* Preliminary product information

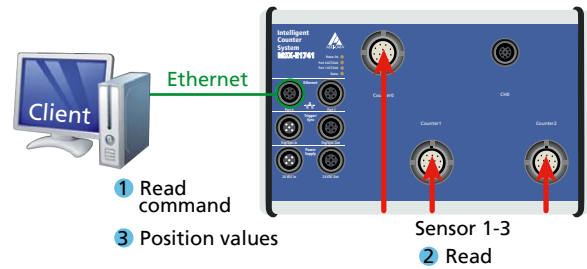


## Acquisition modes

**Acquisition modes** – There are 2 different possibilities for reading the counter inputs.

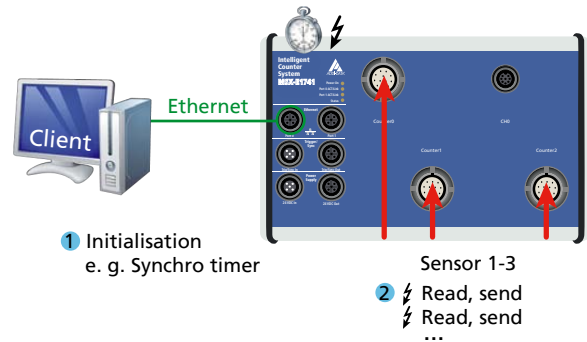
### 1. Asynchronous acquisition

With the asynchronous acquisition, the counter inputs can be read out via SOAP or Modbus function. For each function call, the values of one channel are transmitted.



### 2. Synchronous acquisition

With the synchronous acquisition, the inputs are first initialised and then the acquisition is parameterised. The acquisition runs automatically depending from a trigger source. Either the 24V trigger input or a synchro trigger can be used as trigger source.



### Synchro latch

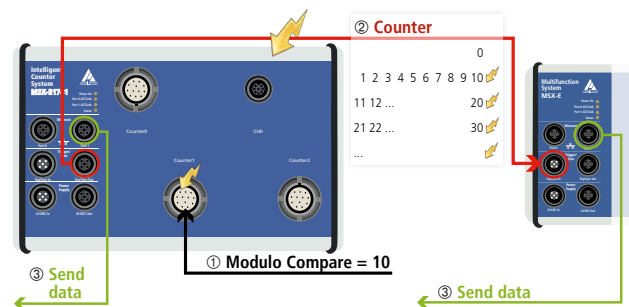
A periodic acquisition of the counter inputs is possible using the synchro timer (synchro latch). Several MSX-E systems (of same or different types) can be combined through synchro trigger. With the synchronous acquisition, as soon as there are measurement values available, they are sent to the clients via socket connection.

### Compare logic

With the compare logic, a synchro-trigger signal can be generated in order to latch the counter value as soon as the counter value is equal to the compare value.

With the additional „Modulo-Mode“ (Modulo Compare), a trigger can also be generated at the n value of the compare value.

Thus it is possible, e. g. when using an encoder with 3,600 steps / revolution to obtain each degree of a measurement value (Modulo Compare = 10). The thus generated synchro-trigger can also be used for data acquisition on further MSX-E systems.



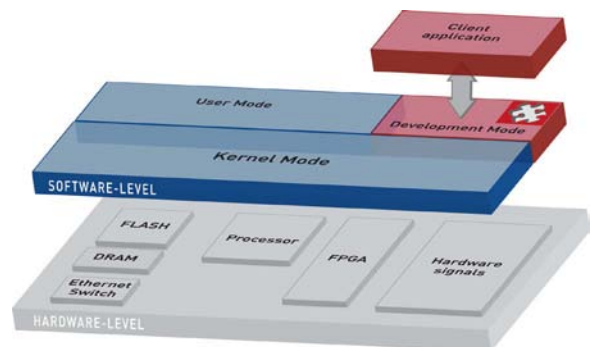
### Index logic

The Index track of the encoder can also be used as trigger source. Either the selected edge of the index signal can directly start the acquisition or a synchro-trigger can be generated and then used on further MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the index signal can be used to delete the counter channel.

## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



\* Preliminary product information

### ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

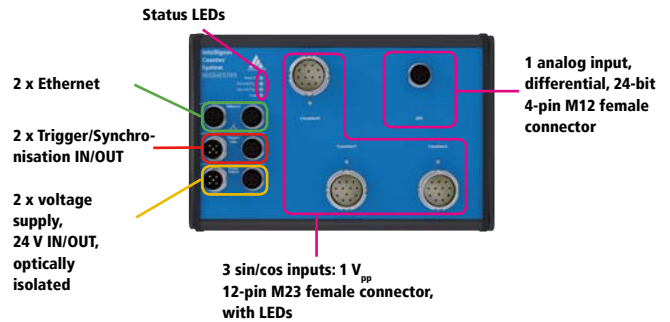
#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E1741-1VPP:

- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration

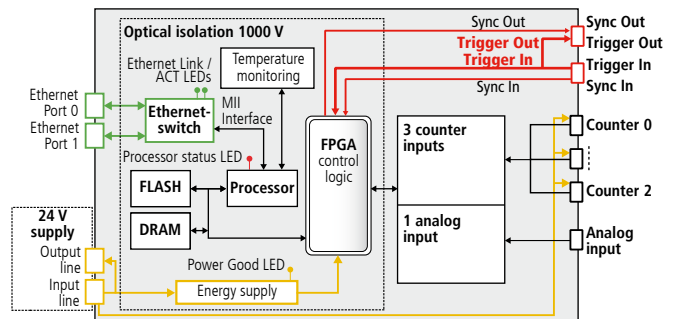
Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.



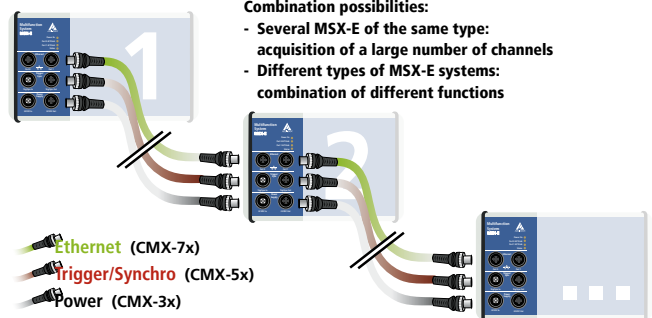
### Features



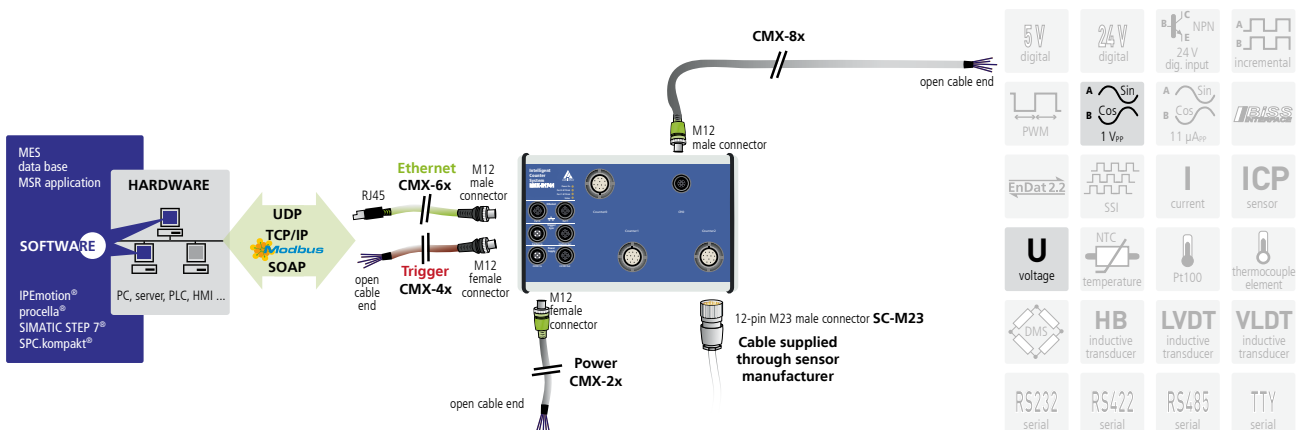
### Simplified block diagram



### Cascading



### ADDI-DATA connection technology



\* Preliminary product information



## Specifications\*

### Sin/cos counter inputs

Number of inputs:	3 x sin/cos counter inputs, each with A, B, C signals
Resolution:	32-bit
Differential inputs:	1 V <sub>pp</sub>
Interpolation factor:	up to 8192
Max. input frequency:	max. 250 kHz (at min. interpolation)
ESD protection:	2 kV

### Analog input

Number/type:	1 differential / single-ended input (software-selectable)
Resolution:	24-bit
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Input ranges:	± 10 V, ± 1 V, ± 100 mV, ± 10 mV (24-bit), 0-10 V, 0-1 V, 0-100 mV, 0-10 mV (23-bit), software-programmable, current input 0(4) – 20 mA optional
Sampling frequency:	100 kHz
Gain:	x1, x10, x100, software-programmable
Trigger:	digital input, synchro, software-programmable

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions (mm):	215 x 110 x 54
Weight:	in preparation
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption at 24 V:	in preparation
Operation temperature:	-40 °C to +85 °C
<b>Connectors for sensors</b>	
Sin/cos counter input 1 V <sub>pp</sub> :	3 x 12-pin M23 female connector
Analog input:	1 x 4-pin M12 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E1741-1VPP

Ethernet counter system, 3 sin/cos counter inputs 1 V<sub>pp</sub>, 1 analog input, 24-bit. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

#### Connection cables

##### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

##### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

##### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading: CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

#### Connection to peripherals

**CMX-8x:** For the analog input, shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65

#### Options

##### S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:

Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V  
**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (Please specify when ordering!), **MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**

\* Preliminary product information

# Ethernet analog input system

## 16 analog inputs, diff., 16-bit



### MSX-E3011

16 analog inputs, differential, 16-bit

Voltage or current inputs

Simultaneous acquisition of 4 channels with 100 kHz each

M12 connector

24 V trigger input



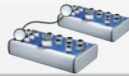
Integrated Ethernet switch



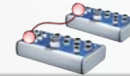
\*Operating temperature



ARM<sup>9</sup> Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



On request: Compare logic for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect see page 114



More information on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Analog inputs

- 16 diff. inputs, 16-bit, 5-pin M12 female connector
- Sampling frequency max. 100 kHz, up to 4 simultaneous channels
- Input ranges:  $\pm 5$  V,  $\pm 10$  V (16-bit)  
0-5 V, 0-10 V (15-bit)
- Current inputs optional

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation • Input filters
- Overvoltage protection  $\pm 40$  V
- Internal temperature monitoring

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

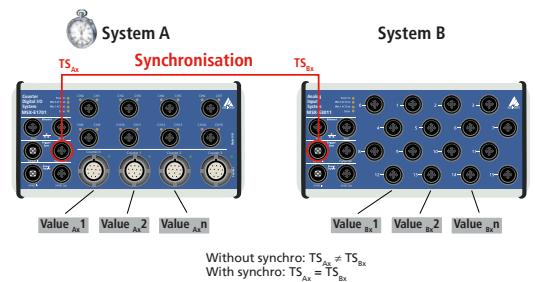
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

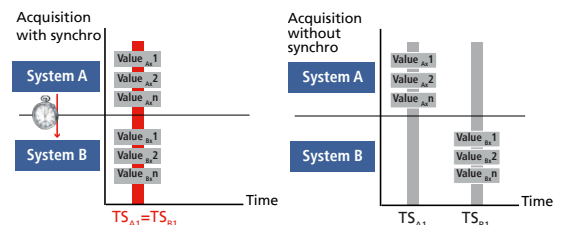
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.

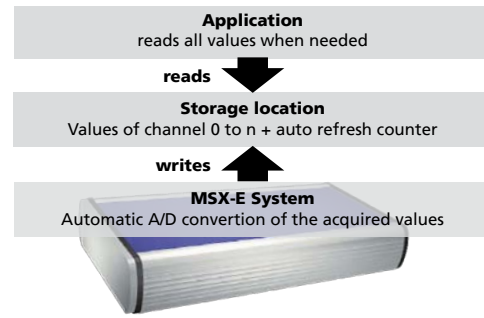




## Acquisition modes

### Auto-refresh mode

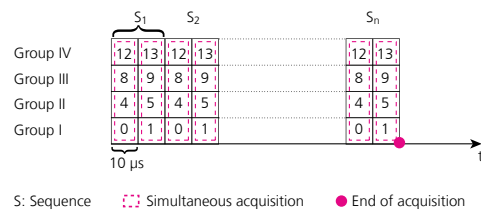
In auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



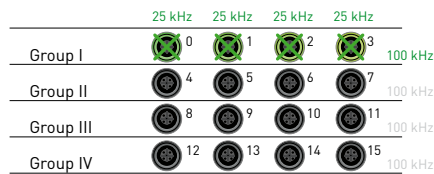
### Sequence mode

In sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.

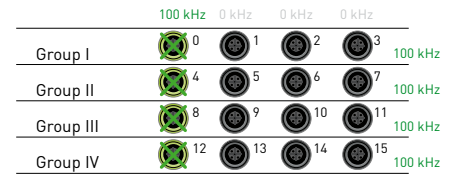
Example: 8 channels, each with 10  $\mu$ s



### Horizontal wiring (with 4 gauges/sensors)



### Vertical wiring (with 4 gauges/sensors)

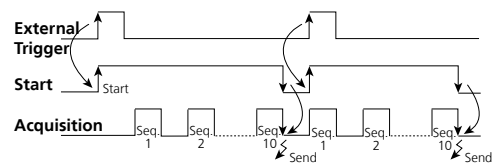


### Acquisition speed

**Different wiring**  
for 25 kHz/channel and 100 kHz/groups

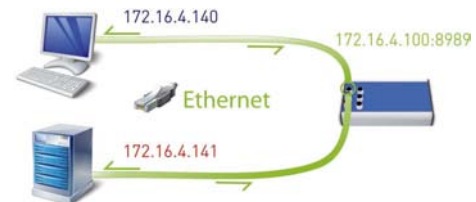
### Acquisition triggered through trigger or synchro input

**Example:** A measurement process is to be started through an external trigger impulse. For each trigger, 10 sequences are to be acquired. After the acquisition of the 10 sequences they are to be sent to the client.



### Reading data from a MSX-E system

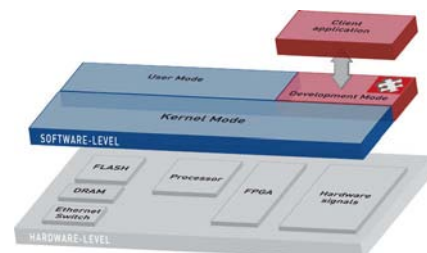
MSX-E systems are multi-client capable, this means several clients (e. g. PC, server, PLC, ...) can read the measurement values of one MSX-E system at the same time. For this, each client establishes a socket connection to the data server of the MSX-E system (port 8989). As soon as the measurement values are available on the data server, the MSX-E system transfers them to the clients.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



**ConfigTools**

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

**ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3011:**

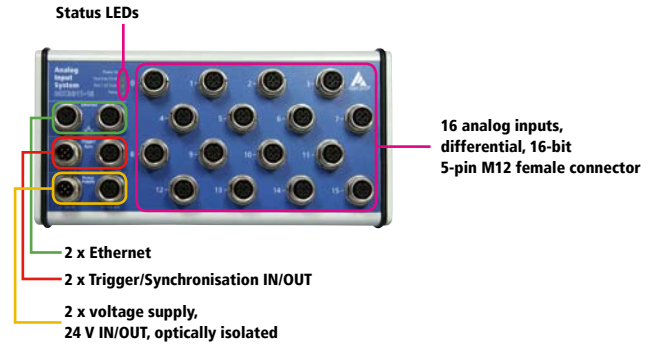
- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Monitor for analog inputs

Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.

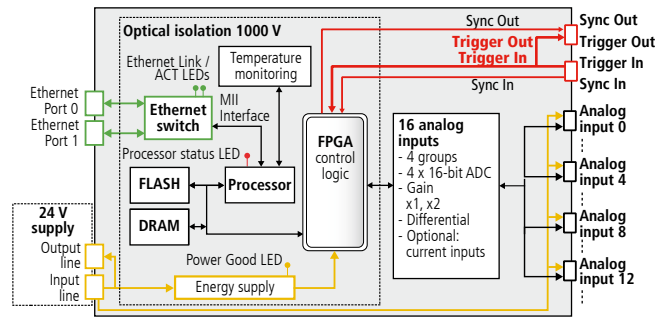


Example of monitor function: Testing the analog inputs.

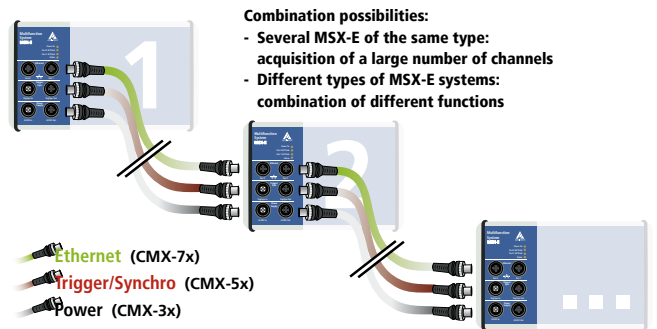
**Features**



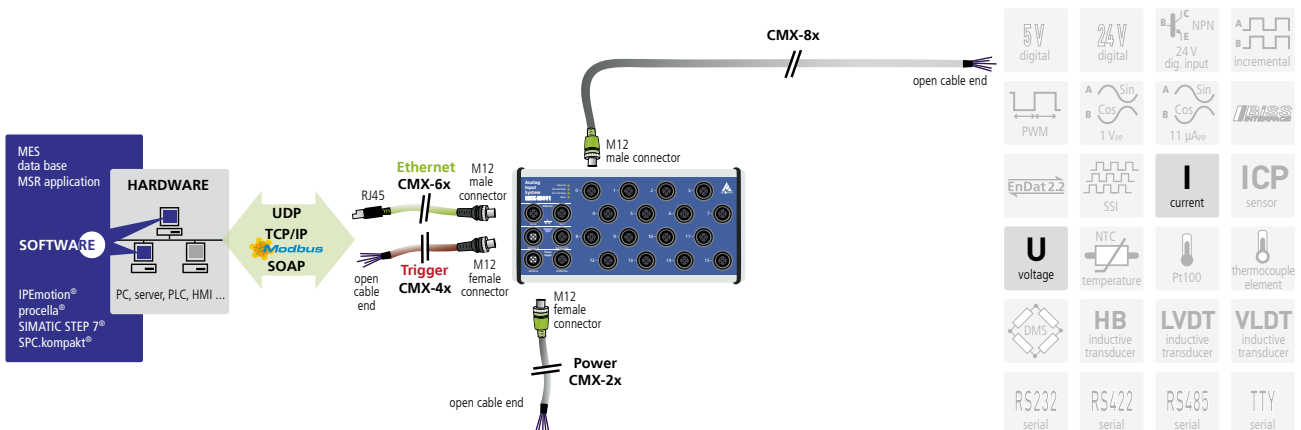
**Simplified block diagram**



**Cascading**



**ADDI-DATA connection technology**





## Specifications

### Analog inputs

Number/type:	16 differential inputs
Architecture:	4 groups of 4 channels each 4-port simultaneous converter with one 4-channel multiplexer per converter
Resolution:	16-bit, SAR ADC
Accuracy:	$\pm 1.221$ mV typ. ( $\pm 4$ LSB) $\pm 2.442$ mV max.
Relative Accuracy (INL):	$\pm 3$ LSB max (ADC)
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Input ranges:	$\pm 5$ V, $\pm 10$ V (16-bit), 0-5 V, 0-10 V (15-bit) software-programmable, current inputs optional
Sampling frequency:	25 kHz per channel / 100 kHz max.
Gain:	x1, x2, software-programmable
Common mode rejection:	80 dB min. DC up to 60 Hz (diff. amplifier)
Input impedance (PGA):	$10^9 \Omega$ / 10nF against GND
Bandwidth (-3dB):	160 kHz limited through TP filters 16 Hz version with differential filter
Trigger:	digital input, synchro, software-programmable
Offset error:	$\pm 1$ LSB ( $\pm 305 \mu\text{V}$ )
Gain error:	$\pm 2.5$ LSB
Temperature drift:	$2.3 \times V_{in} + 22.5$ ( $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ ) typ.
$V_{in}$ : input voltage in Volts ( $-10 \text{ V} \leq V_{in} \leq +10 \text{ V}$ ) In the temperature range: from $-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	4.5 ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ FSR

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions:	215 x 110 mm x 50 mm
Weight:	850 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption at 24 V:	180 mA
Operating temperature:	$-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Connectors for sensors</b>	
For analog inputs	16 x 5-pin M12 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3011

Ethernet analog input system, 16 analog inputs, diff., 16-bit. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

### Connection cables

#### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

#### Connection to peripherals

**CMX-8x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65

#### Options

**PC-Diff:** Current input 0(4)-20 mA for 1 input, diff.  
(please indicate the number of channels)

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:** Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V

**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (please specify when ordering!),

**MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**



# Ethernet force-distance measurement system, 1 counter input, 4 analog inputs, 24-bit, 2 dig. I/O, 24 V

**New!\***



## MSX-E3017

1 counter input

4 analog inputs, diff, 24-bit

2 digital I/O, 24 V

Easy configuration: Easy mode



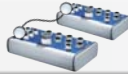
Integrated Ethernet switch



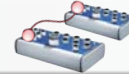
\*Operating temperature



ARM<sup>9</sup> Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



On request: Compare logic for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect

on request, see page 114



More information on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

## Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

## Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation • Input filters

## Counter input

- 1 incremental counter input, 32-bit, (on request: Sin/Cos 1 V<sub>pp</sub> or Sin/Cos 11  $\mu$ App) 12-pin M23 female connector
- Max. input frequency 5 MHz

## Analog inputs

- 4 diff. inputs, 24-bit, 4-pin M12 female connector
- Sampling frequency max. 100 kHz/channel simultaneous on 4 channels

## Digital I/O

- 1 x 2 digital lines, 24 V, which can be parameterised as pairs of inputs or outputs
- Shutdown logic
- Watchdog for resetting the outputs to "0"
- At Power-On the outputs are set to "0"
- Electronic fuse
- Dual LED for each 24 V digital I/O with direction indication

## Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

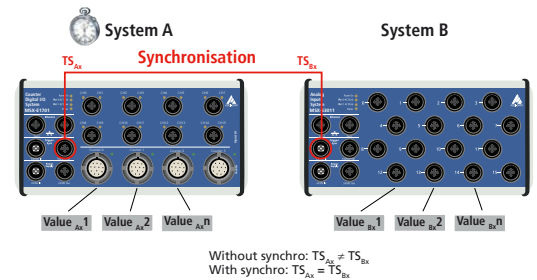
## Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

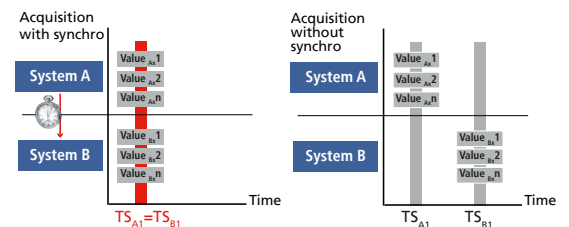
## Synchronisation/time stamp

### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.



\* Preliminary Product information

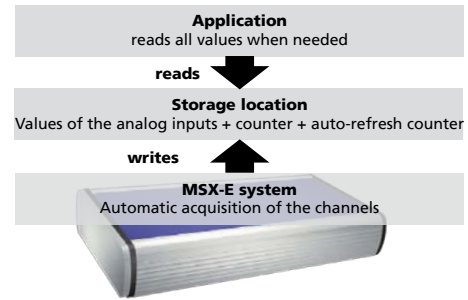


## Acquisition modes

With the MSX-E3017 system, you can effect force-distance measurements in 2 different ways: in auto-refresh mode or sequence mode. The acquisition can be done depending on a position or on time.

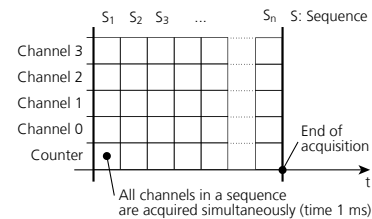
### Auto-refresh mode

In auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



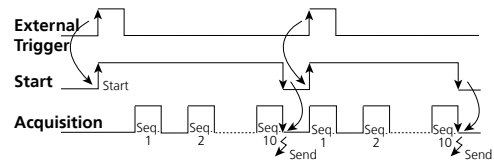
### Sequence mode

In sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.



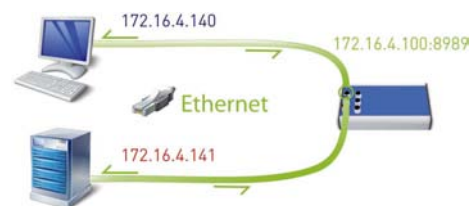
### Acquisition triggered through trigger or synchro input

**Example:** A measurement process is to be started through an external trigger impulse. For each trigger, 10 sequences are to be acquired. After the acquisition of the 10 sequences they are to be sent to the client.



### Reading data from a MSX-E system

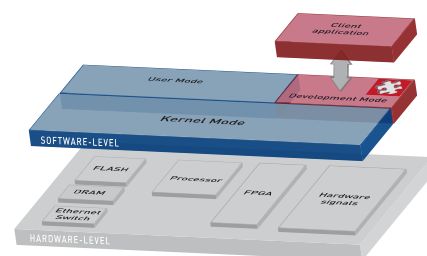
MSX-E systems are multi-client capable, this means several clients (e. g. PC, server, PLC, ...) can read the measurement values of one MSX-E system at the same time. For this, each client establishes a socket connection to the data server of the MSX-E system (port 8989). As soon as the measurement values are available on the data server, the MSX-E system transfers them to the clients.



## Onboard programming

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



\* Preliminary product information

### ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

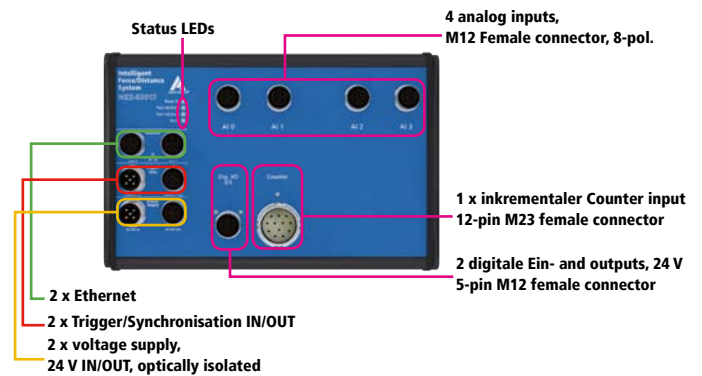
#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3017:

- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Monitor for analog inputs
- Visualisation of the force-distance measurement (Easy mode)

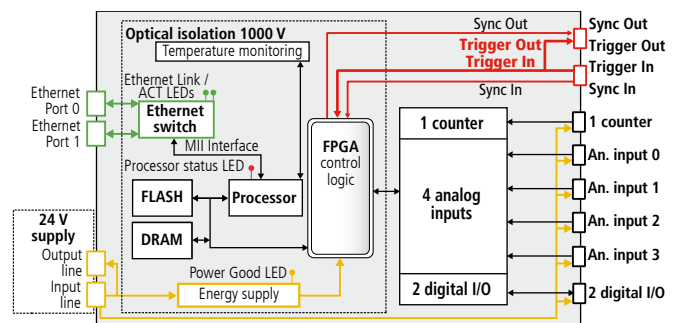
Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.



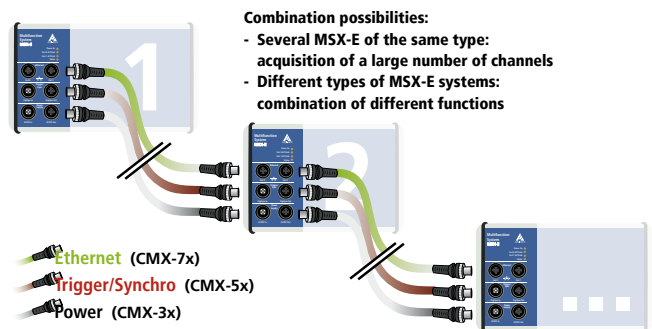
### Features



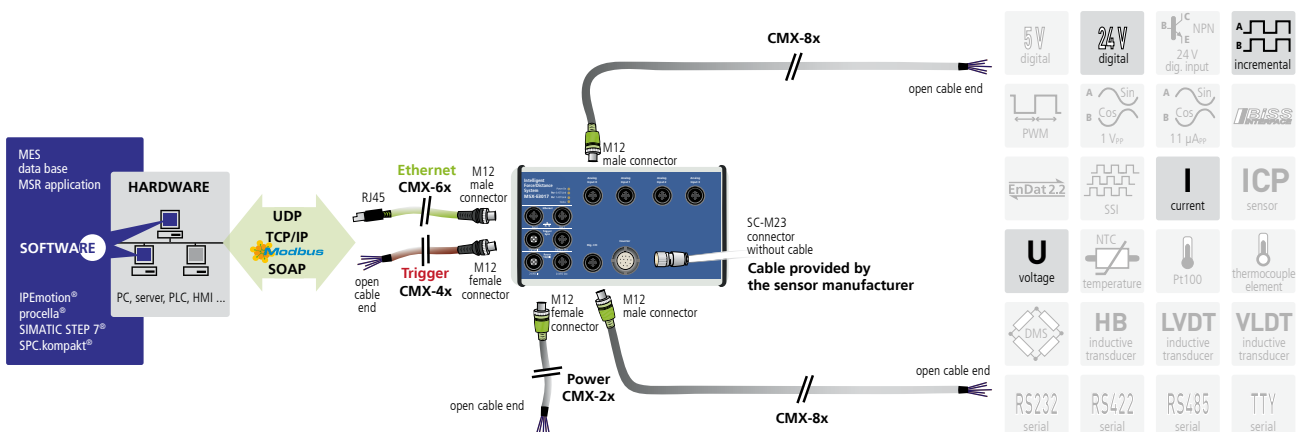
### Simplified block diagram



### Cascading



### ADDI-DATA connection technology



\* Preliminary product information



## Specifications\*

### Incremental counter

Number of counter inputs:	1
Input type:	Differential or TTL inputs
Differential inputs:	Complies with the EIA standards RS422A
Common mode range:	+12 / -7 V
Input sensitivity:	± 200 mV
Input hysteresis:	50 mV typ.
Input impedance:	12 kΩ min.
Max. input frequency:	5 MHz at nominal voltage
"Open Circuit Fail Safe	
Receiver Design"	"1" = inputs open
ESD protection:	Up to ±15 kV
Voltage supply	
Incremental encoder:	5 V or 24 V, max. 500 mA

### Analog inputs

Number/type:	4 differential inputs, 1 A/D converter per channel
Resolution:	24-bit, SAR ADC
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Input ranges:	± 10 V, ± 5 V (24-bit), 0-10 V, 0-5 V (23-Bit), software-programmable, current inputs optional
Sampling frequency:	100 kHz per channel
Gain:	x1, x10, x100, x1000, software-programmable
Trigger:	digital input, synchro, software-programmable

### Digital inputs

Number of inputs:	2, on 1 M12 female connector Common ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Overvoltage protection:	30 V
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Nominal voltage:	24 VDC
Input voltage:	0 to 30 V
Input impedance:	> 1 MΩ
Logic input levels:	UH (max) 30 V typ. UH (min) 18 V typ. UL (max) 16 V typ. UL (min) 0 V typ.

### Digital outputs

Number of outputs:	2, on 1 M12 female connector
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Output type:	High-side, load to ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Nominal voltage:	24 V
Voltage supply:	18 V-30 V
Current (max.):	1.85 A typical for 2 channels through PTC
Output current / output:	500 mA max.
Short-circuit current / output:	1.7 A max. Shut-down logic at 24 V, $R_{load}=10m\Omega$
RDS ON Resistance:	280 mΩ max.
Switch-on time:	100 μs max RL=48 Ω at 80 % $V_{out}$
Switch-off time:	150 μs max RL=48 Ω at 10 % $V_{out}$
Overtemperature (shutdown):	135°C max. (output driver)
Temperature hysteresis:	15°C typ. (output driver)
Diagnostics:	Common diagnostic bit at overtemperature

### Watchdog:

Number:	1
Resolution:	16-bit
Time base:	μs, ms, s (programmable)
Time value range:	1 to 65535

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions:	220 x 140 x 50 mm
Weight:	ca. 900 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption at 24 V:	150 mA without load
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to +85 °C

### Connectors for sensors

For analog inputs:	4 x 4-pin M12 female connector
For digital I/O:	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector
For the counter input:	1 x 12-pin M23 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3017

Ethernet force-distance measurement system, 1 counter input, 4 analog inputs, 24-bit, 2 digital I/O, 24 V.  
Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

### Connection cables

#### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

### Connection to peripherals

**CMX-8x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65

### Options

**PC-Diff:** Current input 0(4)-20 mA for 1 input, diff.  
(please indicate the number of channels)

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:** Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V

**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (please specify when ordering!),

**MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**

\* Preliminary product information

# Ethernet force-distance measurement system, 1 counter input input, 4 inputs for strain gauges, 24-bit, 2 digital I/O, 24 V

**New!\***



## MSX-E3317

1 counter input

4 inputs for strain gauges, diff, 24-bit

2 digital I/O, 24 V

Easy configuration: Easy mode



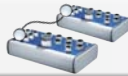
Integrated Ethernet switch



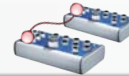
\*Operating temperature



ARM9 Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



On request: Compare logic for syncro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect on request, see page 114



More information on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

## Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM9 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

## Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation • Input filters

## Counter input

- 1 incremental counter input, 32-bit, (on request: Sin/Cos 1 V<sub>pp</sub> or Sin/Cos 11  $\mu$ App) 12-pin M23 female connector
- Max. input frequency 5 MHz

## Inputs for strain gauges

- 4 inputs for strain gauges, 24-bit, M12 female connector, 8-pin
- Sampling frequency max. 788 Hz/channel (max. 2 channels simultaneously)

## Digital I/O

- 1 x 2 digital lines, 24 V, which can be parameterised as pairs of inputs or outputs
- Shutdown logic
- At Power-On the outputs are set to „0“
- Electronic fuse
- Dual LED for each 24 V dig. I/O with direction indication

## Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

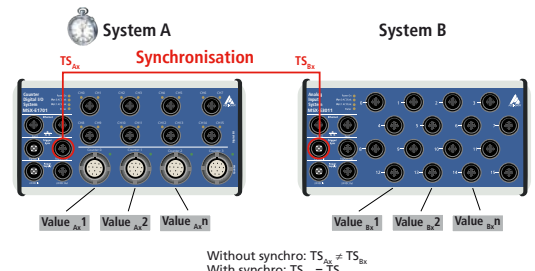
## Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

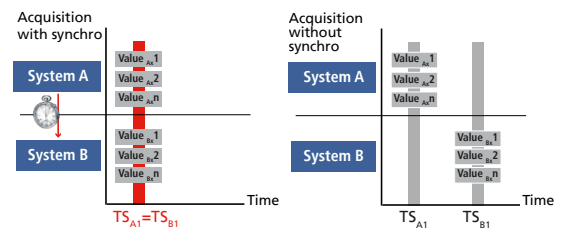
## Synchronisation/time stamp

### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a syncro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.



\* Preliminary Product information

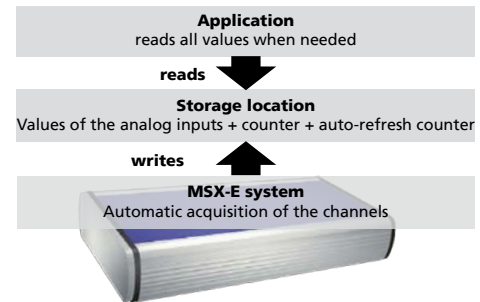


## Acquisition modes

With the MSX-E3317 system, you can effect force-distance measurements in 2 different ways: in auto-refresh mode or sequence mode. The acquisition can be done depending on a position or on time.

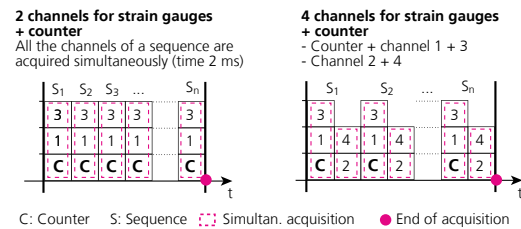
### Auto-refresh mode

In the auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



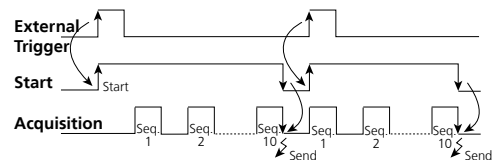
### Sequence mode

In the sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.



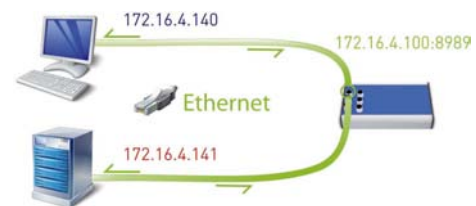
### Acquisition triggered through trigger or synchro input

**Example:** A measurement process is to be started through an external trigger impulse. For each trigger, 10 sequences are to be acquired. After the acquisition of the 10 sequences they are to be sent to the client.



### Reading data from a MSX-E system

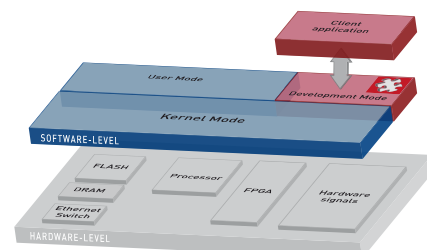
MSX-E systems are multi-client capable, this means several clients (e. g. PC, server, PLC, ...) can read the measurement values of one MSX-E system at the same time. For this, each client establishes a socket connection to the data server of the MSX-E system (port 8989). As soon as the measurement values are available on the data server, the MSX-E system transfers them to the clients.



## Onboard programming

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



\* Preliminary product information

### ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

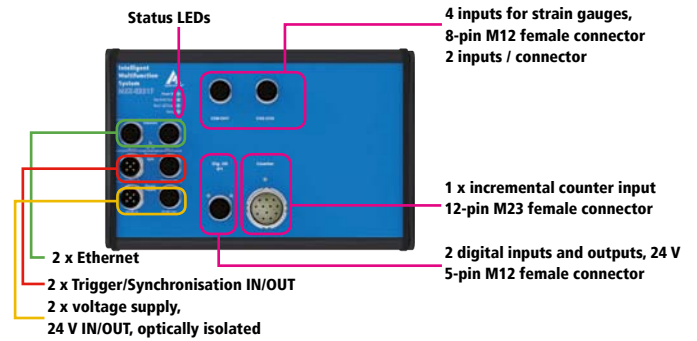
#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3317:

- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Monitor for Inputs for strain gauges
- Visualisation of the force-distance measurement (Easy mode)

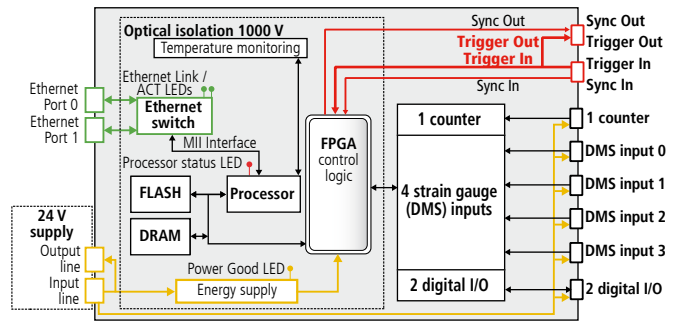
Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.



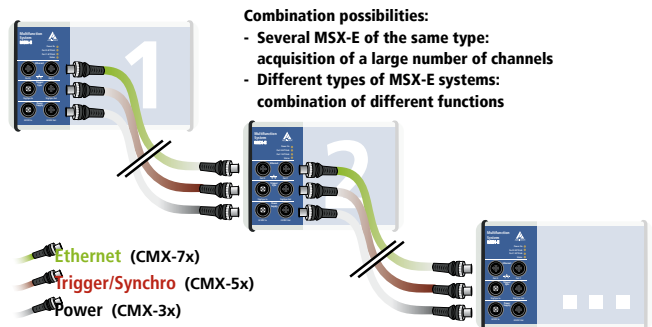
### Features



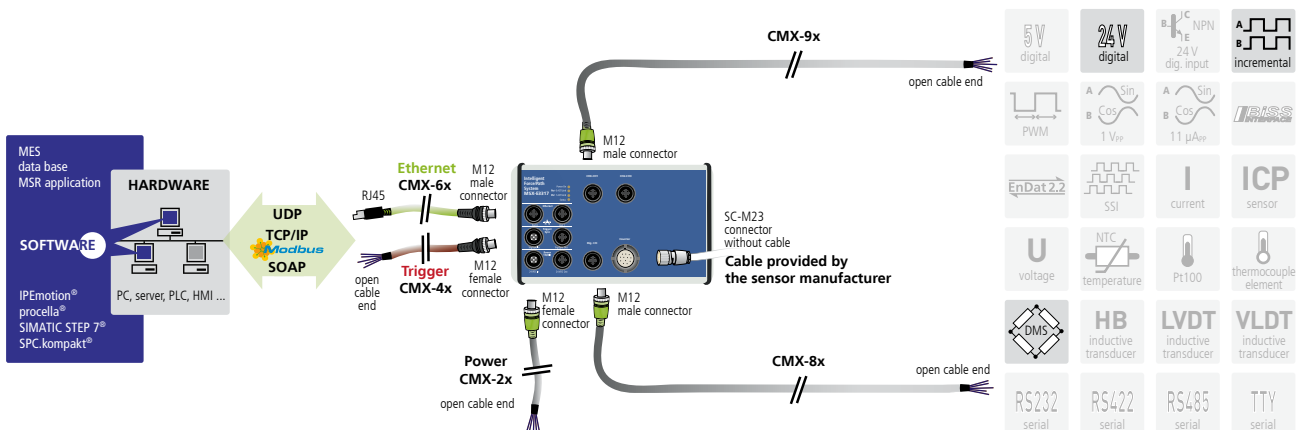
### Simplified block diagram



### Cascading



### ADDI-DATA connection technology



\* Preliminary product information



## Specifications\*

### Incremental counter

Number of counter inputs:	1
Input type:	Differential or TTL inputs
Differential inputs:	Complies with the EIA standards RS422A
Common mode range:	+12 / -7 V
Input sensitivity:	± 200 mV
Input hysteresis:	50 mV typ.
Input impedance:	12 kΩ min.
Max. input frequency:	5 MHz at nominal voltage
"Open Circuit Fail Safe	
Receiver Design"	"1" = inputs open
ESD protection:	Up to ±15 kV
Voltage supply	
Incremental encoder:	5 V or 24 V, max. 500 mA

### Inputs for strain gauges

Number of inputs:	4 differential inputs for strain gauges 2 inputs per M12 connector
Resolution:	24-bit
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Throughput per M12 connector:	max. 788 Hz for 1 channel, max. 528 Hz for 2 channels
Voltage supply for the sensors:	10 V, 50 mA
Trigger:	Digital input, synchro, software-programmable

### Digital inputs

Number of inputs:	2, on 1 M12 female connector, Common ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Overvoltage protection:	30 V
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Nominal voltage:	24 VDC
Input voltage:	0 to 30 V
Input impedance:	> 1 MΩ
Logic input levels:	UH (max) 30 V typ. UH (min) 18 V typ. UL (max) 16 V typ. UL (min) 0 V typ.

### Digital outputs

Number of outputs:	2, on 1 M12 female connector
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Output type:	High-side, load to ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Nominal voltage:	24 V
Voltage supply:	18 V-30 V
Current (max.):	1.85 A typical for 2 channels through PTC
Output current / output:	500 mA max.
Short-circuit current / output:	1.7 A max. Shut-down logic at 24 V, $R_{load}=10m\Omega$
RDS ON Resistance:	280 mΩ max.
Switch-on time:	100 μs max RL=48 Ω at 80 % $V_{out}$
Switch-off time:	150 μs max RL=48 Ω at 10 % $V_{out}$
Overtemperature (shutdown):	135°C max. (output driver)
Temperature hysteresis:	15°C typ. (output driver)
Diagnostics:	Common diagnostic bit at overtemperature

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions:	220 x 140 x 50 mm
Weight:	ca. 900 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption at 24 V:	150 mA without load
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to +85 °C

### Connectors for sensors

For inputs for strain gauges:	2 x 8-pin female connector M12
For digital I/O:	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector
For the counter input:	1 x 12-pin M23 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3317

Ethernet force-distance measurement system, 1 counter input, 4 inputs for strain gauges, 24-bit, 2 digital I/O, 24 V.  
Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

### Connection cables

#### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

### Connection to peripherals

**CMX-8x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-9x:** Shielded cable, M12 8-pin male connector/open end, IP 65

### Options

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:** Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V

**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (please specify when ordering!),

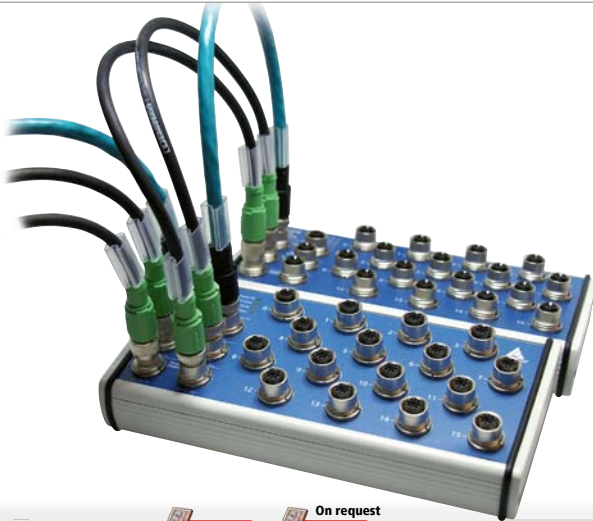
**MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**

\* Preliminary product information



# Ethernet analog input system

## 16 analog inputs, diff., 16-bit



### MSX-E3021

16 analog inputs, differential, 16-bit

Voltage or current inputs

Simultaneous acquisition of 4 channels with 100 kHz per channel

4 GB extended memory

Buffered real-time clock

24 V digital trigger input

Integrated Ethernet switch  
 $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}^*$   $-25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}^*$   $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 \*Operating temperature  
 IP 65  
 ARM<sup>9</sup> Technology  
 Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu\text{s}$  range  
 On request: Compare logic for synchro trigger signal  
 4 GB flash memory, real-time clock



on request



DatabaseConnect  
see page 114



More information on  
[www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Analog inputs

- 16 diff. inputs, 16-bit, 5-pin M12 female connector
- Sampling frequency max. 100 kHz, up to 4 simultaneous channels
- Input ranges:  $\pm 5\text{ V}$ ,  $\pm 10\text{ V}$  (16-bit), 0-5 V, 0-10 V (15-bit)
- Gain PGA x1, x2, x10, x20, x100, x200, x1000, x2000 software-programmable, signals up to  $\pm 5\text{ mV}$  (16-bit) are possible
- Current inputs optional

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation • Input filters
- Overvoltage protection  $\pm 40\text{ V}$
- Internal temperature monitoring

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

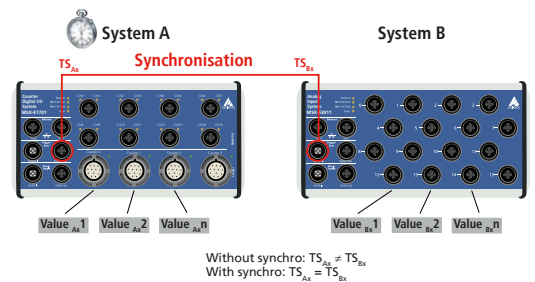
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

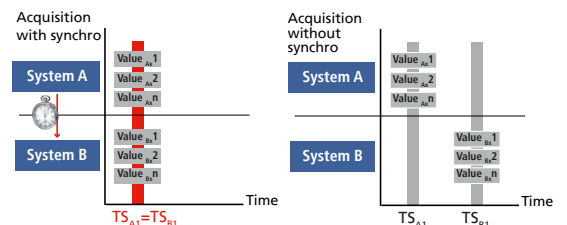
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu\text{s}$  range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.



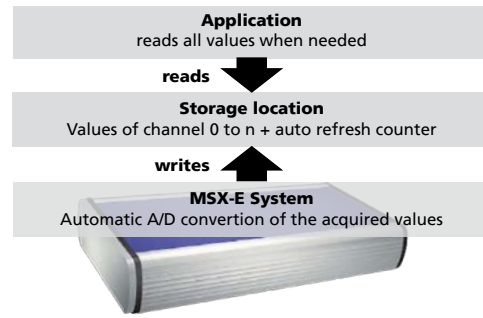
\* Preliminary  
Product information



## Acquisition modes

### Auto-refresh mode

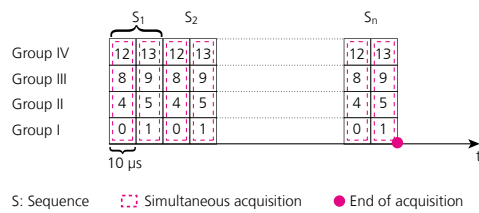
In auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



### Sequence mode

In sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.

Example: 8 channels, each with 10  $\mu$ s

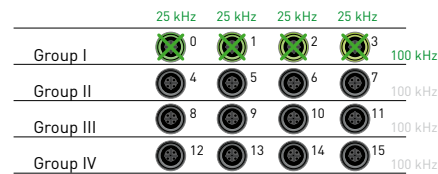


### Acquisition speed

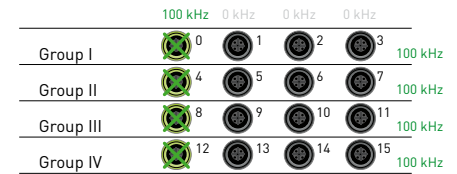
#### Different wiring

for 25 kHz/channel and 100 kHz/groups

#### Horizontal wiring (with 4 gauges/sensors)

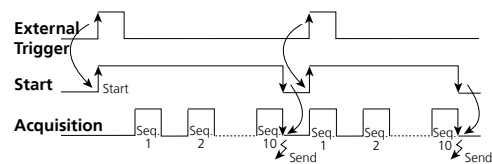


#### Vertical wiring (with 4 gauges/sensors)



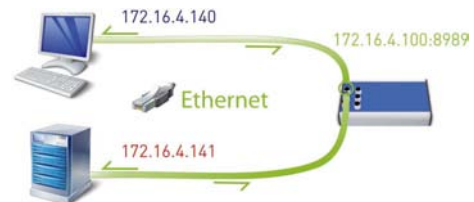
### Acquisition triggered through trigger or synchro input

**Example:** A measurement process is to be started through an external trigger impulse. For each trigger, 10 sequences are to be acquired. After the acquisition of the 10 sequences they are to be sent to the client.



### Reading data from a MSX-E system

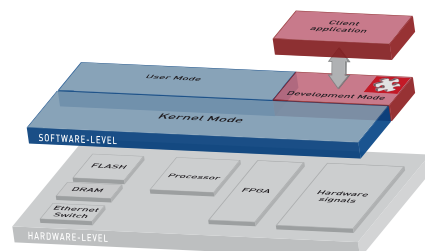
MSX-E systems are multi-client capable, this means several clients (e. g. PC, server, PLC, ...) can read the measurement values of one MSX-E system at the same time. For this, each client establishes a socket connection to the data server of the MSX-E system (port 8989). As soon as the measurement values are available on the data server, the MSX-E system transfers them to the clients.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



\* Preliminary product information

## ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions.

In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3021:

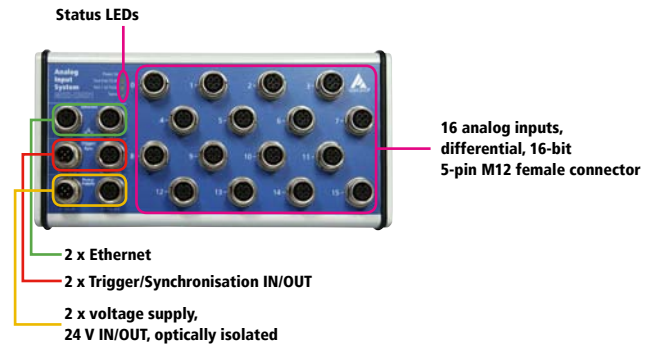
- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Monitor for analog inputs

Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.

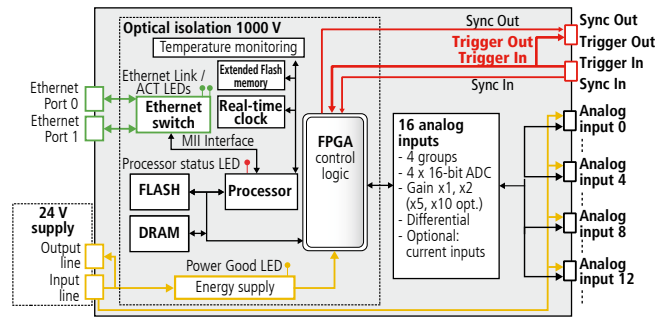


Example of monitor function: Testing the analog inputs.

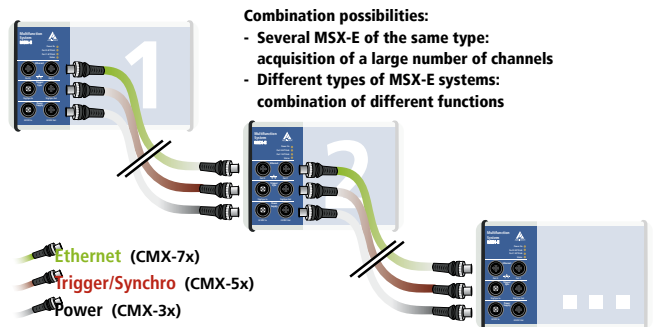
## Features



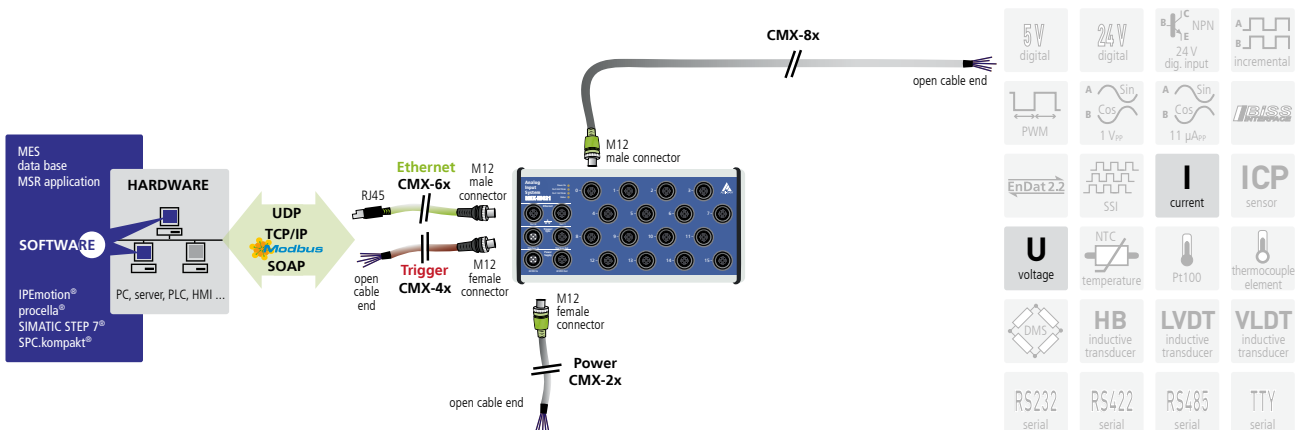
## Simplified block diagram



## Cascading



## ADDI-DATA connection technology



\* Preliminary product information



## Specifications\*

### Analog inputs

Number/type:	16 differential inputs
Architecture:	4 groups of 4 channels each 4-port simultaneous converter with one 4-channel multiplexer per converter
Resolution:	16-bit, SAR ADC
Accuracy:	± 1.221 mV typ. (± 4 LSB) ± 2.442 mV max.
Relative Accuracy (INL):	± 3 LSB max (ADC)
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Input ranges:	± 5 V, ± 10 V (16-bit), 0-5 V, 0-10 V (15-bit) current inputs optional
Sampling frequency:	25 kHz per channel / 100 kHz max.
Gain:	x1, x2, x10, x20, x100, x200, x1000, x2000 software-programmable
Common mode rejection:	80 dB min. DC up to 60 Hz (diff. amplifier)
Input impedance (PGA):	10 <sup>9</sup> Ω // 10nF against GND
Bandwidth (-3dB):	160 kHz limited through TP filters 16 Hz version with differential filter
Trigger:	digital input, synchro, software-programmable
Offset error:	± 1 LSB (± 305 µV)
Gain error:	± 2.5 LSB
Temperature drift :	2.3 x V <sub>in</sub> + 22.5 (µV/°C) typ. V <sub>in</sub> : input voltage in Volts (-10 V ≤ V <sub>in</sub> ≤ +10 V) In the temperature range from -40°C to +85°C: 4.5 ppm/°C FSR

### Data storage

RAM:	64 MB
FLASH:	4 MB for system data
Extended FLASH memory:	4 GB (3.7 GB for measured data)
Buffered real-time clock:	approx. 4 weeks at 20 °C

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions:	215 x 110 x 50 mm
Weight:	850 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption at 24 V:	180 mA
Operating temperature:	-25 °C to +85 °C -40 °C to +85 °C on request

### Connectors for sensors

For analog inputs: 8 x 5-pin M12 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3021

Ethernet analog input system, 16 analog inputs, diff., 16-bit. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

### Connection cables

#### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

### Connection to peripherals

**CMX-8x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65

### Options

**PC-Diff:** Current input 0(4)-20 mA for 1 input, diff.  
(please indicate the number of channels)

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:** Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V

**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (please specify when ordering!),

**MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**

\* Preliminary product information

# Ethernet analog input system

## 16 analog inputs, differential, 16-bit



### MSX-E3027

16 analog inputs, differential, 16-bit

Voltage or current inputs

4 GB extended memory

Buffered real-time clock

Stainless steel housing – IP 67

Fast distributed data acquisition

Integrated Ethernet switch  
**+85 °C\*** **-25 °C** **+85 °C\*** **-40 °C**  
 IP 67  
 ARM<sup>9</sup> Technology  
 Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range  
 On request: Compare logic for synchro trigger signal  
 4 GB flash memory, real-time clock  
 \*Operating temperature



on request



DatabaseConnect  
see page 114



More information on  
[www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Analog inputs

- 16 diff. inputs, 16-bit, 5-pin M12 female connector
- Sampling frequency max. 100 kHz, up to 4 simultaneous channels
- Input ranges:  $\pm 5$  V,  $\pm 10$  V (16-bit), 0-5 V, 0-10 V (15-bit)
- Gain PGA x1, x2, x10, x20, x100, x200, x1000, x2000 software-programmable, signals up to  $\pm 5$  mV (16-bit) are possible
- Current inputs 0(4) to 20 mA optional

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation
- Input filters
- Overvoltage protection  $\pm 40$  V
- Internal temperature monitoring

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

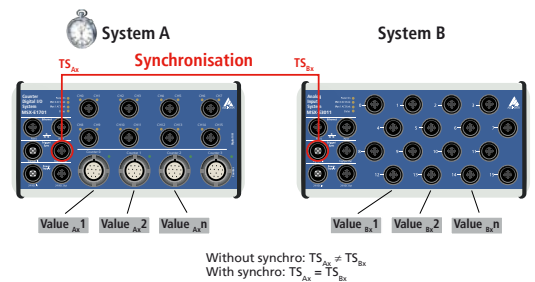
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

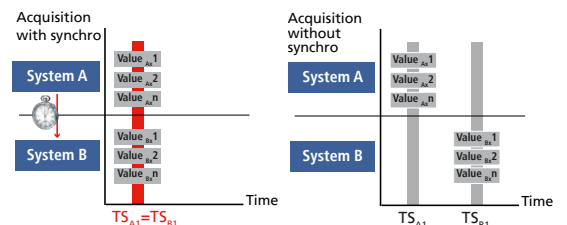
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.

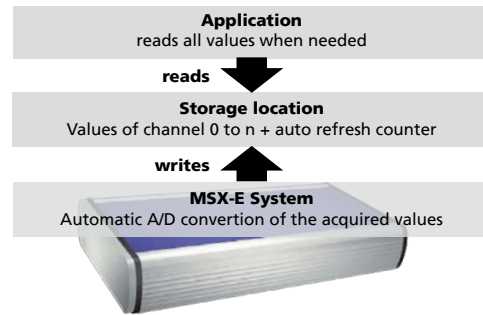




## Acquisition modes

### Auto-refresh mode

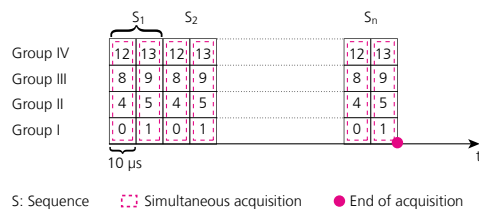
In auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



### Sequence mode

In sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.

Example: 8 channels, each with 10  $\mu$ s



### Acquisition speed

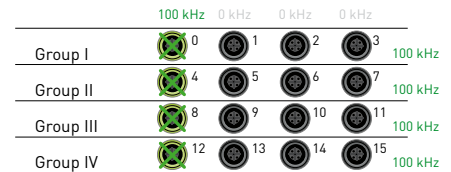
#### Different wiring

for 25 kHz/channel and 100 kHz/groups

#### Horizontal wiring (with 4 gauges/sensors)



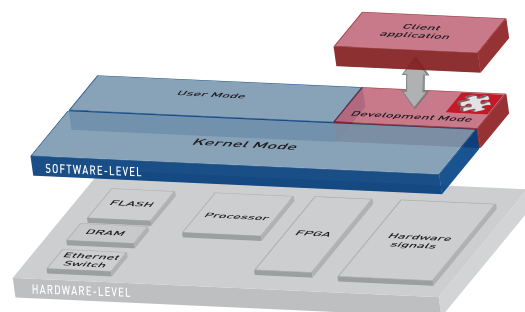
#### Vertical wiring (with 4 gauges/sensors)



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



### Buffered real-time clock

The MSX-E3027 system features a buffered real-time clock (SuperCap). This clock keeps on running 4 weeks after the MSX-E system has been switched off. After a new start, the system time is still the current time.

\* Preliminary product information

## ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions.

In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3027:

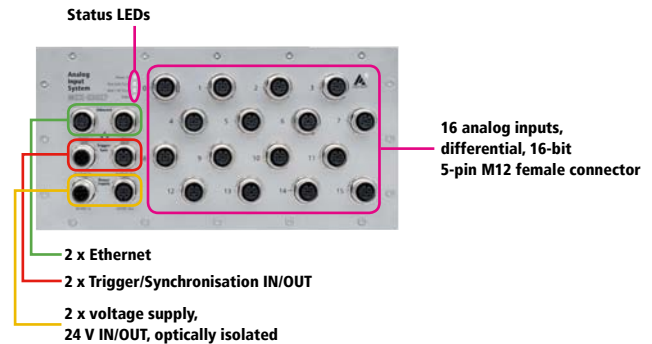
- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Monitor for analog inputs

Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.

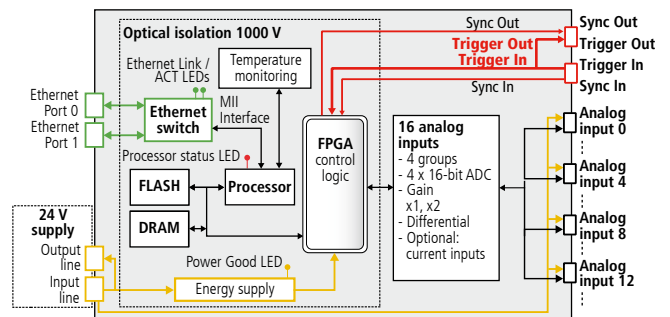


Example of monitor function: Testing the analog inputs.

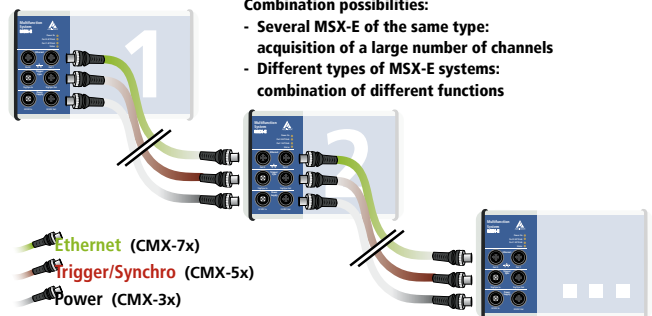
## Features



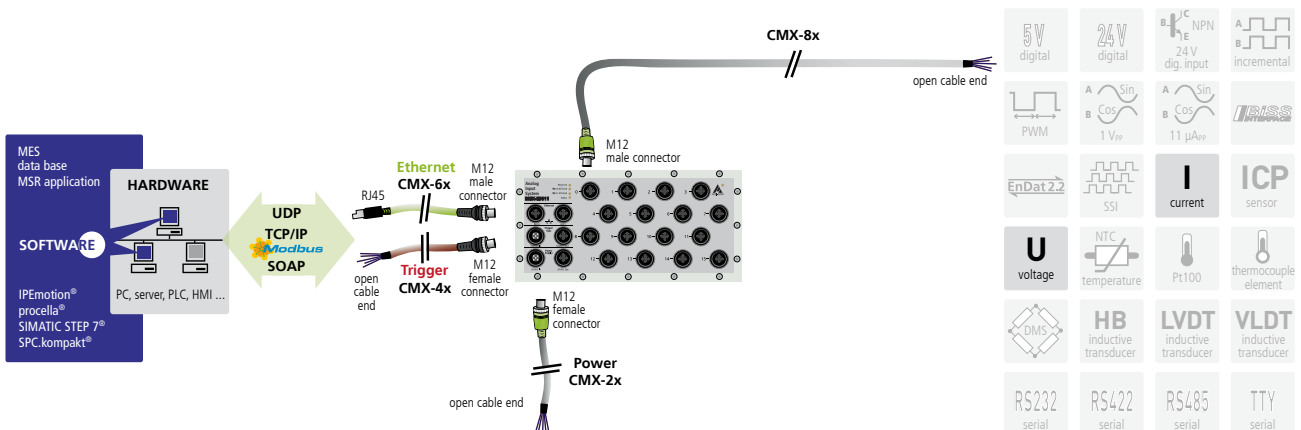
## Simplified block diagram



## Cascading



## ADDI-DATA connection technology



\* Preliminary product information



## Specifications\*

### Analog inputs

Number/type:	16 differential inputs
Architecture:	4 groups of 4 channels each 4-port simultaneous converter with one 4-channel multiplexer per converter
Resolution:	16-bit, SAR ADC
Accuracy:	± 1.221 mV typ. (± 4 LSB) ± 2.442 mV max.
Relative Accuracy (INL):	± 3 LSB max (ADC)
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Input ranges	± 5 V, ± 10 V (16-bit), 0-5 V, 0-10 V (15-bit) current inputs optional
Sampling frequency:	25 kHz per channel / 100 kHz max.
Gain:	x1, x2, x10, x20, x100, x200, x1000, x2000 software-programmable
Common mode rejection:	80 dB min. DC up to 60 Hz (diff. amplifier)
Input impedance (PGA):	10 <sup>9</sup> Ω / 10nF against GND
Bandwidth (-3dB):	160 kHz limited through TP filters 16 Hz version with differential filter
Trigger:	digital input, synchro, software-programmable
Offset error:	± 1 LSB (± 305 µV)
Gain error:	± 2.5 LSB
Temperature drift:	2.3 x V <sub>m</sub> + 22.5 (µV/°C) typ.
V <sub>in</sub> : input voltage in Volts (-10 V ≤ V <sub>m</sub> ≤ +10 V) In the temperature range from -40°C to +85°C:	4.5 ppm/°C FSR

### Data storage

RAM:	64 MB
FLASH:	4 MB for system data
Extended FLASH memory:	4 GB (3.7 GB for measured data)
Buffered real-time clock:	approx. 4 weeks at 20 °C

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Degree of protection:	IP 67
Current consumption at 24 V:	160 mA
Operating temperature:	-25 °C to +85 °C -40 °C to +85 °C on request
<b>Connectors for sensors</b>	
For analog inputs:	8 x 5-pin M12 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3027

Ethernet analog input system, 16 analog inputs, differential, 16-bit. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

### Connection cables

#### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 67

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 67

#### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 67

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 67

#### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

#### Connection to peripherals

**CMX-8x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 67

### Options

**PC-Diff:** Current input 0(4)-20 mA for 1 input, diff.  
(please indicate the number of channels)

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:** Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V

**MX-Rail** (please specify when ordering!), **PCMX-1x**

\*Preliminary product information



# Ethernet multifunction system

## 6 diff./SE inputs, 4 analog outputs, 32 digital I/O

**New!\***



### MSX-E3121

6 analog inputs, differential/single-ended, 24-bit

Voltage or current inputs

4 analog outputs, 16-bit

32 digital I/O

24 V digital trigger input



Integrated Ethernet switch



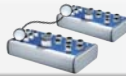
\*Operating temperature



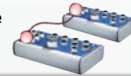
IP 65



ARM9 Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



On request: Compare logic for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect see page 114



More information at [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM9 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation 1000 V
- Input filters

### Analog inputs

- 6 diff./SE inputs, 24-bit, 4-pin M12 female connector
- Sampling frequency max. 100 kHz/channel

### Analog outputs

- 4 voltage outputs or 2 voltage outputs and 2 current outputs

### Digital input and output

- 16 digital inputs, 24 V, optically isolated
- 16 digital outputs, 24 V, optically isolated

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

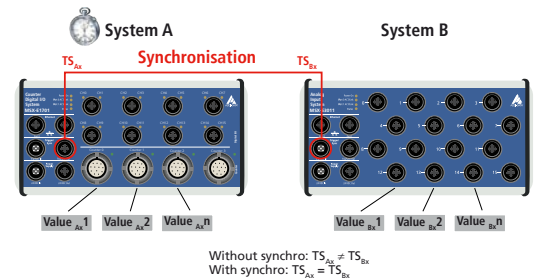
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
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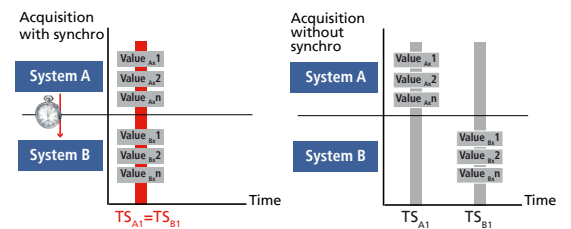
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.

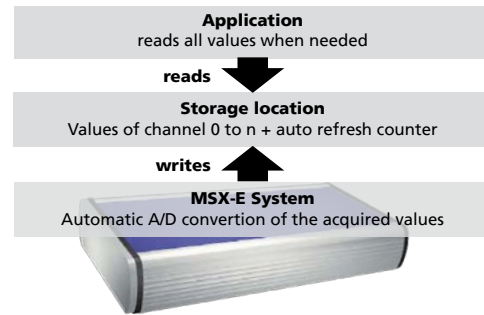


\* Preliminary product information

## Acquisition modes

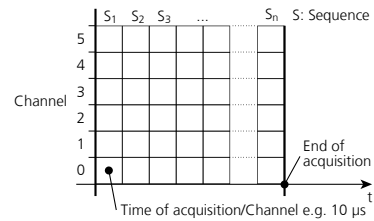
### Auto-refresh mode

In auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



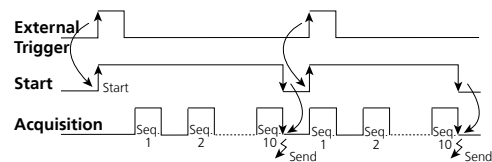
### Sequence mode

In sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.



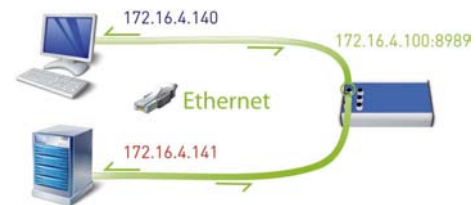
### Acquisition triggered through trigger or synchro input

**Example:** A measurement process is to be started through an external trigger impulse. For each trigger, 10 sequences are to be acquired. After the acquisition of the 10 sequences they are to be sent to the client.



### Reading data from a MSX-E system

MSX-E systems are multi-client capable, this means several clients (e. g. PC, server, PLC, ...) can read the measurement values of one MSX-E system at the same time. For this, each client establishes a socket connection to the data server of the MSX-E system (port 8989). As soon as the measurement values are available on the data server, the MSX-E system transfers them to the clients.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### New: Cycle mode

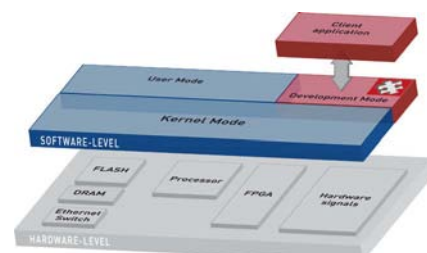
MSX-E systems which are used in stand-alone operation can be controlled through the cycle mode. The cycle mode is a cyclic processing of a program written by the user – the inputs are acquired and the values calculated, if required. At the same time a digital or analog output is possible. Measurement values are read in the auto-refresh mode, thus the current value is always available. A selectable clock pulse (1 ms up to 65535 ms) is available. The programming is executed onboard according to IEC 61131-3.

```

GLOBAL
END
(*Task1 with 10ms pulse*)
TASK Task1_10
  HEADER
    VAR REAL Sensor1Volt 0
    VAR DWORD Sensor1_16#0
  END
  BODY
    (* Reading of Sensor1 as digital value *)
    LD %I0.0.0
    ST Sensor1
    (* Reading of Sensor1 as float value*)
    LD %I0.0.0
    ST Sensor1Volt
  END
END
    
```

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



\*Preliminary product information

### ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are recognised automatically in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3121:

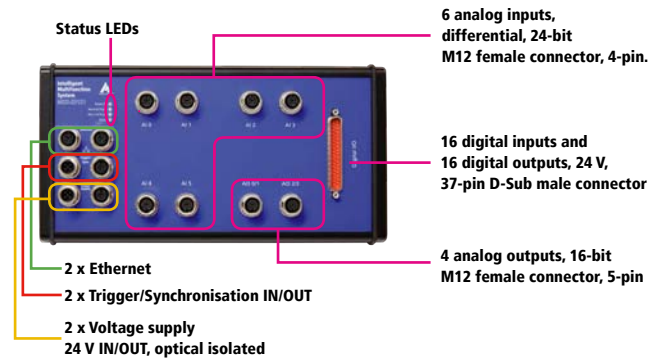
- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Monitoring the analog inputs/outputs

Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.

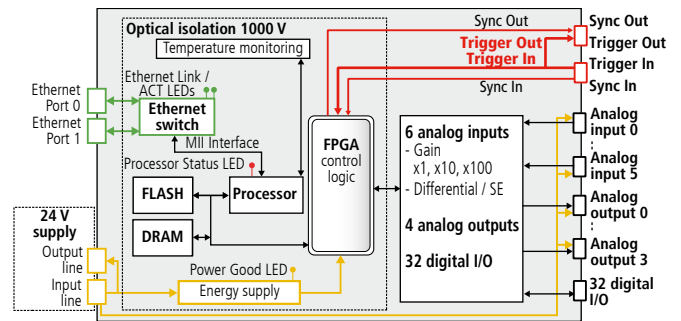


Monitor function example: Check of the analog outputs – value display without programming.

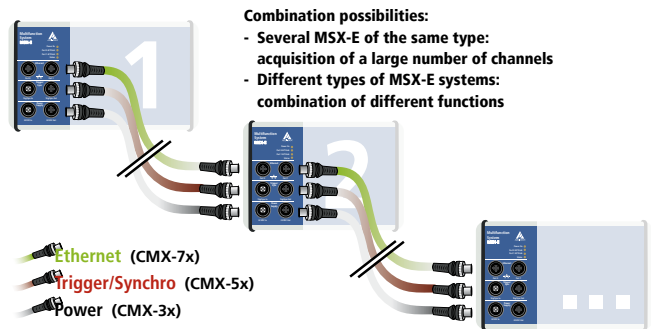
### Features



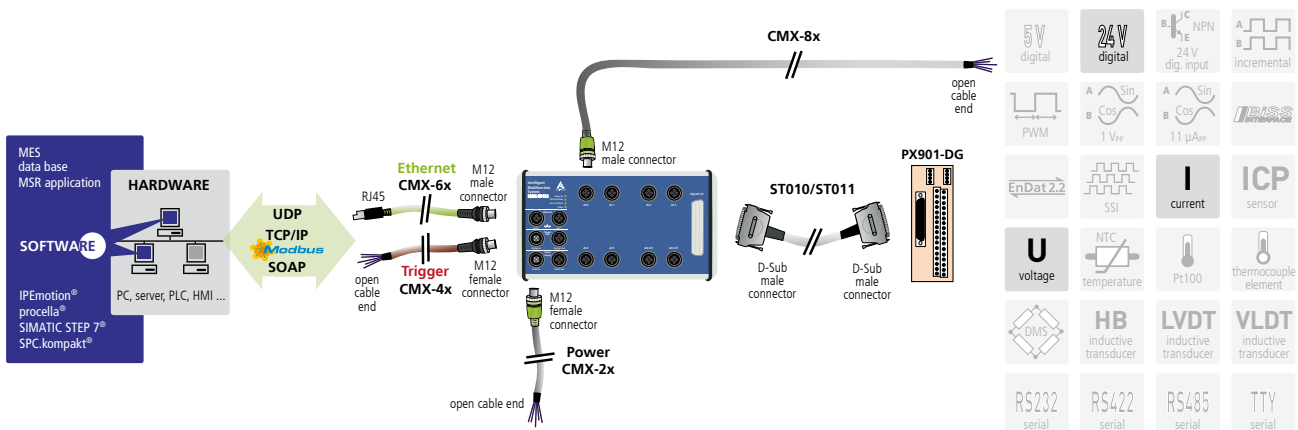
### Simplified block diagram



### Cascading



### ADDI-DATA connection technology



\* Preliminary product information

## Specifications\*

## Analog inputs

Number/type:	6 differential inputs, 1 A/D converter per channel
Resolution:	24-bit
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Input ranges:	$\pm 10\text{ V}$ , $\pm 1\text{ V}$ , $\pm 100\text{ mV}$ , $\pm 10\text{ mV}$ (24-bit), 0-10 V, 0-1 V, 0-100 mV, 0-10 mV (23-bit), software-programmable, current input optional
Input frequency:	100 kHz per channel
Gain:	x1, x10, x100 software-programmable
Trigger:	digital input, synchro, software-programmable

## Analog outputs

Number of outputs:	4
Resolution:	16-bit (bipolar) / 15-bit (unipolar)
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Output range:	Voltage output: 0-10 V ( $\pm 10\text{ V}$ ) Current output: 0-20 mA
Output value after reset:	0 V voltage output, not calibrated

## Digital inputs

Number of inputs:	16, common ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Nominal voltage:	24 VDC
Input voltage:	0 – 30 V
Logic input levels:	UH (max) 30 V typ.      UH (min) 19 V typ. UL (max) 14 V typ.      UL (min) 0 V typ.

## Digital outputs

Number of outputs:	16
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Output type:	High-side, load to ground acc. IEC 1131-2
Nominal voltage:	24 V
Voltage supply:	11 – 36 V
Output current per output:	150 mA max.
Diagnostics:	Common diagnostic bit for 16 channels at overtemperature of one channel

## Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

## System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions (mm):	270 x 140 x 35
Weight:	approx. 1200 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption at 24 V:	390 mA typ. $\pm 10\%$
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to +85 °C
<b>Connectors for sensors</b>	
For analog inputs:	6 x 4-pin female connector M12
For analog outputs:	2 x 5-pin female connector M12
For digital I/O:	1 x 37-pin D-Sub male connector

## Ordering information

## MSX-E3121

Ethernet multifunction system, 6 diff./SE inputs, 4 analog outputs, 32 digital I/O. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

## Versions

<b>MSX-E3121-6-4:</b>	4 voltage outputs
<b>MSX-E3121-6-4C:</b>	2 voltage outputs, 2 current outputs

## Connection cables

## Voltage supply

<b>CMX-2x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
<b>CMX-3x:</b>	For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

## Trigger/Synchro

<b>CMX-4x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
<b>CMX-5x:</b>	For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

## Ethernet

<b>CMX-6x:</b>	CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector
<b>CMX-7x:</b>	For cascading: CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

## Connection to peripherals

<b>CMX-8x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65
<b>ST010:</b>	Standard round cable, shielded, twisted pairs, 2m
<b>PX901-DG:</b>	Screw terminal panel LED status display for DIN rail

## Options

<b>PC-Diff:</b>	Current input 0(4)-20 mA for 1 input, diff. (please indicate the number of channels)
-----------------	--

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:**

Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs  
**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V  
**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (Please specify when ordering!), **MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**

\* Preliminary product information

# Ethernet multifunction system

## 6 diff./SE inputs, 4 analog outputs, 64 dig. I/O

**New!\***



### MSX-E3122

6 analog inputs,  
differential/Single-Ended, 24-bit

Voltage or current inputs

4 analog outputs, 16-bit, voltage outputs,  
current outputs

64 digital I/O, 24 V

24 V digital trigger input



Integrated  
Ethernet  
switch



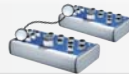
\*Operating temperature



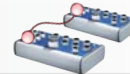
IP 65



ARM9  
Technology



Cascadable,  
can be synchronised  
in the  $\mu$ s range



On request:  
Compare logic for  
synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect  
see page 114



More information on  
[www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM9 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation • Input filters

### Analog inputs

- 6 diff./SE inputs, 24-bit, 4-pin M12 female connector
- Sampling frequency max. 100 kHz/channel

### Analog outputs

- 4 voltage outputs or  
2 voltage and 2 current outputs

### Digital I/O

- 32 optically isolated digital inputs, 24 V
- 32 optically isolated digital outputs, 24 V

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

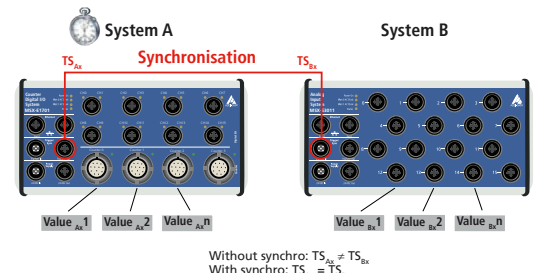
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

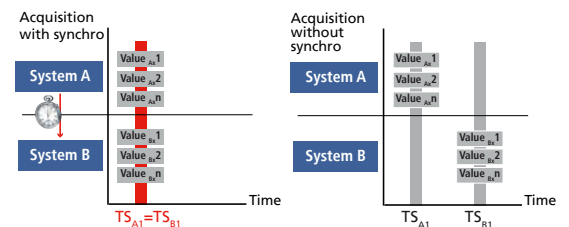
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

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The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.



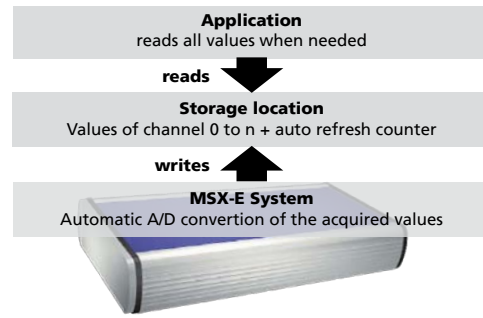
\* Preliminary  
Product information



## Acquisition modes

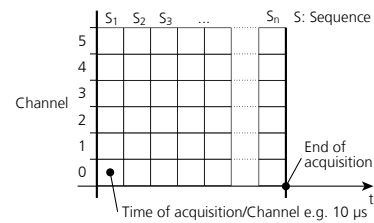
### Auto-refresh mode

In auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



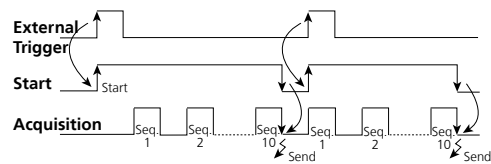
### Sequence mode

In sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.



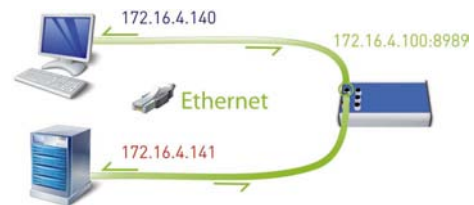
### Acquisition triggered through trigger or synchro input

**Example:** A measurement process is to be started through an external trigger impulse. For each trigger, 10 sequences are to be acquired. After the acquisition of the 10 sequences they are to be sent to the client.



### Reading data from a MSX-E system

MSX-E systems are multi-client capable, this means several clients (e. g. PC, server, PLC, ...) can read the measurement values of one MSX-E system at the same time. For this, each client establishes a socket connection to the data server of the MSX-E system (port 8989). As soon as the measurement values are available on the data server, the MSX-E system transfers them to the clients.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### New: Cycle mode

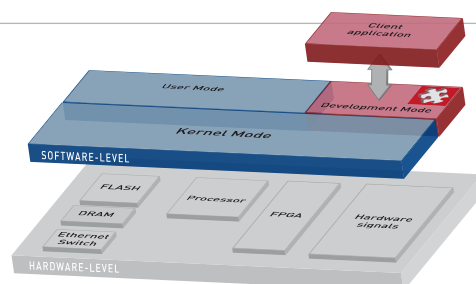
MSX-E systems which are used in stand-alone operation can be controlled through the cycle mode. The cycle mode is a cyclic processing of a program written by the user – the inputs are acquired and the values calculated, if required. At the same time a digital or analog output is possible. Measurement values are read in the auto-refresh mode, thus the current value is always available. A selectable clock pulse (1 ms up to 65535 ms) is available. The programming is executed onboard according to IEC 61131-3.

```

GLOBAL
END
(*Task1 with 10ms pulse*)
TASK Task1_10
  HEADER
    VAR REAL Sensor1volt 0
    VAR DWORD Sensor1_16#0
  END
  BODY
    (* Reading of Sensor1 as digital value *)
    LD %I0.0.0
    ST Sensor1
    (* Reading of Sensor1 as float value*)
    LD %I0.0.0
    ST Sensor1volt
  END
END
    
```

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



\* Preliminary product information

**ConfigTools**

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

**ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3122:**

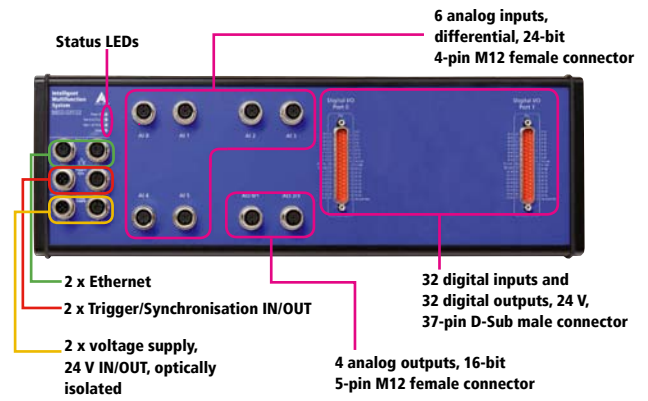
- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Monitor for analog inputs and outputs

Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.

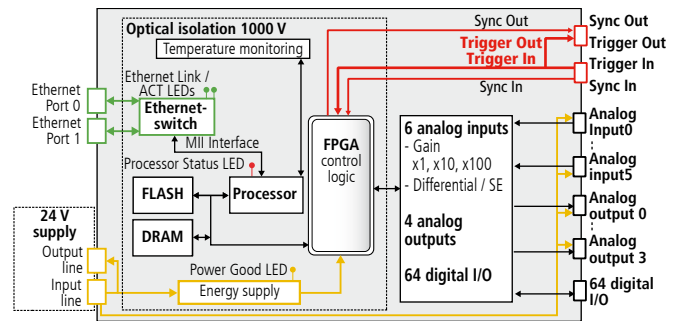


Example of monitor function: Testing the analog outputs – Value output without programming.

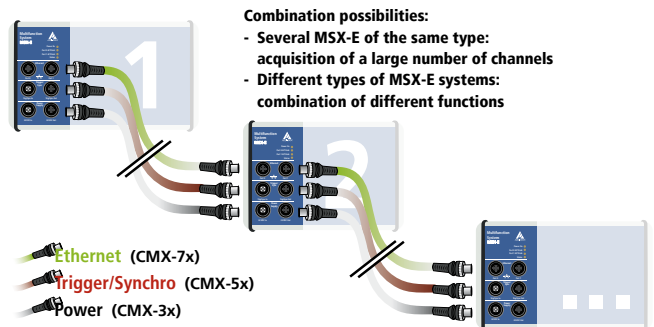
**Features**



**Simplified block diagram**

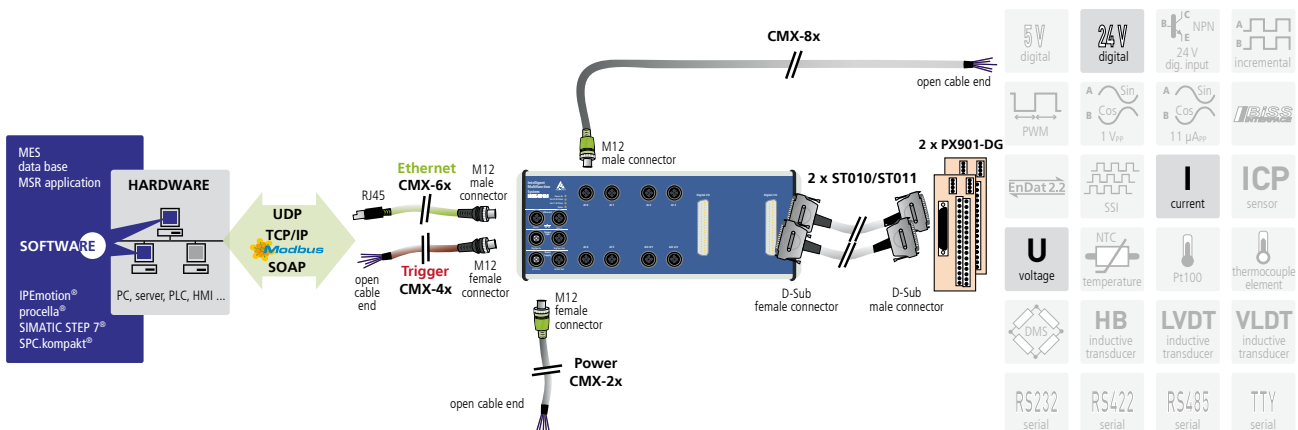


**Cascading**



- Combination possibilities:**
- Several MSX-E of the same type: acquisition of a large number of channels
  - Different types of MSX-E systems: combination of different functions

**ADDI-DATA connection technology**



\* Preliminary product information



## Specifications\*

### Analog inputs

Number/type:	6 differential/Single-Ended inputs (software-configurable), 1 A/D converter per channel
Resolution:	24-bit
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Input ranges:	$\pm 10$ V, $\pm 1$ V, $\pm 100$ mV, $\pm 10$ mV (24-bit), 0-10 V, 0-1 V, 0-100 mV, 0-10 mV (23-Bit), software-programmable, current inputs 0(4) – 20 mA optional
Sampling frequency:	100 kHz per channel
Gain:	x1, x10, x100, software-programmable
Trigger:	Digital input, synchro, software-programmable

### Analog outputs

Number of outputs:	4
Resolution:	16-bit (bipolar) / 15-bit (unipolar)
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Output range:	Voltage output: 0-10 V ( $\pm 10$ V) Current output: 0-20 mA
Output value after reset:	0 V voltage output, not calibrated

### Digital inputs

Number of inputs:	32, common ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Nominal voltage:	24 VDC
Input voltage:	0 – 30 V
Logic input levels:	UH (max) 30 V typ. UH (min) 19 V typ. UL (max) 14 V typ. UL (min) 0 V typ.

### Digital outputs

Number of outputs:	32
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Output type:	High-side, load to ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Nominal voltage:	24 V
Voltage supply:	11 – 30 V
Output current per channel:	500 mA max.
Max. total current of 16 outputs:	2 A
Diagnostics:	Common diagnostics bit for all 16 channels at Overtemperature of one channel

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions:	380 x 130 x 50 mm
Weight:	in preparation
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption at 24 V:	390 mA typ. $\pm 10$ %
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to +85 °C
<b>Connectors for sensors</b>	
For analog inputs:	6 x 4-pin M12 female connector
For analog outputs:	2 x 5-pin M12 female connector
For digital I/O:	2 x 37-pin D-Sub male connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3122

Ethernet multifunction system, 6 diff./SE inputs, 4 analog outputs, 64 digital I/O. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

### Versions

<b>MSX-E3122:</b>	4 voltage outputs
<b>MSX-E3122-C:</b>	2 voltage outputs, 2 current outputs

### Connection cables

#### Voltage supply

<b>CMX-2x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
<b>CMX-3x:</b>	For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

<b>CMX-4x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
<b>CMX-5x:</b>	For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Ethernet

<b>CMX-6x:</b>	CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector
<b>CMX-7x:</b>	For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

#### Connection to peripherals

<b>CMX-8x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65
<b>ST010:</b>	Standard round cable, shielded, twisted pairs, 2 m
<b>PX901-DG:</b>	Screw terminal board, LED Status display, for DIN rail

#### Options

<b>PC-Diff:</b>	Current input 0(4)-20 mA for 1 input, diff. (please indicate the number of channels)
-----------------	---

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:** Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V  
**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (please specify when ordering!),  
**MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**

\* Preliminary product information



# Ethernet analog output system

## 8 analog outputs (voltage and/or current), 16-bit



MSX-E3511 / MSX-E3511-C

8 analog outputs, 16-bit

Voltage or current outputs

Function generator for the output of any signal type, e. g. sine curves, sawtooth curves etc. – can be configured separately for each channel

M12 connector

24 V trigger input



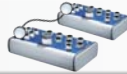
Integrated Ethernet switch



\*Operating temperature



ARM<sup>9</sup> Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



on request



More information on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation
- Diagnostics in case of short-circuits (voltage mode) or line break (current mode)
- Internal temperature monitoring

### Analog outputs

- 8 analog outputs, 16-bit:  
MSX-E3511: voltage outputs 0-10 V,  $\pm 10$  V  
MSX-E3511-C: each output can be configured as voltage or current output 0-20 mA
- Output voltage after reset 0 V
- 5-pin M12 female connector
- Output mode/operation mode: Data output per software function, trigger input or synchro output

### Function generator

- Output of any signal type, e. g. sine curves, sawtooth curves etc.
- Maximal 8 channels (each channel independently)
- Can be used without programming skills, e. g. via .csv-file or mathematic functions such as  $f(x) = \sin(x)$

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

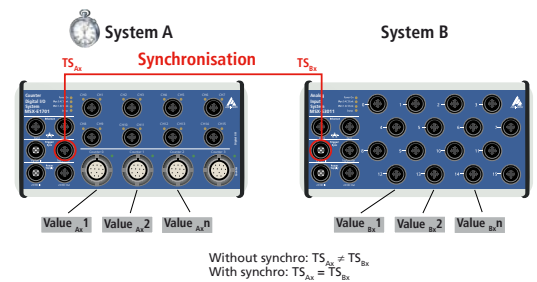
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

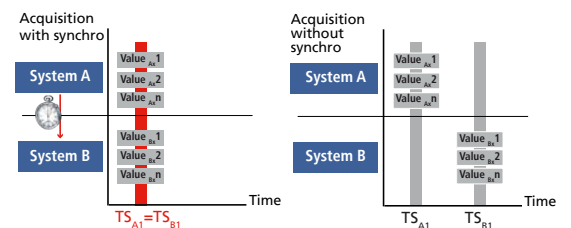
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.





## Output modes

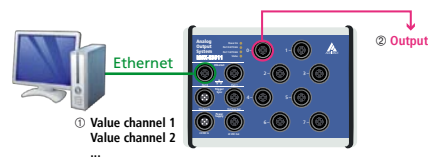
**Output modes** – Analog output values can be generated either via direct access or through function generator:

### 1. Direct access

In direct access, the values of the outputs are transmitted via SOAP or Modbus function.

For each function call, 1 value (for one or several outputs) is sent.

The value output is triggered per software, 24V hardware or synchro trigger.

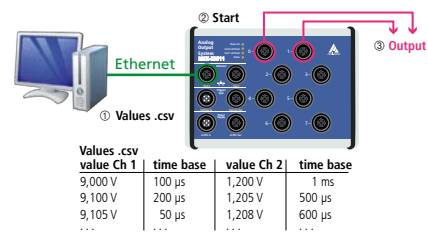


### 2. Function generator

The MSX-E3511 system features a function generator for each analog output. The values are sent either automatically at a defined rate or using a trigger. The 24V trigger input or the synchro trigger can be used, included those issued by another MSX-E system.

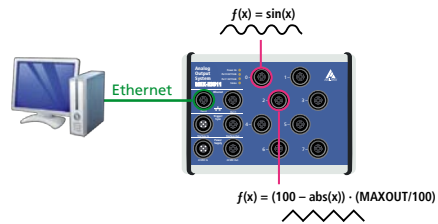
#### Generator with CSV file

The value are transmitted to the function generator via a CSV file which contains both the values and the number of cycles for each value.



#### Generator with mathematical formula

The values are generated through a formula, e.g.  $f(x) = \sin(x)$ .

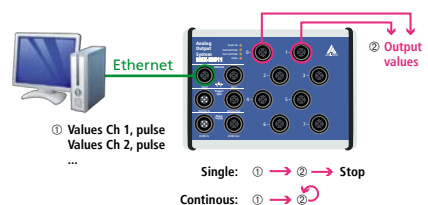


#### „Single Mode“ Generator

In „Single Mode“, an array with values is sent to the respective generator via SOAP function. After all values have been transmitted, the generator stops automatically (outputs = 0V).

#### „Continuous Mode“ Generator

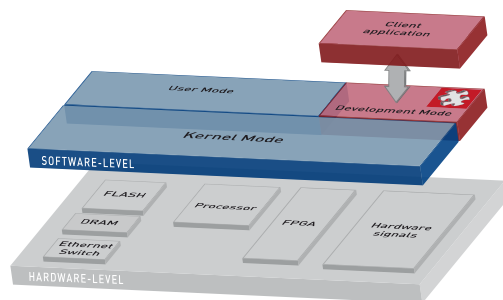
In „Continuous Mode“, an array with values is sent to the respective generator via SOAP function. After all values have been transmitted, the generator automatically starts again at the first value.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



## Safety

### Watchdog

The MSX-E3511 Ethernet system has a 16-bit watchdog which can be programmed in 3 time units (µs, ms, s). The watchdog is used for automatically resetting the digital outputs to 0 V after a defined time in order e. g. to switch off actuators if an error has occurred.

### ConfigTools

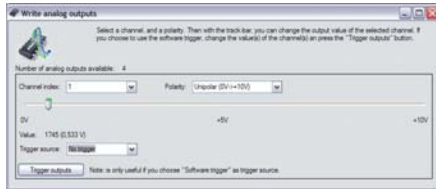
The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3511 / MSX-E3511-C:

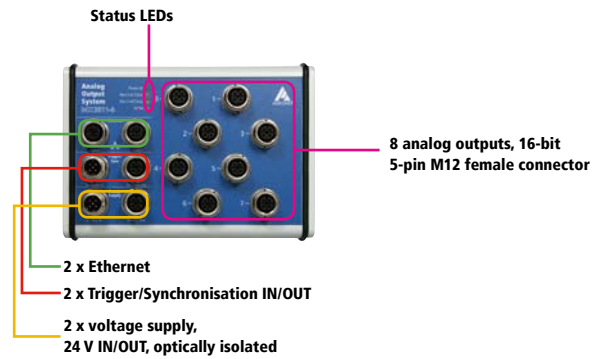
- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration

Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.

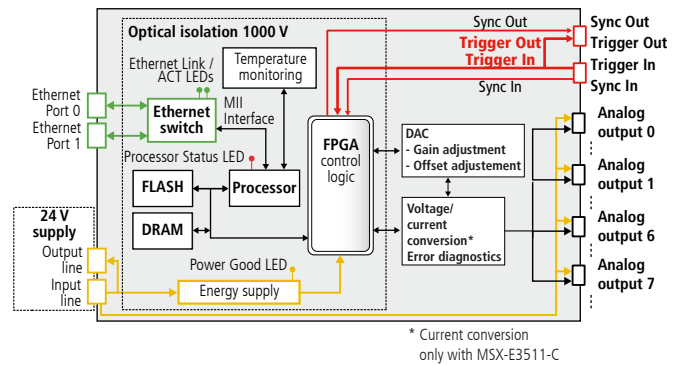


**Example of monitor function:**  
Testing the analog outputs – Value output without programming.

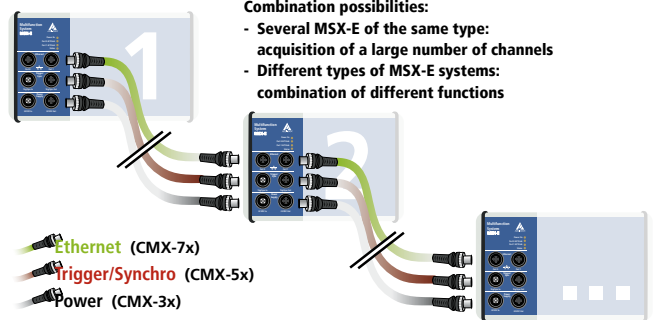
### Features



### Simplified block diagram

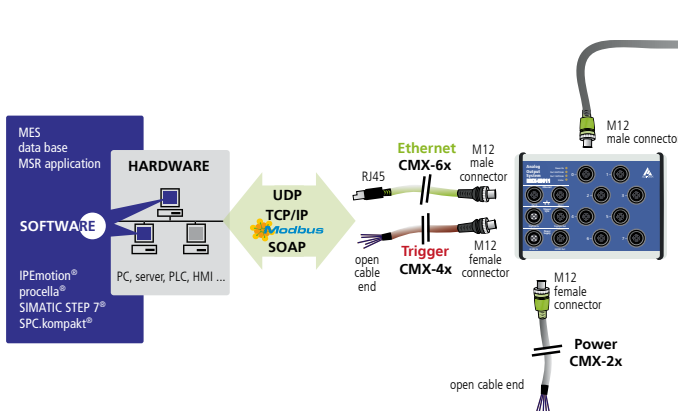


### Cascading



- Combination possibilities:**
- Several MSX-E of the same type: acquisition of a large number of channels
  - Different types of MSX-E systems: combination of different functions

### ADDI-DATA connection technology



5V digital	24V digital	B <sub>1</sub> C NPN E 24 V dig. input	A <sub>1</sub> B Incremental
PWM	A Sin B Cos 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	A Sin B Cos 11 μA <sub>pp</sub>	IBIS
EnDat2.2	SSI	I current	ICP sensor
U voltage	NTC temperature	Pt100	thermocouple element
DMS	HB inductive transducer	LVDT inductive transducer	VLDT inductive transducer
RS232 serial	RS422 serial	RS485 serial	TTY serial



## Specifications

### Analog outputs

Number of outputs:	8	
Resolution:	16-bit (bipolar) 15-bit (unipolar)	
Optical isolation:	1000 V	
Output range:	voltage output:	0-10 V ( $\pm 10$ V)
	current output:	0-20 mA
Output velocity:	Voltage version: max. 40 kHz Voltage version: max. 25 kHz FSR (Full Scale Range) Current version: depending on load	
Overvoltage protection:	$\pm 14$ V	
Output current/Last:	voltage output:	15 mA, min. 680 $\Omega$
	current output:	20 mA, max. 550 $\Omega$
Short-circuit current:	Voltage output:	$\pm 20$ mA
	Current output:	$\pm 32$ mA
Output value after reset	0 V voltage output, not calibrated	
↑ watchdog (programmable):	16-bit, 1 $\mu$ s to 65535 s	

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3	
Dimensions:	154 mm x 110 mm x 50 mm	
Weight:	620 g	
Degree of protection:	IP 65	
Current consumption at 24 V:	150 mA	without load
	310 mA	current outputs switched on
	410 mA	voltage outputs switched on
Operating temperature:	- 40°C to + 85°C	

### Connectors for sensors

**Analog outputs** 8 x 5-pin M12 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3511 / MSX-E3511-C

Ethernet analog output system, 8 analog outputs (voltage and/or current), 16-bit. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

### Versions

**MSX-E3511-C:** Ethernet analog output system, 8 analog outputs (voltage and/or current), 16-bit

**MSX-E3511:** Ethernet analog output system, 8 analog outputs, only voltage for fast signal output, 16-bit

### Connection cables

#### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

### Connection to peripherals

**CMX-8x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin male connector/open end, IP 65

### Options

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:** Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V

**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (please specify when ordering!),

**MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**

# Ethernet system for temperature measurement

## 16/8/4 channels for thermocouples or RTD, 24-bit



### MSX-E3211

16/8/4 differential inputs, 24-bit

For thermocouples or RTD (Pt100, Pt1000)

Simultaneous data acquisition up to 8 channels

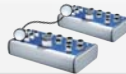
24 V digital trigger input



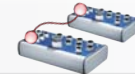
Integrated Ethernet switch



\*Operating temperature



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



On request: Compare logic for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect see page 114



More information at [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>®</sup>9 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation
- Input filters

### Temperature inputs

- 16/8/4 differential inputs for thermocouples or RTD, 24-bit
- Sampling frequency max. 788 Hz/channel (max. 8/4/2 channels simultaneously)
- Auto gain: Optimal adjustment of the gain to the measuring range
- Integrated cold junction compensation (CJC) for thermocouples
- NTC sensors optional

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- 24 V supply and cascading

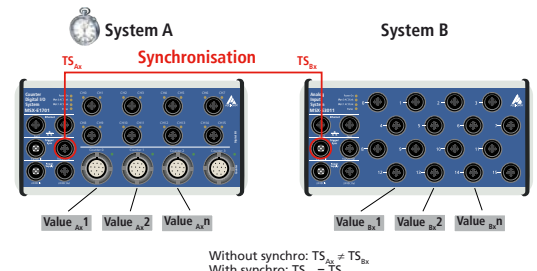
### Communication interface

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

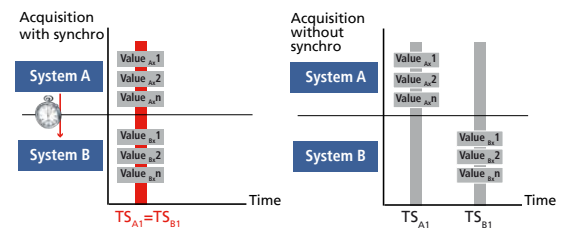
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.

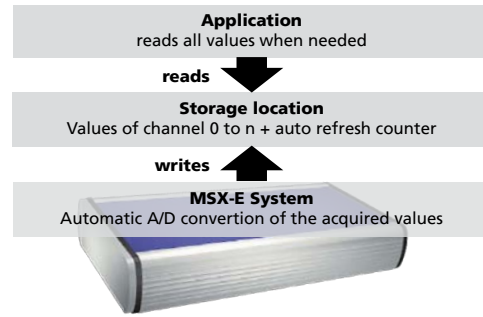




## Acquisition modes

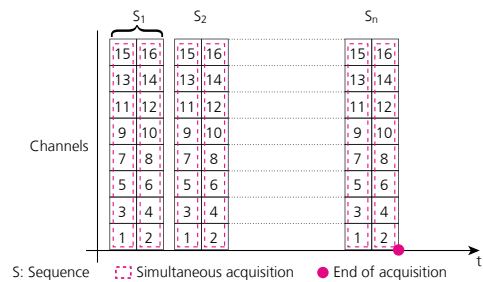
### Auto-refresh mode

In auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



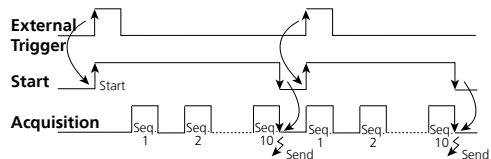
### Sequence mode

In sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.



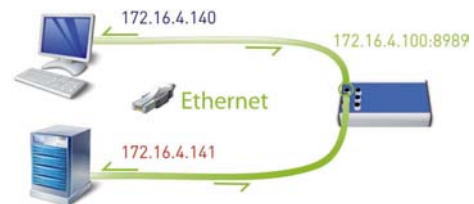
### Acquisition triggered through trigger or synchro input

**Example:** A measurement process is to be started through an external trigger impulse. For each trigger, 10 sequences are to be acquired. After the acquisition of the 10 sequences they are to be sent to the client.



### Reading data from a MSX-E system

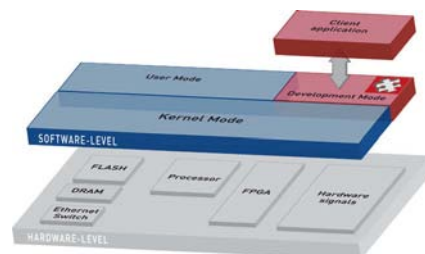
MSX-E systems are multi-client capable, this means several clients (e. g. PC, server, PLC, ...) can read the measurement values of one MSX-E system at the same time. For this, each client establishes a socket connection to the data server of the MSX-E system (port 8989). As soon as the measurement values are available on the data server, the MSX-E system transfers them to the clients.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



### NOTE

With thermocouples, it is only possible to capture the relative temperature between the terminal to which the thermocouple is connected and the welding spot. For this reason, in order to calculate the actual temperature at the measuring point, it is necessary to capture an absolute temperature on a second sensor (PTC). This is called cold junction compensation (CJC) and is included on the MSX-E3211-TC system.

### ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are recognised automatically in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions.

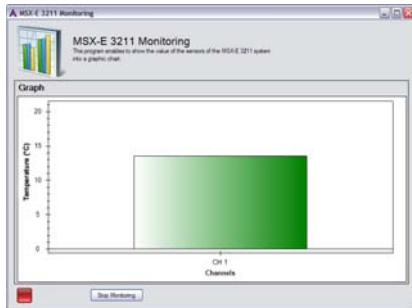
In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3211:

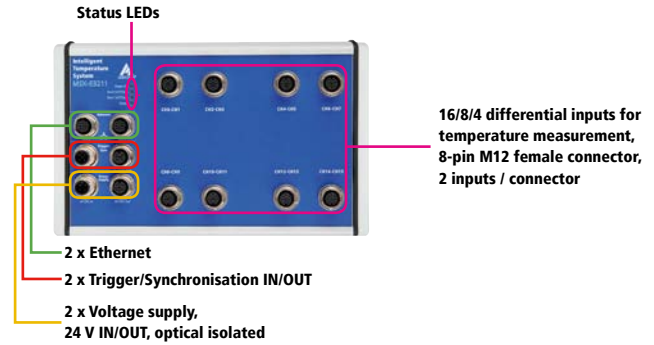
- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Monitoring the temperature inputs

Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.

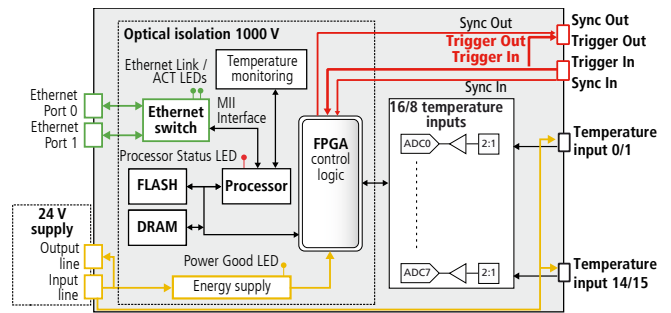


Monitor function example for temperature inputs

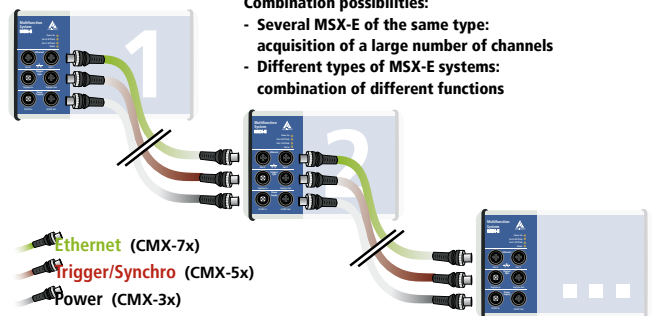
### Features



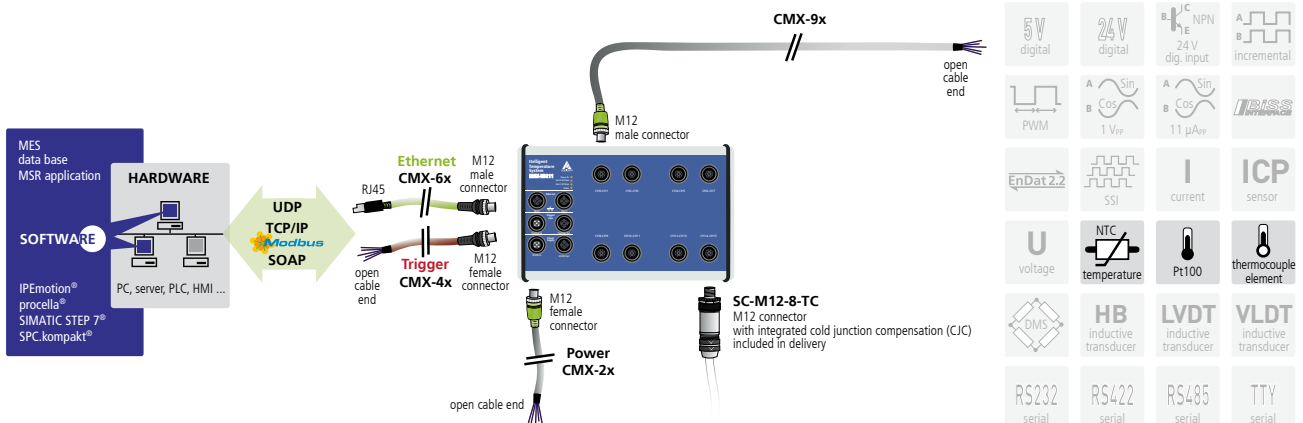
### Simplified block diagram



### Cascading



### ADDI-DATA connection technology





## Specifications

### Analog inputs

Number of inputs:	16, 8 or 4 differential inputs for thermocouples or RTD 2 outputs for each M12 connector		
Resolution:	24-bit		
Optical isolation:	1000 V		
Throughput:	max. 788 Hz for 1 channel, max. 528 Hz for 2 channels		
Current source:	~200 µA (intern kalibriert)		
Real acquisition frequency:	at	at	Sampling frequency (software programmable)
	1 channel	2 channels	
	2.37 Hz	1.585 Hz	5 Hz
	4.73 Hz	3.154 Hz	10 Hz
	9.37 Hz	6.243 Hz	20 Hz
	18.9 Hz	12.6 Hz	40 Hz
	37.35 Hz	24.89 Hz	80 Hz
	73 Hz	48.65 Hz	160 Hz
	145 Hz	96.8 Hz	320 Hz
	276.4 Hz	184.26 Hz	640 Hz
	407.83 Hz	271.96 Hz	1 kHz
	788 Hz	525.48 Hz	2 kHz

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions (mm):	220 x 140 x 50
Weight:	620 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption:	150 mA ± 10 % typ. in idle/power save
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to +85 °C

### Connectors for sensors

Analog inputs: 8, 4 or 2 x 8-pin M12 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3211

Ethernet system for temperature measurement, 16/8/4 channels for thermocouples or RTD, 24-bit. Incl. technical description and software drivers.

#### Versions

<b>MSX-E3211-TC-16:</b>	for 16 thermocouples
<b>MSX-E3211-TC-8:</b>	for 8 thermocouples
<b>MSX-E3211-TC-16:</b>	for 4 thermocouples
<b>MSX-E3211-RTD-16:</b>	for 16 RTD
<b>MSX-E3211-RTD-8:</b>	for 8 RTD
<b>MSX-E3211-RTD-4:</b>	for 4 RTD

#### Connection cables

##### Voltage supply

<b>CMX-2x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
<b>CMX-3x:</b>	For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

##### Trigger/Synchro

<b>CMX-4x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
<b>CMX-5x:</b>	For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Ethernet

<b>CMX-6x:</b>	CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector
<b>CMX-7x:</b>	For cascading: CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

#### Cold junction compensation

<b>SC-M12-8-TC:</b>	M12 8-pin connector for connecting thermocouples with integrated CJC. (Included in delivery!)
---------------------	---

#### Options

<b>S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:</b>	Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs
<b>MSX-E 5V-Trigger:</b>	Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V
<b>MSX-E-Filter-20Hz:</b>	20 Hz input filter
<b>MSX-E-NTC-100µA:</b>	for NTC sensors with 0-20 kΩ
<b>MSX-E-NTC-50µA:</b>	for NTC sensors with 0-40 kΩ
<b>MX-Rail</b>	(Please specify when ordering!)
<b>MX-Screw, PCMX-1x</b>	



# Ethernet system for pressure/force measurement

## 16/8 channels for strain gauges, 24-bit



### MSX-E3311

16/8 differential inputs, 24-bit

For strain gauges

Simultaneous acquisition of up to 8 channels

24 V digital trigger input



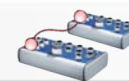
Integrated Ethernet switch



\*Operating temperature



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



On request: Compare logic for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect see page 114



More information on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation
- Input filters

### Inputs for strain gauges

- 16/8 differential inputs for strain gauges, 24-bit
- Sampling frequency max. 788 Hz/channel (max. 8/4 channels simultaneously)
- Autogain: Optimal adjustment of the gain to the measuring range
- Integrated sensor supply: 10 V, 50 mA (5 V optional)

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

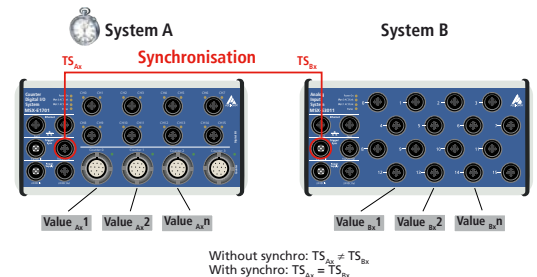
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

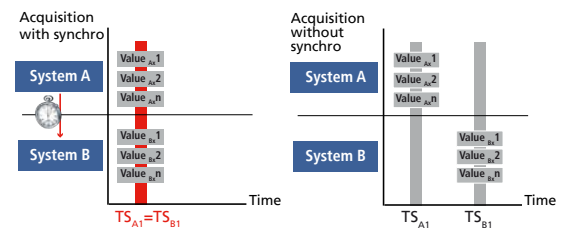
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.

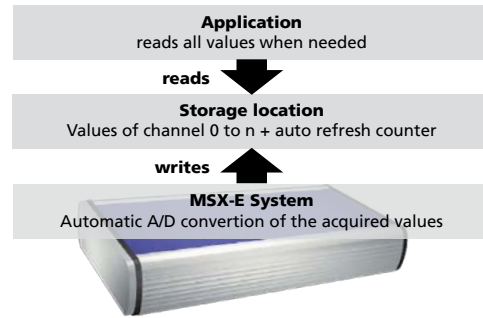




## Acquisition modes

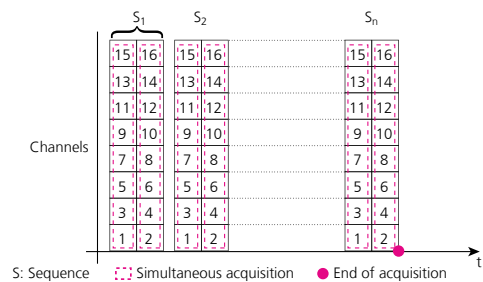
### Auto-refresh mode

In auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



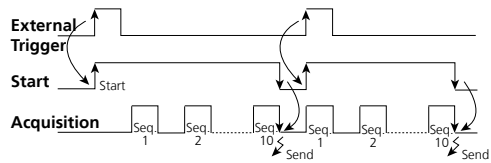
### Sequence mode

In sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.



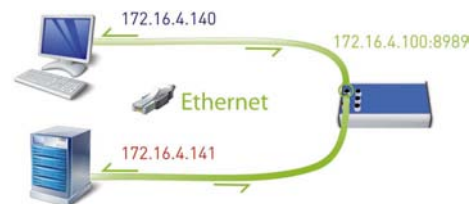
### Acquisition triggered through trigger or synchro input

**Example:** A measurement process is to be started through an external trigger impulse. For each trigger, 10 sequences are to be acquired. After the acquisition of the 10 sequences they are to be sent to the client.



### Reading data from a MSX-E system

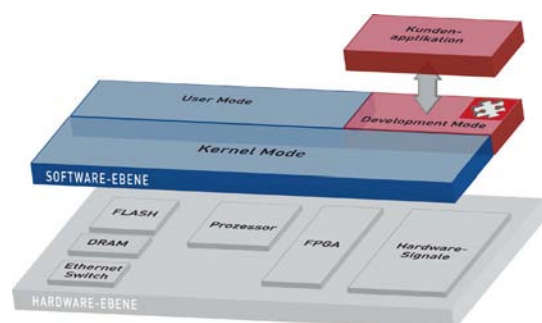
MSX-E systems are multi-client capable, this means several clients (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) can read the measurement values of one MSX-E system at the same time. For this, each client establishes a socket connection to the data server of the MSX-E system (port 8989). As soon as the measurement values are available on the data server, the MSX-E system transfers them to the clients.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



## ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions.

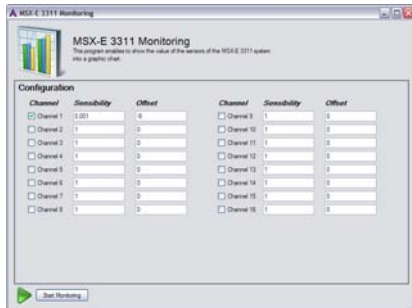
In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3311:

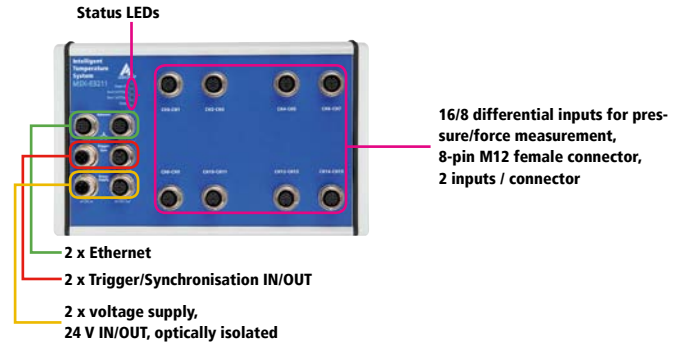
- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Monitor for Inputs for strain gauges

Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.

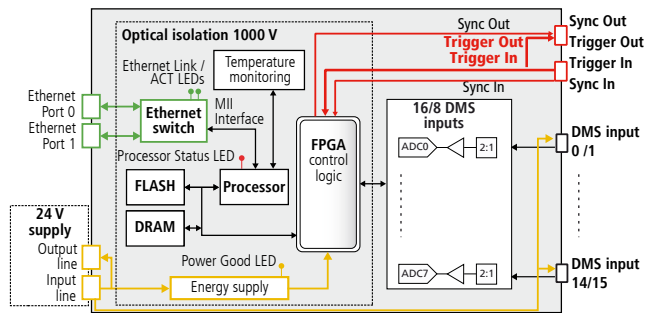


Example of monitor function for Inputs for strain gauges

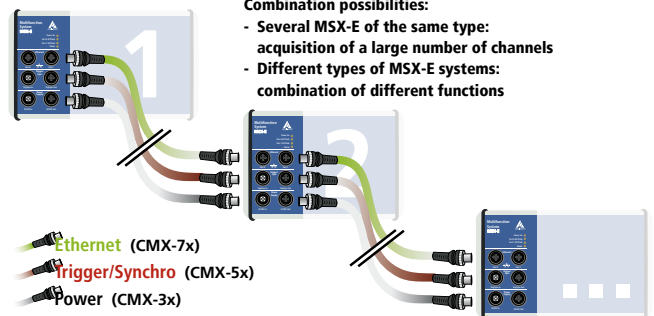
## Features



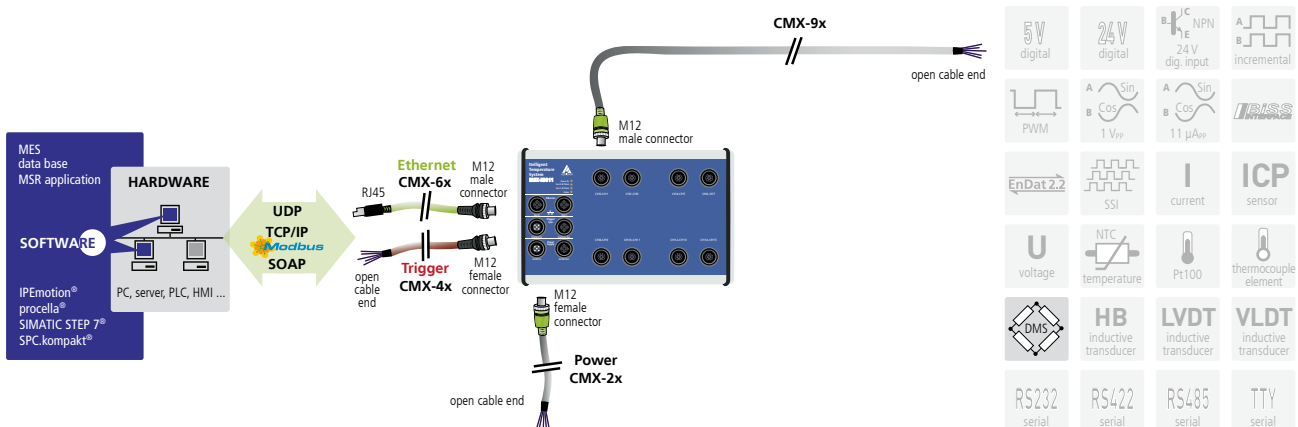
## Simplified block diagram



## Cascading



## ADDI-DATA connection technology





## Specifications

### Inputs for strain gauges

Number of inputs:	16 or 8 differential inputs for strain gauges 2 inputs per M12 connector		
Resolution:	24-bit		
Optical isolation:	1000 V		
Throughput per M12 connector:	max. 788 Hz for 1 channel, max. 528 Hz for 2 channels		
Voltage supply for the sensors:	10 V, 50 mA		
Voltage supply:	~10 V / optional 5 V (onboard calibration) 100 mA max.		
Real Sampling frequency:	on	on	Sampling frequency (software-configurable)
	1 channel	2 channels	
	2.37 Hz	1.585 Hz	5 Hz
	4.73 Hz	3.154 Hz	10 Hz
	9.37 Hz	6.243 Hz	20 Hz
	18.9 Hz	12.6 Hz	40 Hz
	37.35 Hz	24.89 Hz	80 Hz
	73 Hz	48.65 Hz	160 Hz
	145 Hz	96.8 Hz	320 Hz
	276.4 Hz	184.26 Hz	640 Hz
	407.83 Hz	271.96 Hz	1 kHz
	788 Hz	525.48 Hz	2 kHz

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions:	220 mm x 140 mm x 50 mm
Weight:	620 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption:	150 mA ± 10 % typ. in idle/power save mode
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to +85 °C
<b>Connectors for sensors</b>	
Analog inputs:	8 or 4 x 8-pin female connector, M12

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3311

Ethernet system for pressure/force measurement, 16/8 channels for strain gauges, 24-bit. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

### Versions

**MSX-E3311-16:** for 16 strain gauges

**MSX-E3311-8:** for 8 strain gauges

**Opt.MSX-E-5Vss:** Bridge supply voltage adjustment to 5 V (**optional**)

### Connection cables

#### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

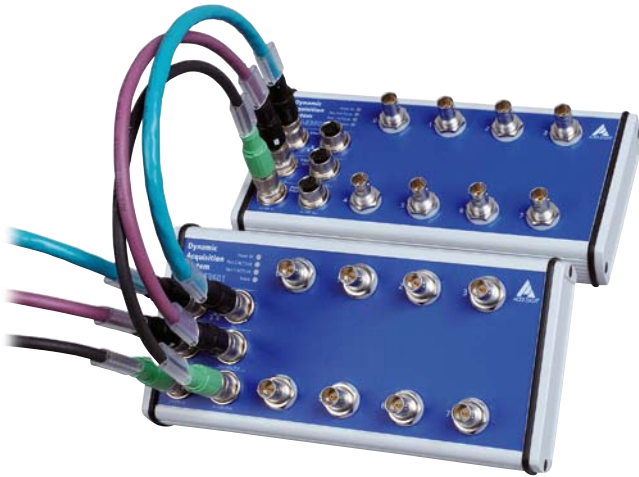
#### Options

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:** Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

**MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V  
**MX-Rail** (please specify when ordering!), **MX-Screw**, **PCMX-1x**

# Ethernet system for the acquisition of dynamic signals

## 8 or 2 SE/diff. inputs, 24-bit, simultaneous acquisition



### MSX-E3601 / MSX-E3601-2

8 or 2 SE/diff. inputs, 24-bit

Simultaneous acquisition

8 or 2 current sources for ICP® or IEPE sensors

Onboard calibration

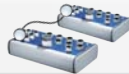
24 V digital trigger input



Integrated Ethernet switch



\*Operating temperature



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



on request



DatabaseConnect see page 114



More information on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM®9 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Analog inputs

- 8 or 2 SE or diff. inputs, 24-bit, AC/DC coupling
- One A/D converter per channel: simultaneous acquisition on all analog inputs
- Sampling rate up to 128 kHz
- Antialiasing filter
- BNC female connector:
  - inner conductor for positive input
  - outer conductor for negative input (diff) or GND (SE)
- Gain x1, x10, x100

### Current sources

- 8 or 2 current sources for the direct connection of ICP® sensors (integrated circuit piezoelectric) or IEPE sensors (integrated electronics piezoelectric)
- 4 mA typ., 24 V max.

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation
- Input filters
- Overvoltage protection  $\pm 40$  V
- Internal temperature monitoring

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

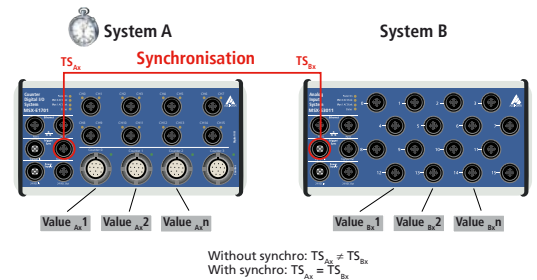
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)

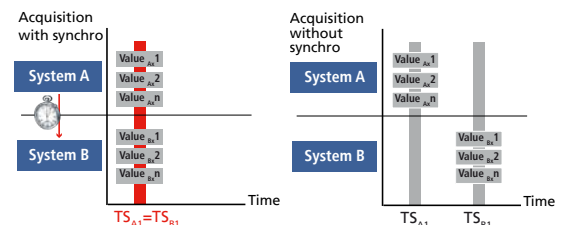
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.



### MSX-E3601-2

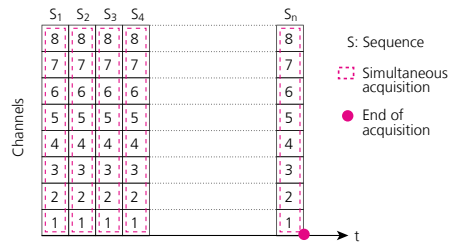




## Acquisition modes

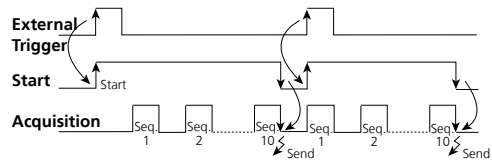
### Sequence mode

In sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.



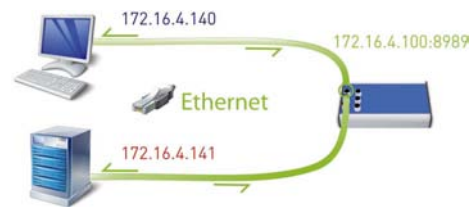
### Acquisition triggered through trigger or synchro input

**Example:** A measurement process is to be started through an external trigger impulse. For each trigger, 10 sequences are to be acquired. After the acquisition of the 10 sequences they are to be sent to the client.



### Reading data from a MSX-E system

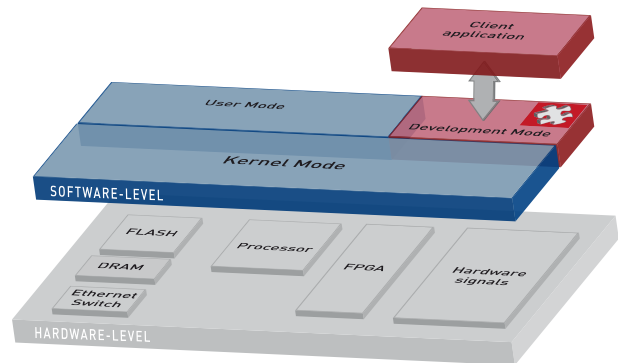
MSX-E systems are multi-client capable, this means several clients (e. g. PC, server, PLC, ...) can read the measurement values of one MSX-E system at the same time. For this, each client establishes a socket connection to the data server of the MSX-E system (port 8989). As soon as the measurement values are available on the data server, the MSX-E system transfers them to the clients.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.

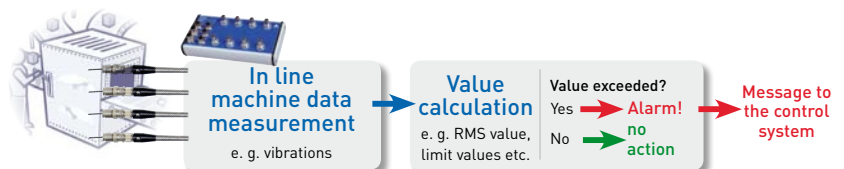


### Anti-aliasing filter

Low-pass filters are used before or during digitising in order to remove all frequency components which are higher than the Nyquist frequency. This is to make sure that the digitised value or result does not contain any unwanted frequencies (aliasing frequencies). According to the Nyquist criterion, in order to obtain the full signal information, the sampling rate must be at least 2 x the signal band width.

### Firmware and software adaptation

Because MSX-E systems are very flexible, the MSX-E3601 firmware can be easily extended. Thus, calculations such as RMS or limit values etc. can be integrated. Using the Development Mode, it is possible to create self-sufficient intelligent nodes.



### ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

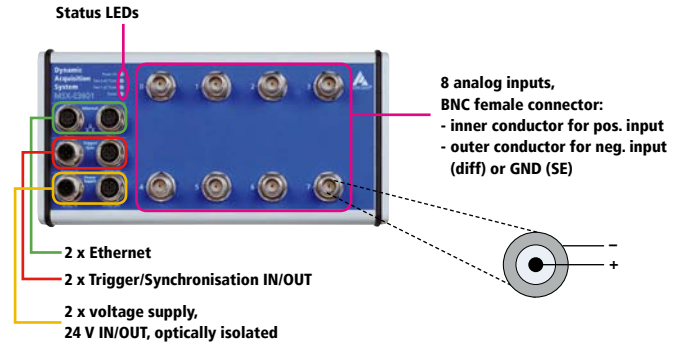
#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3601 / MSX-E3601-2:

- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration

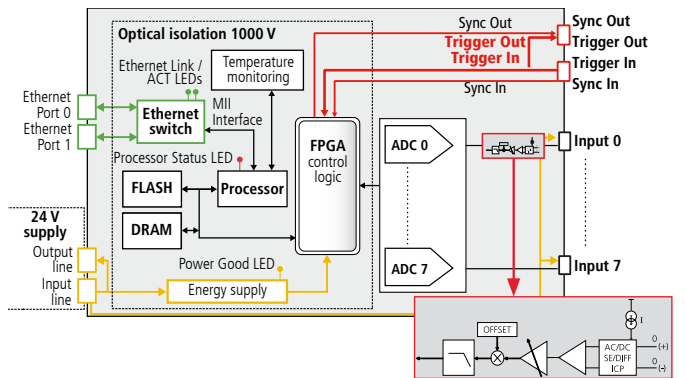
Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.



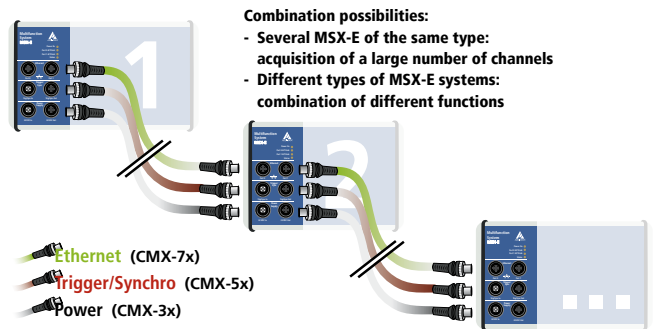
### Features



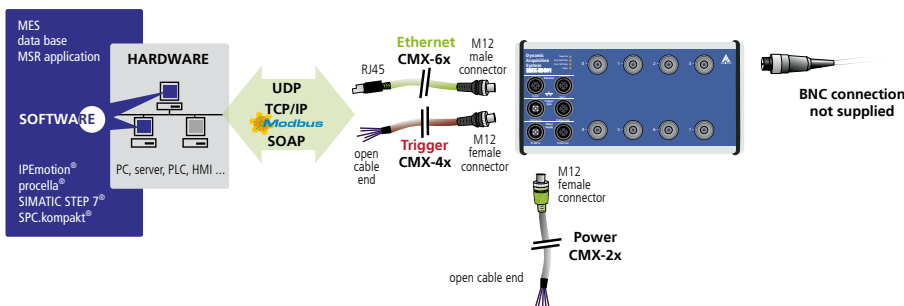
### Simplified block diagram



### Cascading



### ADDI-DATA connection technology



5V digital	24V digital	B <sup>+</sup> E NPN 24V dig. input	A B incremental
PWM	A Sin 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	B Cos 11 μA <sub>pp</sub>	IPSS
EnDat 2.2	SSI	I current	ICP sensor
U voltage	NTC temperature	Pt100	thermocouple element
DMS	HB inductive transducer	LVDT inductive transducer	VLDT inductive transducer
RS232 serial	RS422 serial	RS485 serial	TTY serial



## Specifications

### Analog inputs

Number of inputs:	<b>MSX-E3601:</b> 8, 1 AD converter per channel <b>MSX-E3601-2:</b> 2, simultaneous acquisition, 1 AD converter per channel
Coupling:	DC, AC (software-configurable)
Input type:	single-ended or differential (software-configurable)
<b>Input ranges</b>	<b>SE</b> <b>Diff.</b>
Gain x1:	± 10 V single-ended ± 5 V differential
Gain x10:	± 1 V single-ended ± 0.5 V differential
Gain x100:	± 0.1 V single-ended ± 0.05 V differential
ADC-Type:	Oversampled SAR with linear phase FIR antialiasing digital filter
Resolution:	24-bit
Sampling rate $f_s$ :	up to 128 kHz
Selectable frequencies $f_s$ :	128000.00 100000.00 80000.00 66666.67 64000.00 50000.00 40000.00 33333.33 32000.00 25000.00 20000.00 16666.67 16000.00 13333.33 12800.00 12500.00 10000.00 8000.00 6666.67 6400.00 6250.00 5000.00 4000.00 3333.33 3200.00 3125.00 2500.00 2000.00 1666.67 1600.00 1562.50 1280.00 1000.00
Oversampling:	8 x $f_s$
Frequency accuracy:	± 50 ppm
<b>Input stage characteristics</b>	
Input impedance:	1 M $\Omega$ // 300 pF typ., DC coupled
AC cutoff frequency (-3 dB):	0.48 Hz typ.
Overvoltage protection:	Positive input +27 V/-14 V, ± 100 mA Max. continuous current ± 14 V, ± 100 mA Max. continuous current Negative input
<b>Filter response</b>	
Passband:	DC up to 0.453 x $f_s$ typ.
Passband ripple:	+/-0.01 dB max. DC up to 0.453 x $f_s$
Bandwidth (-3 dB):	0.49 x $f_s$ typ.
Stop band:	0.547 x $f_s$ typ.
Stop band attenuation:	100 dB min.
Group delay:	37/ $f_s$ ( $\mu$ s) typ.
Settling time (latency):	74/ $f_s$ ( $\mu$ s) complete settling
<b>Dynamic characteristics</b>	
Signal-to-noise ration (SNR):	FSR, $f_{in}$ = 1 kHz ≥ 95 dB Gain x1 ≥ 94 dB Gain x10 ≥ 75 dB Gain x100
Total Harmonic Distortion (THD):	FSR, $f_{in}$ = 1 kHz ≥ 100 dB Gain x1 ≥ 100 dB Gain x10 ≥ 90 dB Gain x100
Dynamic range:	Shorted inputs ≥ 105 dB Gain x1 ≥ 100 dB Gain x10 ≥ 85 dB Gain x100

Crosstalk:	Between channels 0-1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7, with gain x1 ≥ 104 dB short input, $f_{in}$ = 100 Hz ≥ 100 dB short input, $f_{in}$ = 1 kHz ≥ 104 dB 50 $\Omega$ input, $f_{in}$ = 100 Hz ≥ 100 dB 50 $\Omega$ input, $f_{in}$ = 1 kHz
Phase mismatch:	Between channels 1-2, 3-4, 5-6, 7-8, with gain x1 ± 0.001° $f_{in}$ < 100 Hz ± 0.01° $f_{in}$ < 1 kHz ± 0.1° $f_{in}$ < 10 kHz
Amplitude accuracy:	± 0.009 dB max. at $f_{in}$ = 1 kHz sine signal, Gain x1, x10, x100
CMRR:	> 110 dB typ. at DC > 90 dB typ. at $f_{in}$ < 1000 Hz
Offset error:	± 90 $\mu$ V after calibration at 25 °C
<b>Onboard DC calibration:</b>	Software-configurable
Calibration voltage:	5 V typ. Gain x1 900 mV typ. Gain x10 90 mV typ. Gain x100
Temperature drift:	± 8 ppm/°C typ.
<b>Sensor supply voltage</b>	
Number of channels:	8 (MSXE-3601) or 2 (MSX-E3601-2) positive input
Current source:	4 mA typ. to 24 V max.
Coupling:	AC (positive input) GND (negative input)
<b>Recording duration:</b>	TBD max. at 128 kHz sampling rate on 8 channels

### Current sources

Number:	8 or 2 constant current sources for the supply of the ICP® or IEPE sensors, 4 mA typ., 24 V max.
---------	--

### Voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchro

The specifications for the voltage supply, Ethernet, Trigger, Synchronisation and Electromagnetic Compatibility apply to all MSX-E systems. See page 31.

### EMC – Electromagnetic compatibility

The product complies with the European EMC directive. The tests were carried out by a certified EMC laboratory in accordance with the norm from the EN 61326 series (IEC 61326). The limit values as set out by the European EMC directive for an industrial environment are complied with. The respective EMC test report is available on request.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions:	215 x 110 x 52 mm
Weight:	860 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Current consumption at 24 V:	350 mA typ.
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to +85 °C
<b>Connectors for sensors</b>	
for analog inputs:	8 x BNC female connector (MSX-E3601) 2 x BNC female connector (MSX-E3601-2)

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3601 / MSX-E3601-2

Ethernet system for the acquisition of dynamic signals, 8 or 2 SE/diff. inputs, 24-bit, simultaneous acquisition. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

### Versions

<b>MSX-E3601:</b>	8 SE/diff. inputs
<b>MSX-E3601-2:</b>	2 SE/diff. inputs

### Connection cables

#### Voltage supply

<b>CMX-2x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
<b>CMX-3x:</b>	For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

<b>CMX-4x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
<b>CMX-5x:</b>	For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

### Ethernet

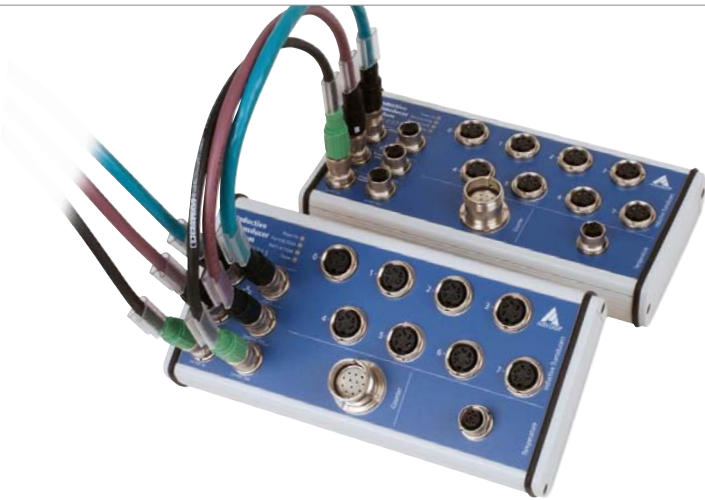
<b>CMX-6x:</b>	CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector
<b>CMX-7x:</b>	For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

### Options

<b>S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:</b>	Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs
<b>MSX-E 5V-Trigger:</b>	Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V
<b>MX-Clip, MX-Rail</b>	(please specify when ordering!),
<b>MX-Screw, PCMX-1x</b>	

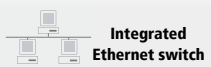


# Ethernet system for length measurement, 24-bit, simultaneous, 8 transducers, counter and temperature inputs



## MSX-E3711

- Simultaneous acquisition of up to 8 inductive displacement transducers
- For half-bridge, LVDT, Mahr or Knaebel transducers
- 1 incremental counter input (32-bit)
- 1 input for temperature measurement (Pt100) or for thermocouples (TC)
- 24 V digital trigger input



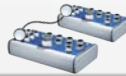
Integrated Ethernet switch



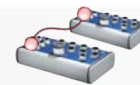
\*Operating temperature



ARM<sup>9</sup> Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



On request: Compare logic for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect see page 114



More information at [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

## Features

- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Transducer inputs

- 8 transducer inputs, 24-bit, 5-pin M18 female connector
- Half-bridge (HB), LVDT, Mahr-compatible, Knaebel
- Simultaneous acquisition
- Diagnostic option (short-circuit, line break)

### Counter input

- 1 x 32-bit incremental counter input, max. 5 MHz
- Voltage supply of sensors with M23 female connector (24 V or 5 V)
- Single, double, quadruple edge analysis
- Compare logic

### Temperature input

- 1 x RTD input, 16-bit, 5-pin M12 female connector
- +/- 0,01 °C resolution
- Thermocouple input, optional (MSX-E3711-TC)

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation
- Input filters
- Overvoltage protection  $\pm$  40 V
- Internal temperature monitoring

## Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

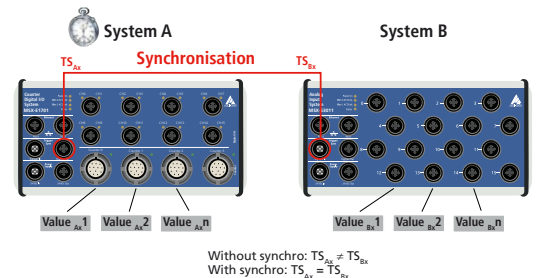
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

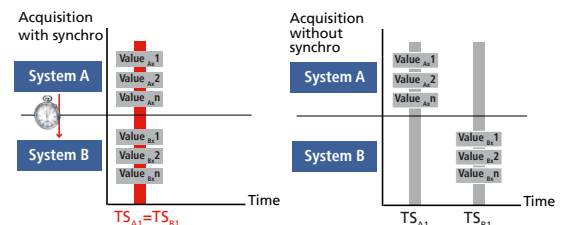
## Synchronisation/time stamp

### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.

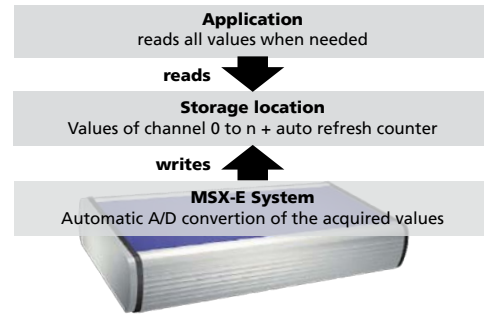




## Acquisition modes

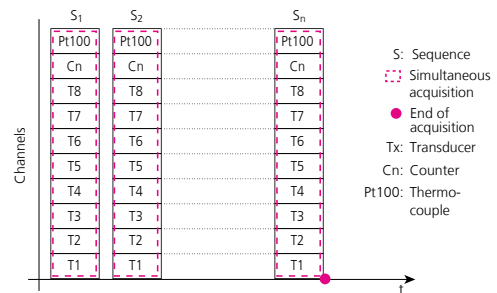
### Auto-refresh mode

In the auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



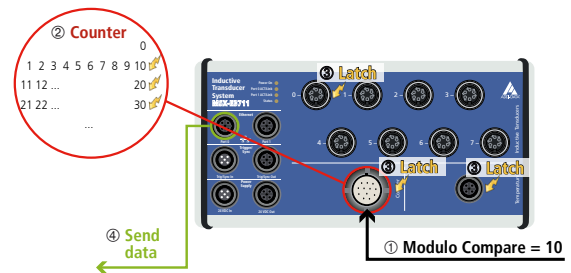
### Sequence mode

In the sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.



### Compare logic

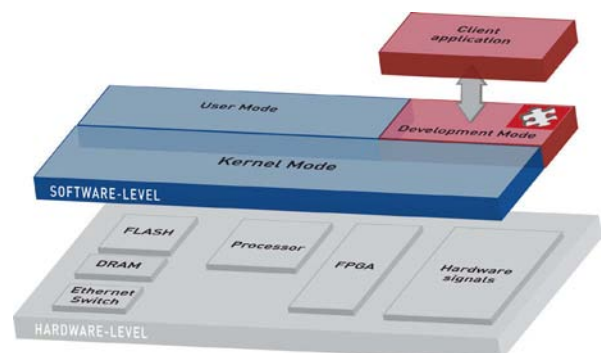
With the compare logic of the incremental counter, a synchro-trigger signal can be generated in order to latch the counter value, the transducers and the temperature input as soon as the counter value is equal to the compare value. Thus all the inputs of the MSX-E3711 system can be acquired simultaneously. With the additional „Modulo-Mode“ (Modulo Compare), a trigger can also be generated at the n value of the compare value. Thus it is possible, e. g. when using an encoder with 3,600 steps / revolution to obtain each degree of a measurement value (Modulo Compare = 10). The thus generated synchro-trigger can also be used for data acquisition on further MSX-E systems.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



### ConfigTools

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are recognised automatically in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions.

In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3711:

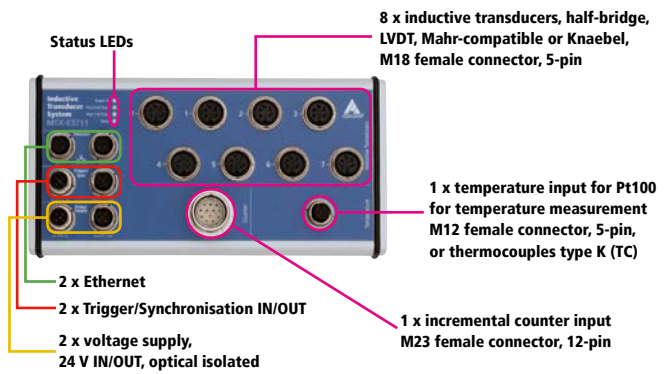
- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Calibration of transducers
- Data base of transducers
- Monitoring of transducers
- Diagnostics of transducers

Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.

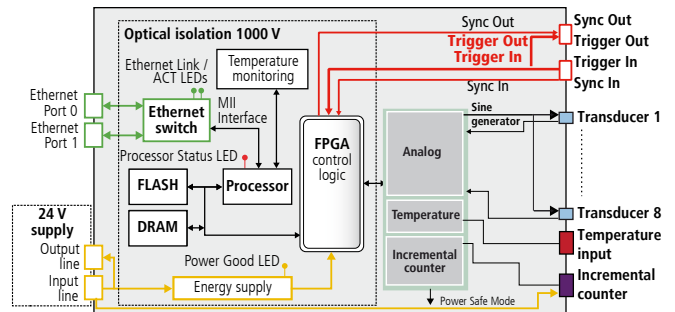


Monitor function example: Check of the analog inputs.

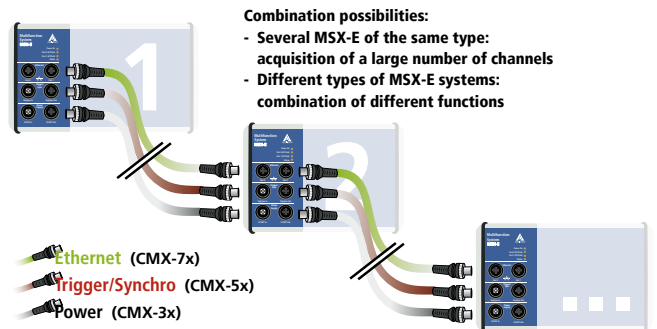
### Features



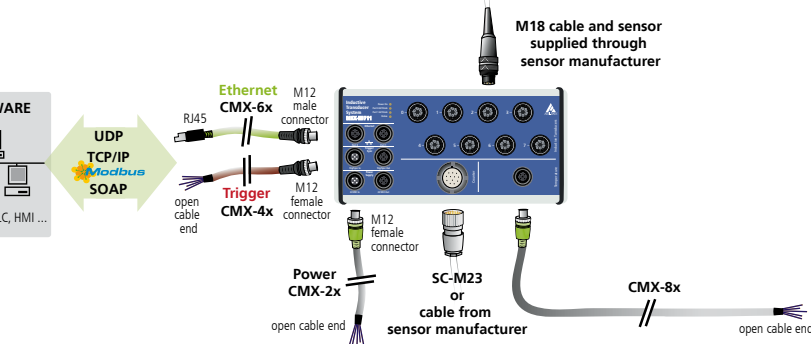
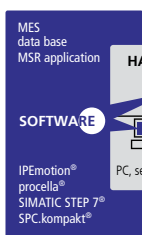
### Simplified block diagram



### Cascading



### ADDI-DATA connection technology



5V digital	24V digital	B <sup>+</sup> K <sup>+</sup> E <sup>-</sup> NPN 24 V dig. input	A B incremental
PWM	A Sin Cos 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	A Sin B Cos 11 μA <sub>typ</sub>	MSX
EnDat 2.2	SSI	I current	ICP sensor
U voltage	NTC temperature	Pt100	optional thermocouple element
DM5	HB inductive transducer	LVDT inductive transducer	VLDT inductive transducer
RS232 serial	RS422 serial	RS485 serial	TTY serial



## Specifications

### Connection of inductive transducers

#### Inputs for inductive transducers

Channel features:		
Number:	8 x ADC (not multiplexed)	
Input type:	Single-ended	
Coupling:	DC	
Resolution:	24-bit	
Sampling rate $f_s$ :	On 8 channels	At primary frequency $f_p$ of
		5 kHz
		7.69 kHz
	$f_s = f_p$	10 kHz
		12.5 kHz
		20 kHz
		50 kHz

Example with TESA GT21:  $f_s = f_p = 12.5$  kHz on all 8 channels

#### Input level

Input impedance:	2 k $\Omega$	software-programmable
	10 k $\Omega$	
	100 k $\Omega$	
	10 M $\Omega$	

Transducer accuracy:  $\pm 61$  nm (Tesa GT21)

#### Sensor supply (Sine generator)

Type:	Sine differential (180° phase-shift)	
Coupling:	AC	
Programmed signals:		
Output frequency $f_p$ (primary frequency)	2-20 kHz depending on the transducer (50 kHz Knaebel)	
Output impedance:	< 0.1 $\Omega$ typ. > 30 k $\Omega$ typ. in shutdown mode	
Short-circuit current:	0.7 A typ. at 25 °C with thermal protection	

### Counter

Number of counter inputs:	1
Input type:	Differential inputs or TTL
Differential inputs:	Comply with the EIA standards RS422A
Common mode range:	+12 V / - 7 V
Input sensitivity:	$\pm 200$ mV
Input hysteresis:	50 mV typ.
Input impedance:	12 k $\Omega$ min.
Max. input frequency:	5 MHz at nominal voltage
"Open Circuit Fail Safe	
Receiver Design"	"1" = inputs open
ESD protection:	Up to $\pm 15$ kV
Voltage supply of the encoder:	5 or 24 V/500 mA max.

#### 24 V version

This version is designed for the connection of 24 V encoders.  
Only 24 V signals can be connected to the inputs.

Nominal voltage:	24 V <sub>DC</sub>
Max. input frequency:	1 MHz at nominal voltage
Input impedance:	1 M $\Omega$ typ.
Logic input levels:	
UH (max.)	30 V typ.
UH (min)	18 V typical (on request)
UL (max.)	16 V typical (on request)
UL (min)	0 V typical

### Temperature measurement

Number of inputs:	1
Type:	RTD Pt100 or TC type K (optional)
Connection:	4-wire
Temperature range:	-200 to 850 °C
Resolution:	$\pm 0.01$ °C

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions (mm):	215 x 110 x 54
Weight:	760 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Operating temperature:	- 40 to + 85°C
Current consumption at 24 V:	400 mA
<b>Voltage Supply</b>	
24 VDC IN	1 x 5-pin M12 male connector
24 VDC OUT	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector
<b>Connectors for sensors</b>	
For inductive transducers:	8 x 5-pin M18 female connector
For temperature sensors:	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector
	1-, 2-, 4-wire Pt100
For the counter function:	1 x 12-pin M23 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3711

Ethernet system for length measurement, 24-bit, simultaneous, 8 transducers, counter and temperature input.  
Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

#### Versions

<b>MSX-E3711-HB:</b>	for 8 HB inductive transducers, 5 V counter input
<b>MSX-E3711-LVDT:</b>	for 8 LVDT inductive transducers, 5 V counter input
<b>MSX-E3711-M:</b>	for 8 Mahr-comp. transducers, 5 V counter input
<b>MSX-E3711-K:</b>	for 8 Knaebel transducers, 5 V counter input
<b>MSX-E3711-HB-24V:</b>	for 8 HB inductive transducers, 24 V counter input
<b>MSX-E3711-LVDT-24V:</b>	for 8 LVDT inductive transducers, 24 V counter input
<b>MSX-E3711-TC:</b>	Type K thermocouple in place of the Pt100 input, other types on request

#### Connection cables

##### Voltage supply

<b>CMX-2x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
<b>CMX-3x:</b>	For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

<b>CMX-4x:</b>	Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
<b>CMX-5x:</b>	For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Ethernet

<b>CMX-6x:</b>	CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector
<b>CMX-7x:</b>	For cascading: CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

#### Options

<b>S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:</b>	Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs
<b>MSX-E 5V-Trigger:</b>	Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V
<b>MX-Clip, MX-Rail</b>	(Please specify when ordering!), <b>MX-Screw, PCMX-1x</b>

# Ethernet system for length measurement, 24-bit 16/8/4 inductive transducers, LVDT, Half-Bridge, Mahr

**New!**  
32 digital I/O  
(Option)



MSX-E3701 / MSX-E3701-x /  
MSX-E3700

Acquisition of 4, 8 or 16 inductive transducers

For Half-Bridge, LVDT, Mahr or Knaebel  
transducers

Digital output 24 V with compare logic

24 V digital trigger input



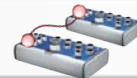
Integrated  
Ethernet  
switch



\*Operating temperature



Cascadable, can be  
synchronised  
in the µs range



Timer function for  
synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect  
see page 114



Q - D A S

procella®



More information on  
[www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

## Features

- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Inputs for transducers

- 4, 8 or 16 inputs for transducers, 24-bit, 5-pin M18 female connector
- Half-bridge (HB), LVDT, Mahr compatible, Knaebel
- Diagnostics (short-circuits, line break)
- 16-bit accuracy, example of a measurement:  
Typ TESA GT21, range ± 2 mm (Δ 4 mm),  
 $\frac{4 \text{ mm}}{2^{16}} = \pm 61 \text{ nm} = 0.061 \mu\text{m}$

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation
- Input filters
- Overvoltage protection ± 40 V
- Internal temperature monitoring

## Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

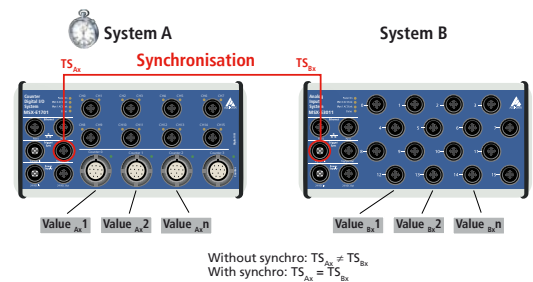
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

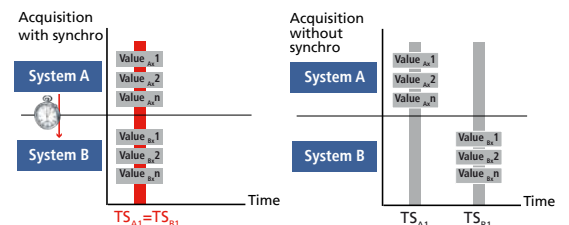
## Synchronisation/time stamp

### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the µs range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.

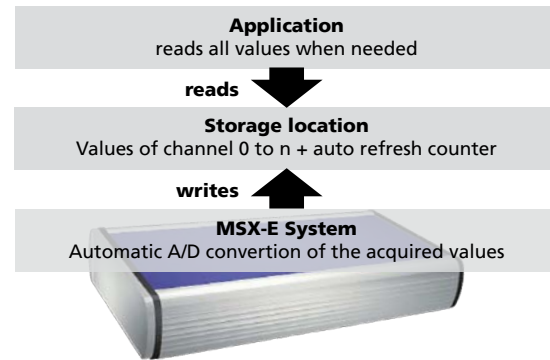




## Acquisition modes

### Auto-refresh mode

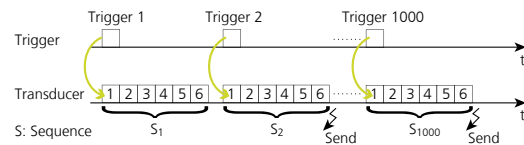
In the auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



### Sequence Mode

In the sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.

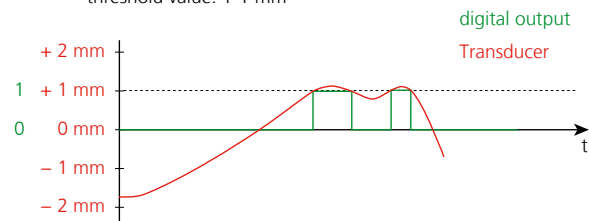
**Example:** Sequence acquisition of 6 channels, 1 Trigger for each sequence sending data after 2 sequences – a total of 1000 sequences



### Digital output with Compare logic

The MSX-3701-x-4 system can optionally be equipped with a digital 24 V output with Compare logic (OPT. MSX-E Dig. Out). This output can be set either manually or through a transducer. This allows easy threshold value monitoring, e.g. probing a workpiece and then automatically sending an message to a PLC.

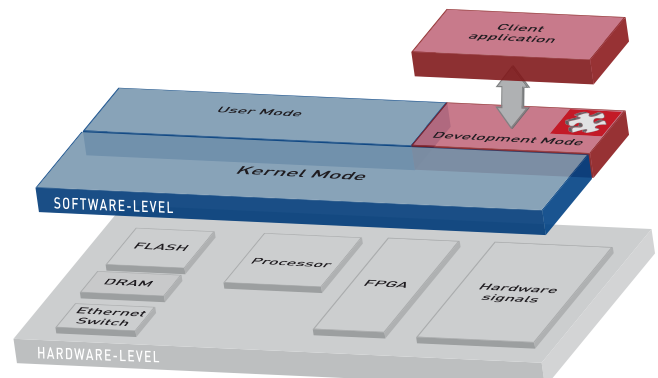
**Example:** Transducer channel 0, TESA GT21, range  $\pm 2$  mm, threshold value: + 1 mm



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



\* Preliminary product information

### ConfigTools

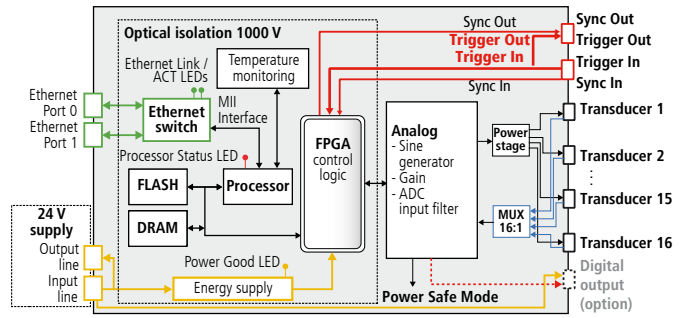
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**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

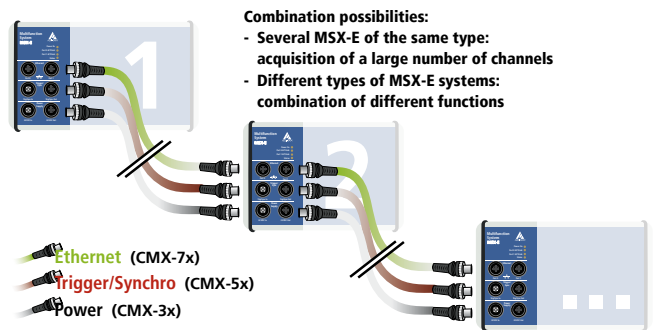
#### ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3701 / MSX-E3701-x / MSX-E3700:

- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Transducer calibration
- Transducer database
- Transducer monitoring
- Transducer diagnostics

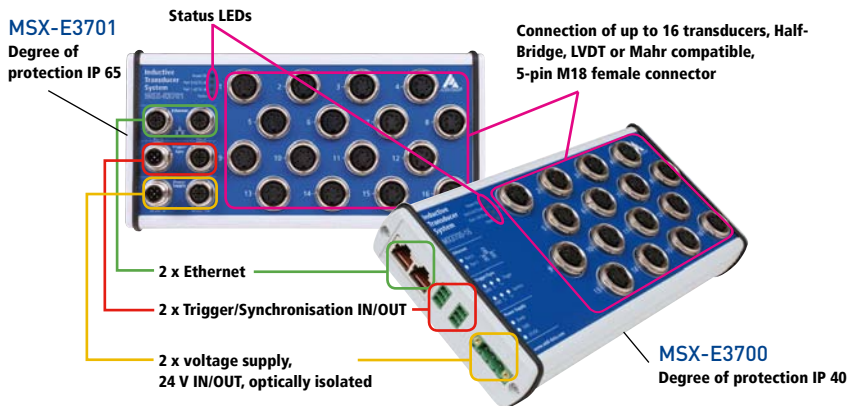
### Simplified block diagram



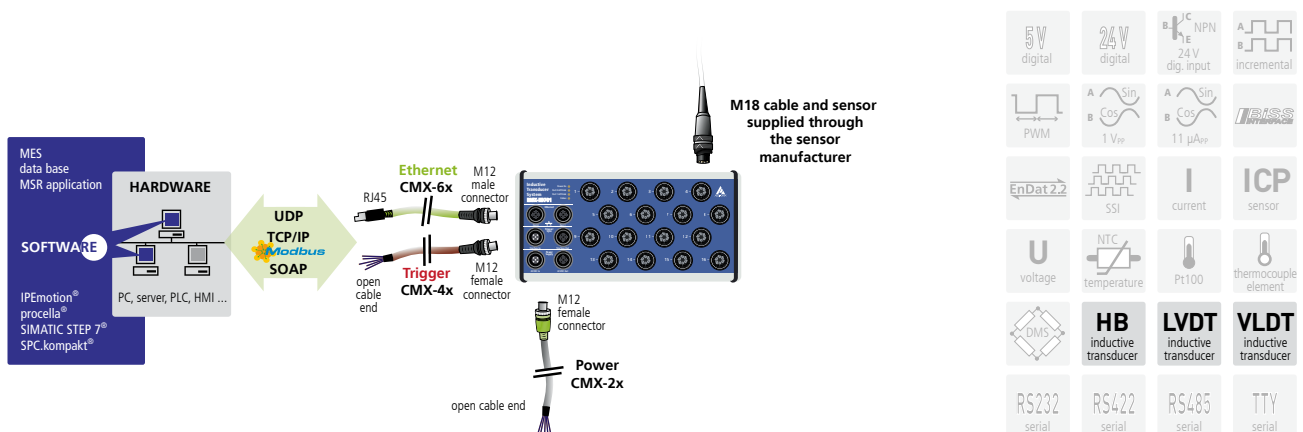
### Cascading



### Features



### ADDI-DATA connection technology





## Specifications

### Inputs for inductive transducers

#### Channel features

Number:	-4/-8/-16/	multiplexed
Input type:	single-ended	
Coupling:	DC	
Resolution:	24-bit	
Sampling frequency $f_s$ :	On 1 channel	At primary frequency $f_p$ of 5 kHz 7.69 kHz 10 kHz 12.5 kHz 20 kHz 50 kHz
	$f_s = f_p$	
	Ab $n \geq 2$ channels	$f_p =$ primary frequency SP . Settling period $5 \leq SP \leq 255$ $f_s = \frac{f_p}{SP \times n}$ $f_s$ concerns here all n channels

Example with TESA GT21:	On 1 channel	$f_s = f_p = 12.5$ kHz
	From $n \geq 2$ channels	$f_s = \frac{12.5 \text{ kHz}}{5 \times 4} = 625$ Hz for 4 channels $f_s = \frac{12.5 \text{ kHz}}{5 \times 8} = 312.5$ Hz for 8 channels $f_s = \frac{12.5 \text{ kHz}}{5 \times 16} = 156.25$ Hz for 16 channels

#### Input level

Input impedance:	2 k $\Omega$ software-programmable 10 k $\Omega$ 100 k $\Omega$ 10 M $\Omega$
------------------	--

#### Sensor supply (sine generator)

Type:	Sine differential (180° phase-shift)
Coupling:	AC
Programmed signals:	
output frequency $f_p$ (primary frequency)	2-20 kHz depending on the transducer (50 kHz Knaebel)
Output impedance:	< 0.1 $\Omega$ typ. > 30 k $\Omega$ typ. in shutdown mode
Short-circuit current:	0.7 A typ. at 25 °C with thermal protection

### Voltage supply

Nominal voltage:	24 V	===
Voltage supply:	18-30 V	
Optical isolation:	1000 V	
Current consumption at 24 V:	90 mA	typ. in power safe mode / idle
	120 mA	Power on
	150 mA	DAC init, sine on, Buffer off
	200 mA	typ. without load (transducers) at $\pm 9$ V power (Buffer on)
	320 mA	typ. with 16 Solartron AX15 transducers at $\pm 7$ V power, 5 kHz and 3 V <sub>rms</sub>
	330 mA	typ. with 8 Knaebel IET0200 transducers at 5 V power, 50 kHz and 1V <sub>rms</sub>

Reverse voltage protection

### Digital output (option for MSX-E3701-x-4)

Number of outputs:	1, M12 female connector
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Output type:	High Side, load to ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Nominal voltage:	24 V
Voltage supply:	18 V-30 V
Output current:	0.8 A
Short-circuit current / output:	0.8 A max.
RDS ON resistance:	1 m $\Omega$ max.
Switch-on time:	21 $\mu$ s typ. RL = 270 $\Omega$
Switch-off time:	11 $\mu$ s typ. RL = 270 $\Omega$
Overtemperature (shutdown):	150°C max. (output driver)
Temperature hysteresis:	10°C typ. (output driver)

### Ethernet

Number of ports:	2
Cable length:	150 m max. at CAT5E UTP
Bandwidth:	10 Mbps auto-negotiation 100 Mbps auto-negotiation
Protocol:	10Base-T IEEE802.3 compliant 100Base-TX IEEE802.3 compliant
Optical isolation:	1000 V
MAC address:	00:0F:6C:##:##:##, unique for each device

### Trigger

Number of inputs:	1 trigger input
Number of outputs:	1 trigger output
Filters/protective circuit:	Low-pass/transorb diode
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Nominal voltage:	24 V external
Input voltage:	0 to 30 V
Input current:	11 mA at 24 VDC, typical
Input frequency (max.):	2 MHz at 24 V

#### Connector, common with Synchro

Trigger input:	1 x 5-pin male connector M12
Trigger output:	1 x 5-pin female connector M12

### Synchro

Number of inputs:	1
Number of outputs:	1
Max. cable length:	20 m
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Signal type:	RS485

#### Connector, common with Trigger

Trigger input:	1 x 5-pin male connector M12
Trigger output:	1 x 5-pin female connector M12

### EMC – Electromagnetic compatibility

The product complies with the European EMC directive. The tests were carried out by a certified EMC laboratory in accordance with the norm from the EN 61326 series (IEC 61326). The limit values as set out by the European EMC directive for an industrial environment are complied with. The respective EMC test report is available on request.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3	
Dimensions:	MSX-E3700-16	215 x 110 x 39 mm
	MSX-E3700-4/8	154 x 110 x 39 mm
	MSX-E3701-16	215 x 110 x 50 mm
	MSX-E3701-4/8	154 x 110 x 50 mm
Weight:	MSX-E370x-16:	760 g
	MSX-E370x-8:	560 g
	MSX-E370x-4:	530 g
Degree of protection:	MSX-E3701-4/-8/-16:	IP 65
	MSX-E3700-4/-8/-16:	IP 40
Operating temperature:	MSX-E370x:	-40 °C to + 85°C

### MSX-E3701 interface connectors

Ethernet:	2 x 4-pin M12 female connector, D-coded for port 0 and port 1
Trigger/Synchro IN:	1 x 5-pin male connector M12
Trigger/Synchro OUT:	1 x 5-pin female connector M12

#### Voltage supply

24 VDC IN:	1 x 5-pin male connector M12
24 VDC OUT:	1 x 5-pin female connector M12

### MSX-E3700 interface connectors

Ethernet:	RJ45 for Port 0 and 1
External trigger:	1 x 3-pin binder, 3.81 mm grid
Synchro signal:	1x 3-pin binder, 3.81 mm grid

#### Voltage supply

24 VDC:	3-pin binder, 5.08 mm grid
---------	----------------------------

### Connectors for connecting inductive transducers

MSX-E370x-4:	4 x 5-pin M18 female connector
MSX-E370x-8:	8 x 5-pin M18 female connector
MSX-E370x-16:	16 x 5-pin M18 female connector



Versions	Temperature range	Number of transducers	Type of transducer	Digital output 24 V (option)	Degrees of protection
	- 40 °C to + 85 °C				
MSX-E3701-HB-16	✓	16	Half-Bridge	✓	<b>MSX-E3701: Degree of protection IP 65</b> Protection against a water jet directed at the housing from any direction. Protection against the penetration of dust. Total protection against contact (dust-proof).
MSX-E3701-HB-8		8			
MSX-E3701-HB-4		4			
MSX-E3701-LVDT-16	✓	16	LVDT	✓	
MSX-E3701-LVDT-8		8			
MSX-E3701-LVDT-4		4			
MSX-E3701-K-8	✓		Knaebel		
MSX-E3701-M-8	✓	8	Mahr compatible	✓	
MSX-E3701-M-4		4			
MSX-E3700-HB-16	✓	16	Half-Bridge		<b>MSX-E3700: Degree of protection IP 40</b> Protection against the penetration of foreign bodies with a diameter greater than 1 mm.
MSX-E3700-HB-8		8			
MSX-E3700-HB-4		4			
MSX-E3700-LVDT-16	✓	16	LVDT		
MSX-E3700-LVDT-8		8			
MSX-E3700-LVDT-4		4			



## Ordering information

### MSX-E3701 / MSX-E3701-x / MSX-E3700

Ethernet system for length measurement, 24-bit, 16/8/4 inductive displacement transducers, LVDT, half-bridge, Mahr-compatible, Knaebel. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

#### MSX-E3701: IP 65, standard system

- MSX-E3701-HB-16:** For 16 HB inductive displacement transducers
- MSX-E3701-LVDT-16:** For 16 LVDT inductive displacement transducers
- MSX-E3701-HB-8:** For 8 HB inductive displacement transducers
- MSX-E3701-K-8:** For 8 Knaebel induct. displacement transducers
- MSX-E3701-LVDT-8:** For 8 LVDT inductive displacement transducers
- MSX-E3701-HB-4:** For 4 HB inductive displacement transducers
- MSX-E3701-M-8:** for 8 Mahr-compatible displacement transducers
- MSX-E3701-LVDT-4:** For 4 LVDT inductive displacement transducers
- MSX-E3701-M-4:** for 4 Mahr-compatible displacement transducers

#### Options

- MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V
- Opt. MSX-E Dig. Out:** additional dig. output with compare logic for transducer 0 (only available for MSX-E3701-x-4)

### MSX-E3700 [degree of protection IP 40]

#### Incl. standard binders SMX-10 and SMX-20

- MSX-E3700-HB-16:** For 16 HB inductive transducers
- MSX-E3700-LVDT-16:** For 16 LVDT inductive transducers
- MSX-E3700-HB-8:** For 8 HB inductive transducers
- MSX-E3700-LVDT-8:** For 8 LVDT inductive transducers
- MSX-E3700-HB-4:** For 4 HB inductive transducers
- MSX-E3700-LVDT-4:** For 4 LVDT inductive transducers

#### Binders for MSX-E3700:

##### Power Supply

- SMX-10:** Standard 3-pin binder, 5.08 mm grid, screw connector (included in delivery)
- SMX-11:** 3-pin binder, 5.08 mm grid, 2-row screw connector
- SMX-12:** 3-pin binder, 5.08 mm grid, 2-row spring-cage connector

##### Trigger

- SMX-20:** Standard 3-pin binder, 5.08 mm grid

#### Options for MSX-E3701 and MSX-E3700

**S7 Modbus TCP Client Library for S7:** Easy use of the Ethernet systems MSX-E with PLCs

#### Connection cables

##### Voltage supply

- CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
- CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

##### Trigger/Synchro

- CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65
- CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

##### Ethernet

- CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector
- CMX-7x:** For cascading: CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector
- MSX-E 5V-Trigger:** Level change of the trigger inputs and outputs to 5 V
- MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (Please specify when ordering!), **MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**

# Applications

## Practical Examples



### Machinery

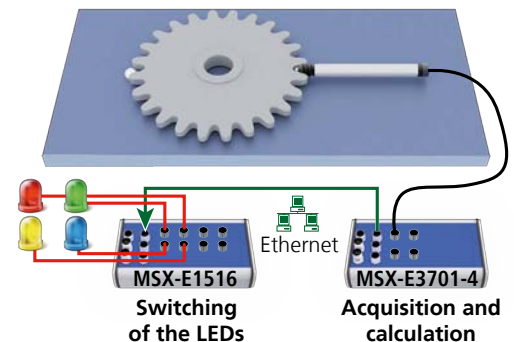
## Precise and error-free diameter detection of gear wheels

### Challenge

A manual test station shall be replaced by a modern and easy-to-use measuring system. The goal is to improve the accuracy of the measurement and to avoid errors which occur when measurement values are entered manually.

### Solution

The diameter between the gear teeth shall be measured. Therefore the gear wheel is put on a measurement table with a ball for stopping. On the opposite side, a spring-loaded ball and an inductive measurement sensor are installed. The diameter between the fixed ball and the sensor is detected by the Ethernet length measurement system MSX-E3701. Then the measured values are calculated through an integrated logic and classified in 4 predefined categories (tolerance range). The measurement result is displayed with an LED on the digital Ethernet system MSX-E1516.



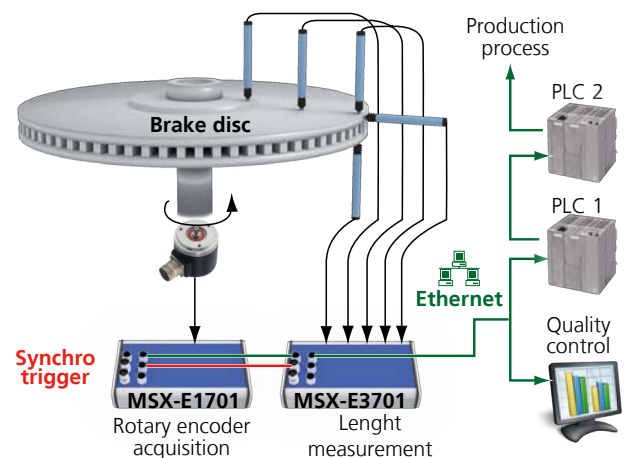
## Consistent data for parameter corrections and precise rework of brake discs

### Challenge

A manufacturer of car parts wants to test the surface of his produced brake discs as exactly as possible for roundness, radius and surface quality. In order to allow precise rework and corrections of the process parameters, the measurement device must be able to transfer a consistent data set of the position value and the measured value to the control unit.

### Solution

For this application, two intelligent Ethernet systems are used: The MSX-E1701 counter system for the position acquisition and the MSX-E3701 length measurement system for the detection of the measurement values through the connected displacement transducers. For each measurement point, the MSX-E1701 system triggers the MSX-E3701 system angle-dependently. For a precise matching of position and measurement values at each measurement point, both systems are synchronised and have a time stamp. The acquired data is then transferred through Ethernet to a PC or a PLC for evaluation and regulation purposes. Exceeded tolerance values are forwarded to the super-ordinate machine in order to adjust process parameters or to effect corrections on the measured brake disc.



# Ethernet system for length measurement, 24-bit 16 inductive transducers, LVDT, half-bridge



## MSX-E3701-DIO

Acquisition of 16 inductive transducers

For half-bridge and LVDT transducers

24 V digital trigger input

32 digital I/O, 24 V



Integrated Ethernet switch



\*Operating temperature



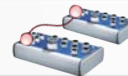
IP 65



ARM9 Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the µs range



Timer function for synchro trigger signal



on request



DatabaseConnect see page 114



More information [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

## Features

- ARM<sup>9</sup> 32-bit processor
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Inputs for transducers

- 16 inputs for transducers, 24-bit, 5-pin M18 female connector
- Half-bridge (HB), LVDT
- Diagnostics at short-circuits or line break
- 16-bit accuracy

### Transducer precision: example of a measurement

Typ TESA GT21, range  $\pm 2$  mm ( $\Delta 4$  mm), 16-bit accuracy

$$\frac{4 \text{ mm}}{2^{16}} = \pm 61 \text{ nm} = 0,061 \mu\text{m}$$

### Digital I/O

- 16 inputs for transducers, 24-bit, 5-pin M18 female connector
- 32 digital I/O, 24 V:
  - 16 opt. isolated inputs, 24 V, optional filter
  - 16 opt. isolated outputs, 11 V to 36 V, output current per channel 150 mA

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation • Input filters
- Overvoltage protection  $\pm 40$  V
- Internal temperature monitoring

## Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

### Communication interfaces

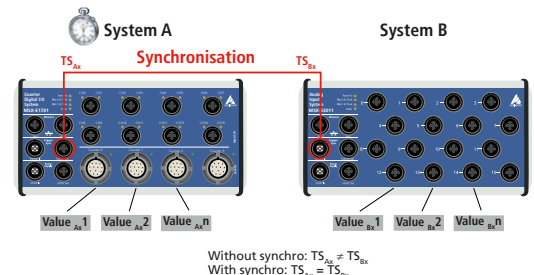
- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

\* Preliminary Product information

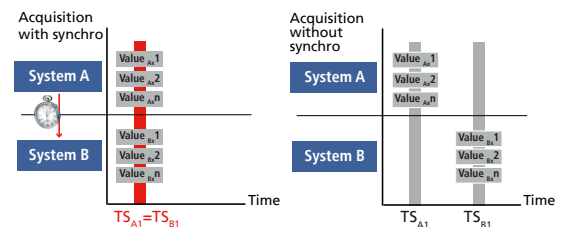
## Synchronisation/time stamp

### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the µs range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.

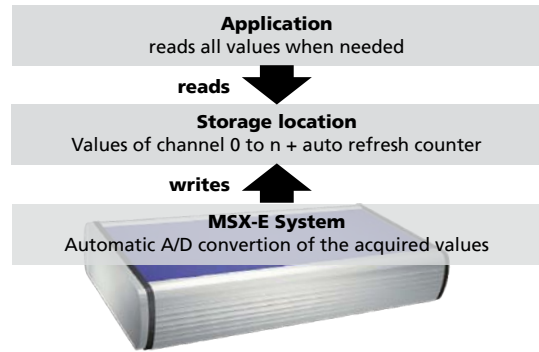




## Acquisition modes

### Auto-refresh mode

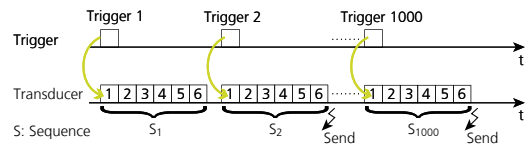
In the auto-refresh mode, the measurement values are updated automatically after each acquisition. The acquisition is initialised once and the values of the channels are stored in the memory of the MSX-E Ethernet system. The client (e.g. PC, server, PLC, ...) reads the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through socket connection, SOAP or Modbus function. Thereby, the new value is read and the old values are overwritten. In addition to the measurement values, the auto-refresh counter can also be read, which allows to sort the measurement values chronologically. The auto-refresh mode can be combined with a hardware or a synchro trigger and also allows the automatic averaging of values.



### Sequence Mode

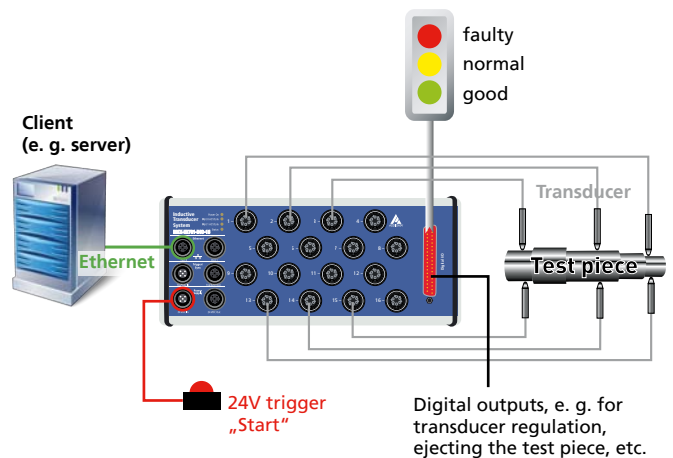
In the sequence mode, a list of channels is acquired. Thereby, the single measurement rows are stored one after another. The client receives the acquired values asynchronously to the acquisition through a socket connection. In the sequence mode, the measurement values are read in chronological order, this means the oldest values are read first. The acquisition can be effected continuously, with or without delay or in combination with a hardware or synchro trigger.

**Example:** Sequence acquisition of 6 channels, 1 trigger per sequence  
Send data after 2 sequences – 1000 sequences in total



### Digital I/O

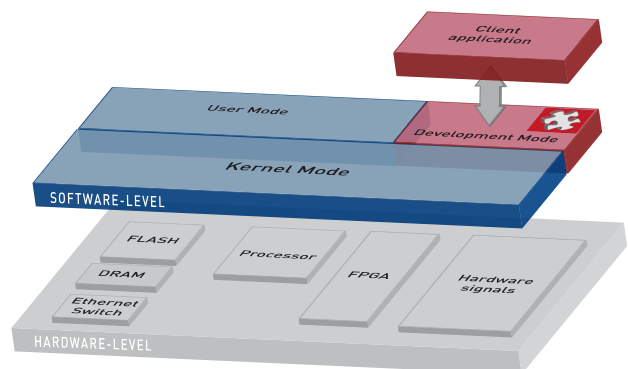
In addition to the transducer channels, the MSX-3701-DIO system has 32 digital 24 V I/O channels (16 inputs, 16 outputs). The system is therefore very flexible and can manage complete measurement and test applications. Example: Test bench for cylindrical parts, probing the workpieces, automatic regulation of the transducers and visualisation of the results via LED traffic light. The measurement data is at the same time stored in a database.



## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.



\*Preliminary product information

**ConfigTools**

The **ConfigTools** program allows an easy administration of the MSX-E systems. These are automatically detected in the network. **ConfigTools** consists of common and specific functions. In addition, with **ConfigTools**, the complete configuration of a MSX-E system can be saved and transferred to another system of the same type (clone function).

**ConfigTools** is included in the delivery.

**ConfigTools functions for MSX-E3701-DIO:**

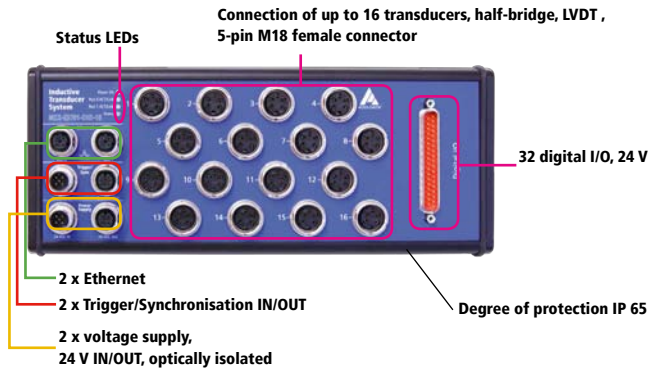
- Change of IP address
- Display of web interface
- Firmware update
- Save/load system configuration
- Save/load channel configuration
- Transducer calibration
- Transducer database
- Transducer monitoring
- Transducer diagnostics

Very easy use through the „ConfigTools“ program; The MSX-E system is automatically detected in the network.

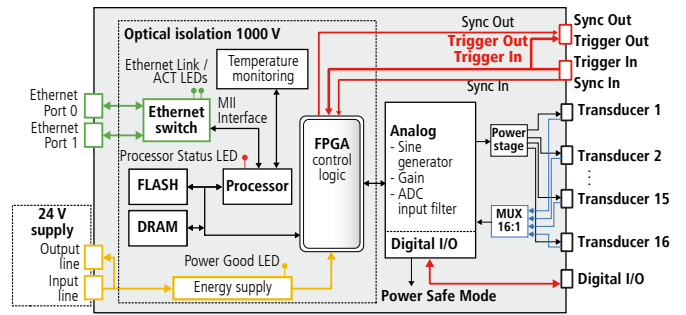


... and can then be calibrated.

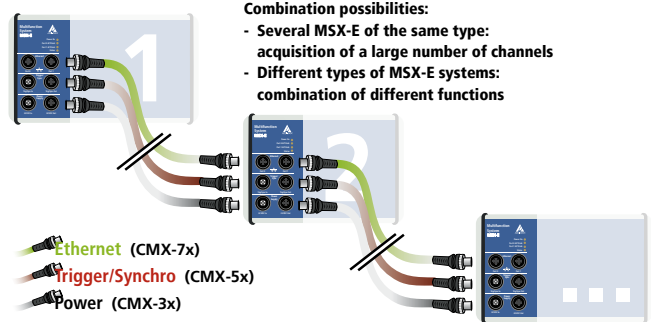
**Features**



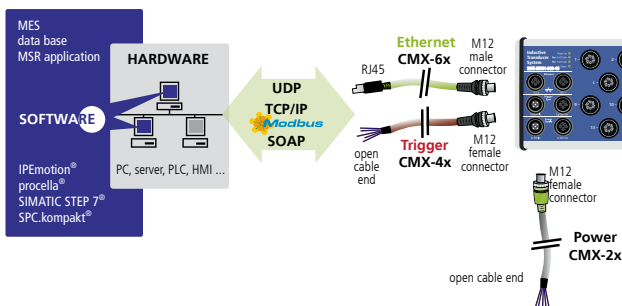
**Simplified block diagram**



**Cascading**



**ADDI-DATA connection technology**



M18 cable and sensor supplied through the sensor manufacturer

5V digital	24V digital	B <sub>K</sub> E NPN 24V dig. input	A B incremental
PWM	A Sin B Cos 1 V <sub>pp</sub>	11 μA <sub>typ</sub>	ICP sensor
EnDat 2.2	SSI	I current	ICP sensor
U voltage	NTC temperature	Pt100	thermocouple element
DMS	HB inductive transducer	LVDT inductive transducer	VLDT inductive transducer
RS232 serial	RS422 serial	RS485 serial	TTY serial

\* Preliminary product information



## Specifications\*

### Inputs for inductive transducers

#### Channel features

Number:	16 multiplexed	
Input type:	Single-Ended	
Coupling:	DC	
Resolution:	24-bit	
Sampling frequency $f_s$ :	on 1 channel	at primary frequency $f_p$ of
		5 kHz
		7.69 kHz
		10 kHz
		12.5 kHz
		20 kHz
		50 kHz
	From $n \geq 2$ channels	$f_s = \text{primary frequency}$
		SP = settling period ( $5 \leq SP \leq 255$ )
	$f_s = \frac{f_p}{SP \times n}$	$f_s$ concerns here all n channels

Example with TESA GT21:	On one channel	$f_s = f_p = 12.5$ kHz
	From $n \geq 2$ channels	$f_s = \frac{12.5 \text{ kHz}}{5 \times 4} = 625$ Hz for 4 channels
		$f_s = \frac{12.5 \text{ kHz}}{5 \times 8} = 312.5$ Hz for 8 channels
		$f_s = \frac{12.5 \text{ kHz}}{5 \times 16} = 156.25$ Hz for 16 channels

#### Input level

Input impedance:	2 k $\Omega$ software-configurable
	10 k $\Omega$ , 100 k $\Omega$ , 10 M $\Omega$

#### Sensor supply (sine generator)

Type:	Differential sine (180° phase shift)
Coupling:	AC
Programmed signals:	5 kHz; 7.69 kHz; 10 kHz; 12.5 kHz; 20 kHz, 50 kHz,
Output frequency $f_p$ :	depending on the transducer
Output impedance:	< 0,1 $\Omega$ typ.
	> 30 k $\Omega$ typ. in shutdown mode
Short-circuit current:	0.7 A typ. at 25°C with thermal protection

### Power Supply

Nominal voltage:	24 V	===
Voltage supply:	18-30 V	
Optical isolation:	1000 V	
Current consumption at 24 V:	90 mA	typ. in power safe mode / idle
	120 mA	Power on
	150 mA	DAC init, sinus on, buffer off
	200 mA	typ. without load (transducer) at $\pm 9$ V power (buffer on)
	320 mA	typ. with 16 Solartron AX15 transducers at $\pm 7$ V power, 5 kHz and 3 V <sub>rms</sub>

Reverse voltage protection

### Digital inputs

Number of inputs:	16, common ground acc. to IEC 1131-2	
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers	
Nominal voltage:	24 VDC	
Input voltage:	0 to 30 V	
Logic input levels:	UH (max) 30 V typ.	UH (min) 19 V typ.
	UL (max) 14 V typ.	UL (min) 0 V typ.

### Digital outputs

Number of outputs:	16
Optical isolation:	1000 V through opto-couplers
Output type:	High-side, load to ground acc. to IEC 1131-2
Nominal voltage:	24 V

Voltage supply:	11 V-36 V
Output current per channel:	150 mA max.
Diagnostics:	Common diagnostics bit for all 16 channels at overtemperature of one channel

### Ethernet

Number of ports:	2
Cable length:	150 m max. at CAT5E UTP
Bandwidth:	10 Mbps auto-negotiation
	100 Mbps auto-negotiation
Protocol:	10Base-T IEEE802.3 compliant
	100Base-TX IEEE802.3 compliant
Optical isolation:	1000 V
MAC address:	00:0F:6C:##:##:##, unique for each device

### Trigger

Number of inputs:	1 trigger input
Number of outputs:	1 trigger output
Filters/protective circuit:	Low-pass/transorb diode
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Nominal voltage:	24 V external
Input voltage:	0 to 30 V
Input current:	11 mA at 24 VDC, typical
Input frequency (max.):	2 MHz at 24 V

#### Connector, common with Synchro

Trigger input:	1 x 5-pin male connector M12
Trigger output:	1 x 5-pin female connector M12

### Synchro

Number of inputs:	1
Number of outputs:	1
Max. cable length:	20 m
Optical isolation:	1000 V
Signal type:	RS485

#### Connector, common with Trigger

Trigger input:	1 x 5-pin male connector M12
Trigger output:	1 x 5-pin female connector M12

### EMC – Electromagnetic compatibility

The product complies with the European EMC directive. The tests were carried out by a certified EMC laboratory in accordance with the norm from the EN 61326 series (IEC 61326). The limit values as set out by the European EMC directive for an industrial environment are complied with. The respective EMC test report is available on request.

### System features

Interface:	Ethernet acc. to specification IEEE802.3
Dimensions:	260 x 110 x 50 mm
Weight:	965 g
Degree of protection:	IP 65
Operating temperature:	-40 °C to + 85°C

### Interface connectors

Ethernet:	2 x 4-pin female connector, D-coded M12 for port 0 and port1
Trigger/Synchro input:	1 x 5-pin M12 male connector
Trigger/Synchro output:	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector
Voltage supply	
24 VDC input:	1 x 5-pin M12 male connector
24 VDC output:	1 x 5-pin M12 female connector

## Ordering information

### MSX-E3701-DIO

Ethernet system for length measurement, 24-bit, 16 inductive transducers, LVDT, half-bridge. Incl. technical description, software drivers and ConfigTools.

#### Versions

**MSX-E3701-DIO-HB-16:** for 16 HB inductive transducers

**MSX-E3701-DIO-LVDT-16:** for 16 LVDT inductive transducers

**Connection cables** for 32 dig. I/O, 24 V auf 37-pol. D-Sub-Connector

**ST010:** Standard round cable, shielded twisted pairs, 2m

**PX901-DG:** Screw terminal board with Schraubklemmen, LED Status display, for DIN rail

#### Voltage supply

**CMX-2x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-3x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Trigger/Synchro

**CMX-4x:** Shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/open end, IP 65

**CMX-5x:** For cascading, shielded cable, M12 5-pin female connector/male connector IP 65

#### Ethernet

**CMX-6x:** CAT5E cable, M12 D-coded male connector/RJ45 connector

**CMX-7x:** For cascading, CAT5E cable, 2 x M12 D-coded male connector

#### Options

**MX-Clip, MX-Rail** (please specify when ordering!),

**MX-Screw, PCMX-1x**

\*Preliminary product information

# Ethernet system for serial interfaces

## 4 ports for RS232, RS422, RS485 or 20 mA CL



### MSX-E7511

4 serial interfaces

RS232, RS422, RS485, 20 mA Current Loop

128-byte FIFO buffer for each port

16C950 compatible UART

Optical isolation

Onboard evaluation of user data



Integrated Ethernet switch



\*Operating temperature



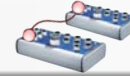
IP 65



ARM9 Technology



Cascadable, can be synchronised in the  $\mu$ s range



On request: Compare logic for synchro trigger signal



RoHS 2002/95/EC



on request



More information on [www.addi-data.com](http://www.addi-data.com)

### Features

- 24 V digital trigger input
- ARM9 32-bit processor
- 64 MB onboard SDRAM for storing data
- Robust standardized metal housing
- Power Save Mode: Reduced power consumption when no acquisition runs

### Safety features

- Status LEDs for fast error diagnostics
- Optical isolation • Input filters

### Serial interfaces

- 4 serial interfaces
- RS232, RS422, RS485 and TTY (20 mA Current Loop)
- The port modes can be mixed
- The channels are optically isolated from each other

### Interfaces

- Fast 24 V trigger input
- Ethernet switch with 2 ports
- Synchronisation/trigger In/Out
- Line in for 24 V supply and cascading

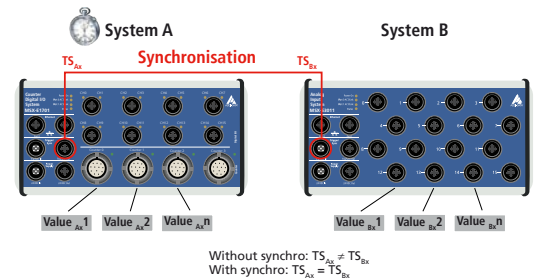
### Communication interfaces

- Web server (configuration and monitoring)
- Command server SOAP for transferring commands
- Data server (TCP/IP or UDP socket) for sending acquisition data
- Event server (TCP/IP socket) for sending system events (Diagnostics such as temperature, short-circuits ...)
- Command server Modbus TCP and Modbus (UDP) for sending commands

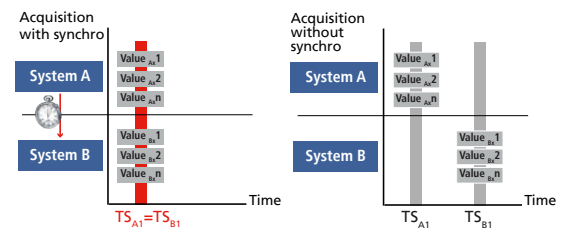
### Synchronisation/time stamp

#### Time stamp

Several MSX-E systems can be synchronised with one another in the  $\mu$ s range through a synchro connection. This allows to start a synchronous data acquisition, to generate trigger events and to synchronise the time on several MSX-E systems. Furthermore, the systems have a time stamp that logs the point in time at which the data was acquired by the system.



The combination of synchronisation and time stamp (TS) allows the clear allocation of signals that were captured by several systems.





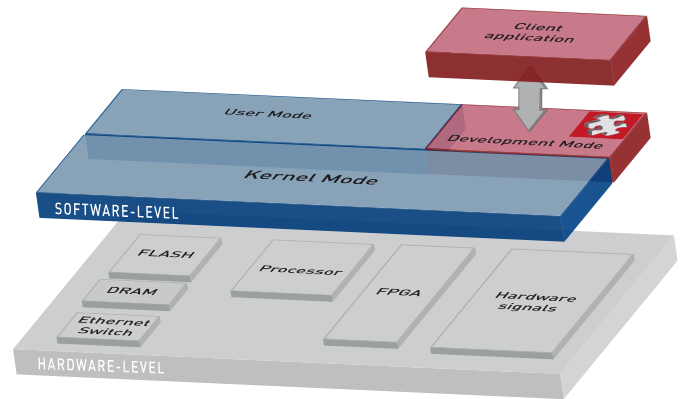
## Onboard programming / stand-alone operation

### Development mode

With the Development mode of the MSX-E systems you can customise your measurement, control and regulation applications to fit your requirements. The programs run directly on the MSX-E systems, which has two advantages: external PCs are relieved and you can process data freely according to your requirements. This helps you to improve the efficiency of your processes and to secure your investments.

### Flexibility through firmware and software adaptation

Thanks to the flexibility of the MSX-E product range, the MSX-E7511 system can be easily extended via firmware, e. g. to install additional protocols on the serial interfaces.



### Fields of application

The MSX-E7511 Ethernet system features 4 serial interfaces. Depending on the version, the interface standards are RS232, RS422, RS485 and TTY (20 mA Current Loop). Any application can be programmed either through a firmware adaptation or using the Development mode.

### Data collector

Via the RS485 interface, the Modbus RTU protocol can be used. For example, temperature sensors featuring an integrated Modbus RTU interface can be read and the complete protocol interpretation can be made on the MSX-E7511 system.

It is thus possible to filter the actual user data - in this case temperature data - and to transmit only this data or to store it in a database.

### Onboard calculation

As the system can be programmed, it is possible to effect calculations with the different ports.

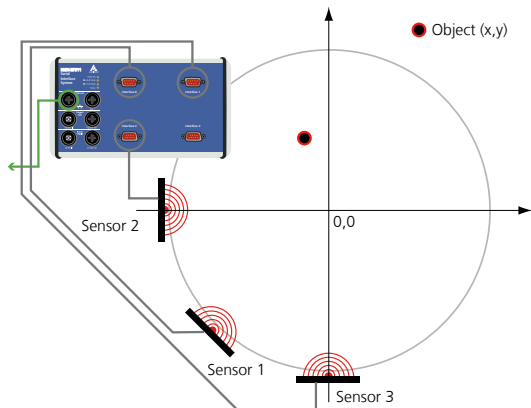
#### Example:

Using a radar sensor, the position of an object is to be displayed. The sensors indicate the distance via RS422.

Three sensors are used:

- Sensor 1 as a reference to control whether there is an object or not.
- Sensor 2 and 3 for establishing the position of the object.

On the MSX-E7511 system, the interface data is read and interpreted. The position of the object is obtained through calculation of the values of sensor 2 and 3 (e.g. as x/y value). Sensor 1 is used to validate the result. The MSX-E7511 system transmits then only the position data to the Client.



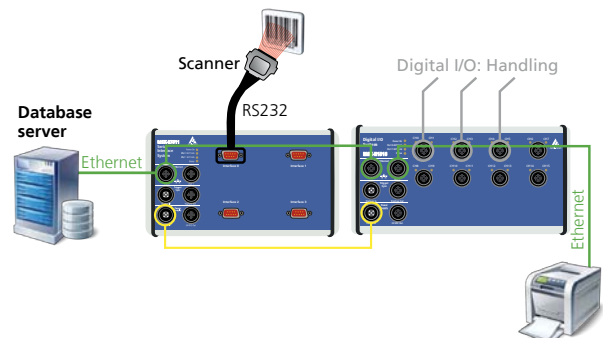
### Self-sufficient unit

Using further systems from the MSX-E product range, the MSX-E7511 system can also be used as a self-sufficient unit.

#### Example:

Components are acquired via a scanner (RS232). The MSX-E7511 system reads the barcode and sends the corresponding commands for the processing of the components to a MSX-E1516 Ethernet digital I/O system (handling) and a printer (marking).

There is thus no need for an additional PLC or PC.



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